THE HASTINGS CONSERVER.

VOLUME III.---NO. 26. HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1863. $2 00 PER YEAR.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1863.

Single copies of the CONSERVER may be obtained at this office, or at the Bookstore. Price Five Cents.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McILRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE,
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court.
GEORGE F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

Union County Ticket.

For Senator,
N. N. THOMPSON.

For Representatives,
P. VAN AUKEN.
S. C. HOWELL.

For Treasurer,
D. B. TRUAX.

For Sheriff,
H. J. TAYLOR.

For Judge of Probate,
I. M. RAY.

For Register of Deeds,
H. A. MONSER.

For District Attorney,
R. W. MONTGOMERY.

For Surveyor,
C. B. LOWELL.

For Coroner,
P. HARTSHORN.

For Commissioner—2d District,
HENRY SPRAGUE.

For Commissioner—3d District.
JOSIAH BURWELL.

The Difference.

The union men of this county believe that the only effective way to aid in putting down the slave-holder's rebellion is to support those who have the constitutional management of governmental affairs.

The democrats are for the government and against its officers. They are for putting down the rebellion, but opposed to those whose duty it is to give directions for putting it down. They want to see the rebels hurt, but refuse to furnish the means of hurting them. They want the Union restored as it was and the Constitution as it is, but have a stronger desire to see New England left out in the cold and the constitution amended to suit the slave-holder's. With whom will you keep company, fellow citizens?

Returned to the Mire.

The democratic press of this state have returned to their first love again, supporting heartily the copperhead state ticket, and are deeper in the mire than ever. The Mankato *Record*, though hesitatingly, Faribault *Statesman*, and *North-Western Democrat*, hoist the names at the head of their columns, showing by this that their late out-burst of feeling and zealous patriotism was a sham, and only a politic move to engage the votes of the people. But it won't win. The voters of the state are no to be humbugged in this way. They want honest, capable men to controll the state government, and they *know* they are to be found on the union ticket, and none other. Hence they will act and vote accordingly.

The State Fair.

From all accounts the state fair, though well attended by spectators, was not a complete success, and the exhibitions were much smaller than on previous years. Undoubtedly the drought, severely felt in this state, had much to do with it. But little interest seemed to have been felt in this county, and consequently was poorly represented. There was, however, some fine stock exhibited which bore off the palm. James Archer, of Hampton, received the premium for best stallion. The fine Cherokee colt of Isaac Heslet, of Empire City, secured the award for best three-year old. Moses Bixler, of West St. Paul, had some excellent young stock, but not in time to have it entered. Montgomery & Thompson took the second premium on fanning mills. They should undoubtedly have had the first, but were prevented by the evident partiality of the committee, which allowed one mill to clean for seed, the others for market.

Douglas' Grave.

In a retired corner of the beautiful, but now neglected, grounds called Cottage Grove, near the track of the Illinois Central Railroad and about three miles from the Union Depot,—fit resting-place from the exciting and tumultons life of a politician—lies the mortal remains of STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

During a recent visit in Chicago, in company with a friend, we paid the hallowed spot a visit. Taking the city cars at State Street we ride within a quarter of a mile, and thence by a well beaten path through the trees and shrubbery. The grave is inclosed in the form of a star, some twenty feet in diamether, by a brown picket fence, and the graveled walks inside are also in the same figure. The heaped up turf grows green over his head, the only mark of its character; no headstone or inscription being there, and the chance visitor might arrive and depart little aware that one of Illinois most most illustrious sons was taking his last sleep beneath the sod. The grass was closely shaven, and it and the flowers in bloom betokened constant care and attention. Affection's hand guards the spot with jealous watchfulness, sleepless and unremitting in its circumspection. How pleasant it must be to the freed spirit, if permitted to behold the scenes once visited while on earth, to see that it is not forgetten though months and years have elapsed.

Silently we mused over the spot. The noble acts of the last few days of his life came vividly before us, and we could but regret, as hundreds of others have done, that he was not spared to us a little longer. To his fervent zeal and patriotism Illinois owes, in a great measure, the high standing she has attained in the great struggle for national existence. And when the honored roll of patriots is called the name of Douglas will appear among the foremost While living he was proud of the soil of his adopted state, and in death was not separated from her. Peace to his ashes.

Another Editor Gone.

By the following notice from the Polk County *Press*, it will be seen that another member of the fraternity has taken to himself a rib:

MARRIED.—On Sunday, Sept. 20th, at the residence of S. S. Fifield esq., at Prescott, by Rev. J. W. Miller, Mr. Sam. S. Fifield, jr., of Osceola Mills, to Miss Stella A. Grimes, of Taylor Falls.

Thus they go. Joe, Hod, Steve, Charley, Lute, and now Sam; and we "alone have escaped to tell the tale." We look mournfully at our single bed, at the pile of buttonless and woe-begone linen in our drawer, and think of what *might* have been. But all to no purpose.

We wish the happy pair all sorts of success, and may they realize that—

"Though fools spurn Hymen's gentle powers
We, who improve the golden hours,
By sweet experience know
That marriage, rightly understood,
Gives to the tender and the good
A paradise below."

Some newspaper relates that a little incident (weighing eight pounds) safely transpired in a carriage in New Haven, Conn., last week. The lady was on her way to a hotel, and was much surprised—so was the hackman. Wonder if he collected double fare?

An exchange says the latest style of hoop skirts is the self-adjusting, double-back-action, bustle etruscan, face expansion, Piccolomini attachment, gossamer-indistructible, prolocticomorama. It is a very sweet thing.

One of the best specimens of poster printing which we have seen this fall is the mammoth sheet issued for the state fair and printed at the *Atlas* office, Minneapolis. King has an excellent office, and printers to match.

AN INCIDENT.—To give you the "Southern fireside" idea of a Yankee, I relate the following as occurring while we were at Liberty. A little boy of about six years came up to Capt. Holbrook, of the 72 regiment, with mouth and ears wide open, and says: "Why, you alls are like we alls." "Certainly," said the captain, "what did you think we were like?" "Why, I thought you had tails," was the reply.

The young ladies of a town in Pennsylvania are said to be keeping a list of the single drafted men, and noting down the reports of the examining board, with a view to select sound husbands. That's hard on the boys.

MONETARY QUOTATIONS OF FOLLETT & RENICK.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Bankable Funds.

New England,	Bank State of Indiana.
New York.	Iowa,
New Jersey,	Michigan,
Ohio,	U. S Demand Notes.
Canada.	Wisconsin,
Philadelphia,	Bank of Minnesota,
Marine Bank, Minn.,	Winona Co. Bank,
Bank of Chatfield,	State Bank of Miun.,
Peoples' Bank,	Pittsburg.

Exchange.

FOR BANKABLE FUNDS.

	Buying.	Selling.
New York, Philadelphia, Boston,	¼ premi.	½ prem:
Chicago and Milwaukee,	par.	¼ prem.

PREMIUM FUNDS.

Gold,	30	40
Silver (large),	20	25
U. S. Demand Notes,	30	35
Canada,	25	35

RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY G. F. BATCHELDER.

HASTINGS, Oct 6, 1863.

FLOUR, per sack,	$2 50
WHEAT, per bushel,	65a70
CORN, do	40a45
OATS, do	40
POTATOES, do	50
BEANS, do	1 50
ONIONS, do	2 00
CRANBERRIES,	2 00
HAY, per ton,	6 00a8 00
WOOD, per cord,	3 00a4 00
SALT, per bbl	5 75
EGGS, per doz	12
BUTTER, per lb,	10a15
CHEESE, per lb	8a10
PORK, per cwt.	3a4
BEEF, per cwt.	3 00
HAMS, per cwt,	8a9
SHOULDERS, per cwt,	5a6
DRIED APPLES,	12
DRIED PEACHES,	15a25
SUGARS, per lb	12a18
MOLASSES, per gal.	70a1 00
COFFEE, Java,	40
do Rio,	35

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOOD NEWS TO THE INHABITANTS of Dakota and surrounding counties.

New Store in Hastings!

(Opposite the Tremont House.)

"This is the store ye long have sought,
And mourned because ye found it not."

JOHN H. MUES

Is now opening his large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting in part as follows:

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Yankee Notions, Etc., Etc.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as all the goods have been bought before the late advance, and I am willing to sell my articles for a very small profit. I would invite all to examine goods and prices. Remember

MUES' Cheap Cash Store.
Hastings, Sept. 29, 1863. 25-tf

THE GREAT
American Tea Company,
51 Vesey Street, New York,

since its organization has created a new era in the history of wholesaling teas in this country. They have introduced their selections of teas, and are selling them at not over

Two Cents (.02 *Cents*) *per Pound above Cost,*

never deviating from the one price asked. Another peculiarity of the company is that their tea taster not only devotes his time to the selection of their teas as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country, but he helps the tea buyer to chose out of their enormous stock such teas as are best adapted to his particular wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable advantage a tea buyer has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of tea or the market—if his time is valuable—he has all the benefits of a well organized system of doing business, of an immense capital, of the judgment of a professional tea taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen. This enables all tea buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York merchants.

Parties can order teas and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weight and tares; and the teas are warranted as represented. We issue a price list of the company's teas, which will be sent to all who order it, comprising

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder, Twankay and Skin, Oolong, Souchong, Orange, and Hyson Pekoe.

Japan Tea of every description, colored and uncolored. This list has each kind of tea divided into four classes, namely: Cargo, high Cargo, Fine, Finest, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the company are determined to undersell the whole tea trade.

We guarantee to sell all our teas at not over *Two Cents* per pound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers,
26-3m 51 Vesey Street, New York.

RICH PRAIRIE LAND FOR SALE,
In Castle Rock and Eureka Townships.

NE qr sec 4, town 113, range 19 (Castle Rock). SW qr sec 12, town 113, range 20 (Eureka). These two are regarded as the garden townships of Dakota County. The soil is a black loam, of the finest quality. The land lies near the track of the Cedar Valley Railroad, now being rapidly constructed, and in the midst of splendid farms. Many of these farms produced 25 bushels of wheat per acre the present season, with not sufficient rain from seed-time to harvest to wet a man's shirt. This last statement is on the authority of the Right Reverend Bishop Willouby, of that vicinity. HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, Sept. 15, 1863. 23-1w*

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Haine's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Scythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.
Hastings, May 14, 1863, 5-tf

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feet confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.

CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.
Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

W. P. STANLEY,
DEALER IN
Books and Stationery,

Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fixtures, Gord, and Tassels: buff and green Holland, oil green cloth for shades; Photographs of our generals and other distinguished individuals and albums to put them in; Yankee Notions, all the leading Magazines and Newspapers, Eastern and Western, St. Paul Dailies; agent for Prince & Sons Melodeons. 41-tf

FRED. D. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES
CURTISS & COWLES,
DEALERS IN
Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc., Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 19, 1863. 45-tf

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.
Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

WANTED.

Two Marble Workers, immediately. Apply at the Winona Marble Works, or at this office.
Hastings, Aug. 18, 1863. 19-tf

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

P. O. Notice.--Summer Arrangement.

Mail going East closes at 11 o'clock, A. M.
Way mail down closes at 8 o'clock, P. M.
Mail for St. Paul closes on the arrival of the boat from below in the afternoon.
Faribault mail leaves at 6 o'clock A. M., closes at 9 o'clock P. M.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
WM. H. SKINNER, Post-Master.

NOTICE.—The Young Peoples' prayer meeting will be held at the University next Sunday, at 3½ P. M. Do not forget it; turn out, one and all.

LADIES, call at MUES', on Second Street, and see the elenand assortment of goeds he offers for sale. They are excellent articles, and for sale at very low figures.

OVERCOATS.—Call at PRATT'S and examine his large stock of overcoats and see if you can't find one to suit. If not, leave your order and he will make one that will. No discount on that.

POLITICAL SPEAKING.—A union meeting will be held at this place on the 15th inst., which will be addressed by Senator M. S. WILKINSON, Col. STEPHEN MILLER, and Hon. I. DONNELLY. Let every body attend.

ENGRAVING.—Leave your orders at ANDREWS, the best engraver in the North-West, and you will have your work well executed and at reasonable rates. Call in and see specimens. Shop on Second Street, next to New England House.

RESOLUTION.—At a close of the Minnesota Synod at Hastings, the following resolution was adopted.

Resolved, That the thanks of this synod are hereby expressed to the citizens of Hastings for the kind entertainment given to the members of synod during its session. C. S. LEDUC,
Stated Clerk.

THE FAIR.—The Annual Fair of the Dakota County Agricultural Society will be held at Hampton on Thursday, Oct. 8th. We hope that all who can will attend, not only themselves, but bring abundantly of their productions, and make it what it should be, the best ever held in the county.

IMPORTANT.—All school districts which fail to report the number of children within their precincts to the county auditor on or before the 15th of this month will forfeit their share of the public money for the year. This is an important matter, and should be promptly attended to.

STILL ONWARD.—Notwithstanding the hard times and high prices, the sale of the Chemical Saleratus is still on the increase. People will use it, and every successful house wife tells her neighbor, and when her neighbor tries it she tells another, and thus its fame spreads until it is hard to tell where it will stop.

NEW GOODS.—Still they come. Our store-houses are being filled, and boxes and bales for Hastings may be found at all points between here and New York, awaiting the slow progress up the river and over the sand-bars. Our merchants have made preparations for an immense fall and winter trade, which is opening finely.

ORDINATION.—On Sunday, the 27th ult., at the Episcopal Chapel in Faribault, the Right Reverend H. B. WHIPPLE admitted to the holy order of Deacons, Mr. GEORGE B. WHIPPLE, of Faribault, and Mr. S. S. BURLESON, of Red Wing. In the evening, besides infant and adult baptisms, ten persons were confirmed.

APOLOGETIC.—We deem an explanation due our readers for the neglected state of our columns for the last few issues. Absence from home and an extraordinary rush of job work has prevented our giving that attention to the paper which we hope to do hereafter. We also present several interesting articles which have been necessarily delayed.

UP TO TIME.—BATCHELDER, after arriving home with his new goods, promptly called around to let the people know what he he had been getting. Read over his advertisement carefully, and then call around and see if it is not all true, and *more too.* Mr. Batchelder has gained an enviable reputation since his opening here, and deservingly ranks among the first of our merchants.

ALBUMS.—STANLEY, on Ramsey Street, has just received a large and choice assortment of photo and auto photographic albums bound in cloth, roan, morocco, turkey, gutta percha, and other styles, of all sizes, and at prices ranging from 50c. to $30. Also a large lot of cartes de visite of destinguished persons and places. Give him a call and examine for yourself.

A GOOD TIMEKEEPER.—The Seth Thomas Clocks for sale at MACOMBER'S are not excelled by any in the world for cheapness or reliability, and are warranted by him to give entire satisfaction or the money refunded. He has them in all styles of cases, and of various sizes, from $2 75 upwards. Call and see them. And while you are there, of course you will not fail to observe the many nice things which are to be seen in his cases.

ATTENTION.—We are requested to inform the person who was seen to confiscate a pair of boots from a wagon near the Methodist Church on Thursday night that if he will leave them in the hall leading to this office any time between now and the night of Oct. 15th, apply to the proper authorities in the right manner, he can receive full pardon for the offense. If he does not see fit to do this, he will have the chance offered him to do worse.

THE CONFERENCE.—The eighth annual session of the Minnesota Conference of the M. E. Church was brought to a close on Saturday. The proceedings may be found elsewhere, which we publish to the exclusion of much other matter. There were various objects of interest connected with the session which we would have liked to publish did our space permit. The educational meeting on Thursday evening, the Sunday School anniversary on Friday evening, and the missionary meeting on Saturday evening, reports of which we had taken, are crowded out. On Sunday the preachers were divided off, supplying the pulpits of various churches in town and at Teutonia Hall, as well as at Prescott and Spring Lake. The Bishop was prevented from preaching by indisposition. Seven were admitted to deacon's orders in the morning: D. B. Gleason, W. Schriener, H. Brocher, C. Thalenhorst, John Haas, W. H. Soule, and S. T. Richardson. In the afternoon the following were ordained elders: N. S. Ohlstrom, T. McClary, Jesse Smith, W. C. Shaw, A. H. Abbott, C. F. Lindguist, and T. P. Morse.

The following are the list of the appointments for the ensuing year, as read by the Bishop:

MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT, J. F. Chaffee P. E.
Minneapolis, D. Cobb.
Minneapolis Circuit, T. N. Berlin.
Eden Prairie, B. Crist.
Harmony, J. D. Rich.
Rockford, to be supplied.
Monticello, D. Brooks.
Paynesville, to be supplied.
Clearwater, L. Gleason.
St. Cloud, B. Tice.
Princeton, H. J. Shaffner
Anoka, N. Lathrop.

ST. PAUL DISTRICT, C. Brooks, P. E.
St. Paul, Jackson Street, B. F. Crary.
St. Paul, Market Street, A. J. Nelson.
Newport, J. Smith.
Stillwater, to be supplied.
Hastings, T. M. Gossard.
Northfield, J. M. Rogers.
Farmington, J. Peet
Pine Bend, A. G. Perkins.
Sunrise, to be supplied.
Taylor's Falls, J. H. Crofut.
Shakopee, W. A. Maltby.
St. Anthony, W. McKinley.
Cannon Falls, W. H. Soule.

ST. PETER DISTRICT, J. O. Rich, P. E.
Blue Earth City, S. T. Richardson
Shelbyville, S. A. Chubbuck, B. Y. Coffin.
Glencoe, to be supplied.
Mankato, T. Day.
Cleveland, A. H. Abbott.
Le Sueur, C. H. Savidge,
Morristown, T. McClary.
Wilton, D. B. Gleason.
Shell Rock, J. Garner.
Geneva, J. Barnard.
Owatonna, I. H. Richardson.
Welch Mission, R. D. Price.

RED WING DISTRICT, S. Bolles, P. E.
Red Wing, G. W. Richardson.
Red Wing Circuit, E. Tucker.
Wanoota, H. Webb.
Lake City, G. W. T. Wright.
Guilford, G. W. Bennett.
Wabashaw, A. Wilford.
Oronoco, to be supplied.
Rochester, W. A. Chambers.
Mantorville, S. N. Phelps.
Pine Island, T. P. Morse.
Wasioja, to be supplied.
Faribault, C. G. Rowdish.
Cannon City, J. W. Powell.
Salem, Z. C. Norton.
Marion, B. Phelps.
Hamline University, Jabez Brooks, President, and S. R. Thorpe, Professor.

WINONA DISTRICT, John Quigley, P. E.
Winona, J. S. Peregrine.
Stockton, J. W. Klepper.
Plainview, B. Blain.
Pleasant Grove and Chatfield, to be supplied.
Austin, S. T. Sterrett.
Lansing, J. Door.
High Forest, A. Maison.
St. Charles, C. Griswold.
Spring Valley, J. Cowdon.
Preston, A. Hitchcock.
Money Creek, N. Tainter.
Caledonia, J. H. White.
Lenora, C. J. Hayes.
Hokah, J. G. Teter.

SCANDINAVIAN DISTRICT, C. G. Fosberg, P. E.
St. Paul, E. Shagren.
Chisago, C. F. Lindquist.
Rush River, to be supplied.
Vasa, P. M. Johnson.
Scandia Grove, A Johnson.
Kandiyohi, N. S. Ohlstrom.
Wimneshiek, Peter Long.
Highland Prairie, H. H. Holland.
Waseca, W. Berg.

RED WING GERMAN DISTRICT, H. Roth, P. E.
Red Wing, A. Lampreicht.
Cannon River, H. Schnitker.
Waseca, F. Hermsmyer.
Wabashaw, W. Schreiner.
Pepin, to be supplied.
Fountain City, H. Richter.
Winona, W. Fiegenbaum.
Stockton, P. Irmscher.
Rochester, H. Boetcher.
La Crosse, J. Braeuer.
Burr Oak, E. S hutte.
Hokah, J. G. Speckman.

ST. PAUL GERMAN DISTRICT, P. Funk, P. E.
St. Paul, W. F. Traegre.
Stillwater, F. Fiegenbaum.
Salem, J. Schnell.
Shakopee, Geo. Bauer.
Carver, W. Rotert.
Henderson, H. Singenstrue.
Le Sueur, J. Hust.
New Ulm, J. Thalelhorst.
Crow River, J. Mentz.
St. Cloud, to be supplied.
St. Anthony and Minneapolis, C. Hollman.

MARRIED.

Oct. 1st, 1863, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. J. N. Williams, W. R. NOBLE, of St. Paul, and Miss S. LOU. WILLIAMS, of Cannon Fall.

No cards.

NEW FIRM.—Messrs. BECKER and STOLTZ are opening an auction and commission business in the building formerly occupied by Mr. LOWELL. They are both good men, and are bound to succeed. M. SIMON has removed his cigar shop from Ramsey Street into the same building.

SAD ACCIDENT.—A young man named ABBOTT, about seventeen years of age, was fatally wounded yesterday by the discharge of a gun which he was endeavoring to pull from a heap of bedding, the entire charge entering his side. At last accounts he was still alive, but no hopes of his recovery. His mother is a widow, just from Indiana, and living near the Methodist Church. When will people learn to handle fire-arms?

Synod of Minnesota--Sixth Annual Meeting.

The synod of Minnesota held its sixth annual meeting at Hastings, commencing at 7½, P. M. on Thursday, Sept. 24th. But little more than one third of the ministers were present, and only three of the churches were represented by their elders.

The opening sermon was by the moderator, Rev. J. Mattocks, of St. Paul.

On Friday morning Frederick A. Noble, of St. Paul, was chosen moderator and John Peck temporary clerk.

This meeting of synod seemed to be one of more than usual interest. Among the topics of special importance under consideration, were those of home missions, and education for the ministry. Rev. H. H. Kellog, the general agent of the H. M. Com. for the North-West, and T. A. Mills, D. D., the secretary of the education committee were in attendance during the sessions of synod to promote the interest of these great agencies of the church. The result of the attention given to these subjects, will pretty evidently be manifest in more general and liberal contributions to them.

A memorial to the president of the United States was also adopted in relation to the expulsion of Rev. Thos. S. Williamson from Camp McClellan, where he was engaged in giving religious instruction to the Indians held in confinement.

It appears that the officer in command conceived the idea that the Indian prisoners were *so great sinners* that it was not right, even to give them religious instruction. On this ground Dr. W. was ordered not to visit them. He was not even permitted to go and bid them adieu, while under this order, about to leave. Some of these Indians are very evidently free from all guilt in the late massacre. Some of them are consistent christians and members of one of the churches connected with this synod. And it seems a duty to intercede in their behalf so far as to secure if possible for them, the christian instruction of one who has for more than a quarter of a century labored for their elevation and spirited welfare.

Dr. W. finding no redress in any subordinate officer, rendered it necessary thus to appeal to the president for religious freedom for imprisoned, though not certainly in all cases guilty fellow men.

The services of the Sabbath were especially interesting to the church at Hastings. After a struggle of seven years under a burdensome debt that at times threatened to take away the house of worship, there was found to be such progress made in removing this burden that it was deemed safe to say, "this house shall be given to the Lord." By the 1st of October it is expected there will be no longer any legal claim against the church than that of the Church erection fund.

The house of worship was therefore properly dedicated to the services of God as that which the society had a right to give to this purpose.

The sermon was preached by Thornton A. Mills, D. D., from Psalms lxxxxix 15—18. A brief statement of the financial history of the church was given, and prayer offered by Rev. C. S. LeDuc, the acting pastor. This, as well as the other public service during the session of synod was greatly promoted in interest by the excellent singing of the choir.

Several resolutions of special and general interest were adopted by synod during the successive days of the session.

The next annual meeting is to be held with the "House of Hope," St. Paul, when it is expected that there will be a cordial interchange of fraternal feeling with the synod of St. Paul which meets at the same time—the last Thursday of Sept., 1864, with the 2d Presbyterian Church.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

Office Over the Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block, Second Street.

Our Platform.

Resolved, That we, chosen to represent in convention the unconditional union men of Minnesota, grateful to Almighty God for the success which has hitherto crowned the arms of our country and for the prospect thus opened of a speedy, honorable, and lasting peace, do hereby, for ourselves and our constituents, reaffirm our determination to support our government by every means in our power in the vigorous prosecution of this war, —on our part, holy, just, and forced upon us by the criminal acts of others,—until not an enemy in arms shall be found within our borders. And to this we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

2. That we tender our grateful thanks to the survivors of our glorious armies, and our warm sympathy to the relatives of their gallant dead, who have won for the country so glorious victories, for themselves imperishable renown, and for us all an assurance of liberty and safety, for ourselves and our children, under our beloved and now well-tried government.

3. That with especial pride we point to the gallant achievements on many a hard-fought battle-field, of our Minnesota regiments. Their bravery, discipline, and patriotism have won for them a name that shall never die, and made forever honorable to a citizen of Minnesota.

4. That, without claiming for it exemption from error, we heartily endorse the general policy and conduct of our national administration; and we point to the recent magnificent triumph of our armies as its best vindication from the charge of incapacity so freely brought against it by those who prefer national ruin to success under the present administration. Especially do we approve the emancipation proclamation, and the raising of black troops, as being among the best possible measures to weaken the enemy and strengthen ourselves.

5. That our state administration and congressional delegation deserve our hearty approbation for the zealous and efficient co-operation they have afforded the national authorities in carrying on the war.

6. That we call upon those in authority to take such measures, by retaliation or otherwise, as shall effectually prevent brutal and barbarous treatment by the enemy of our soldiers, of whatever color.

7. That it is due to our shattered armies in the field, as well as to the sacred cause which they uphold, that their ranks should as speedily as possible be filled up by every means in our power. It is due to the country that the mobs raised to resist and prevent the draft, should not be seen to have succeeded a day longer than is necessary to enforce the laws

8. That the way to peace is, and ever has been, open to the rebels; the only condition we have ever sought to impose is that they should lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the general government. We protest against the making of any terms with them in advance as to their *slaves* in communities, when they shall have returned to their allegiance. Having been declared "public enemies" by a recent unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, they must accept the consequences that legitimately flow from having placed themselves in that position.

The late editor of the *Knickerbocker*, Mr. L. Gaylord Clark, makes an announcement in the last number of that magazine, which will be welcome to the hosts of old friends with whom he has so easily discoursed in his gossiping, genial way for nearly twenty six years.

"I'm with you once again, my friends," says he, "as the old song goes; that is to say I shall be (*Deo volente*), when in October I resume my familiar chair in the old *Knickerbocker*, which I occupied, without cessation, for many months beyond a quarter of a century; but from which, for reasons already made widely public, I have been absent for some two years. Come back, 'friends and fellow citizens'—'readers and correspondents'—with whom I have gossiped and chatted for so many years. You shall have kindred viands served up in kindred style, as of yore. We have by no means been idle. During our sequestration stores of 'good things' have accumulated upon our hands. Let our old familiar correspondents—for were they not friends? all—remember us anew—so reviving in us, and perpetuating in them, associations which none of us, let me hope, would be willing to forego."

Sixteen hundred sheep crossed the Mississippi at this point, on Tuesday, and nine hundred are to follow to-day. Some ten thousand sheep have crossed over during the last six weeks. They generally pass in good sized droves, bound for the western region of Minnesota, and, at this rate, it will soon cut a good figure from the profits of its wool clippings.—*La Crosse Republican.*

Mr. James C. Watson, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, discovered a new planet on the morning of the 15th inst. Its right ascension is forty-nine minutes (time,) and its declination nine degrees and fifty minutes north The motion indicates that the new planet belongs to the group between Mars and Jupiter. It shines like a star of the tenth magnitude.

The emigration into Minnesota and North-Western Wisconsin is considerably on the increase. While taking a ride through a part of the country on Sunday last, we counted thirty-five emigrant wagons in a space of five miles. Accompanying them were a large number of horses and cattle.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

Fort Howard reservation, situated at the mouth of Fox River, Wis., and Fort Crawford reservation, at Prairie du Chien, are to be sold under the direction of the General Land Office. The former contains about 5,000 acres, and the latter 175 acres.

Horace Greeley is writing a history of the rebellion, in its political and moral, rather than military phases.

My Independence-Day.

The 4th of July, 1863, with all the hallowed associations of the past and its promise in the throbbing present, has past away; but it came to me so freighted with the memory of an eventful day in my life that I cannot sail smoothly on with old Tempus without first unburdening myself. Trusting that now and then some fretted traveler as he journeys on may be tempted to peep into and profit by my budget, I cast it upon the highway.

I had been dining out. The meat served on the occasion were good, the wines superb, the speeches brilliant, and, better than all, my own unpremeditated remarks, which, by a single coincidence, had haunted me for the past four days, had been received with decided *eclat*. It was on the night of the 3d of July, 185—. The shop-windows were gorgeous with their display of fireworks, and under the peculiar flicker and multiplication of the gas lights the rockets and pin-wheels seemed to have a premature frolic on their own account.

On the whole, I felt peculiarly happy and amiable. A bright-eyed, rosy beggar-child asked me for sixpence; she was starving she said. My heart was touched, and I threw her a small handful of silver. Three young gentlemen came swaying arm in arm along the side-walk, jostling me rather roughly. At any other time I might have been indignant; but now, were they not men and brothers? I bowed gracefully, and at the same time, I felt confident, with dignity, and stepping off the curb-stone to allow them to pass. At last I reached my own door. The lock was out of order; for my key would not turn it. I rang, first the door knob, then the bell, violently. My next door neighbor, Mr. Green, came to the door in his calico wrapper.

"Ah, Mister Green," I exclaimed, steadying the tottering door-post, "delighted to see you. Is my—my wife in?"

Mr. Green seized me somewhat roughly by the arm, thereby seriously inconveniencing me (as he pitched about considerably,) and led me to a neighboring door.

"Where is your night key, Mr. F——?" he asked gruffly.

There were about six pockets in my vest on that occasion; but after a while I discovered the right one, and produced the key, with a polite bow.

The next instant I found myself inside, the door closed, and the only visible link between myself and the second story, swinging violently backward and forward in the shape of a dying gas jet suspended from the ceiling. My effort to resuscitate the spark resulted in total darkness.

After groping about for a while I found the stairway, and clutching the balluster, commenced to ascend. This feat was attended with so much difficulty that I was induced to bring the full force of my reasoning powers to bear upon the performance, and soon discovered that I have been trying to mount the hat rack. Abandoning the enterprise, with a smile of superiority over my weaker self, I proceeded in my search, and finally planted my foot firmly upon the lowest step. Alas! step number two convinced me of my error, and our Tommy's new velocipede toppled over with a crash, casting me prostrate beside it. Then I saw a flash of light, and soon approached nearer and nearer, as though let down by a rope from the upper regions, the white, robed, graceful form of my eldest daughter, Kitty. Rising and offering her my arm we ascended the stairs together. As she left me at the room-door I turned and solemnly gave her my paternal blessing. She was visibly affected, even bursting into tears and exclaiming, "Oh, father!" as she hurried away.

The next morning I found myself on the spare-room bed with all my clothes on, except my cravat and one boot. The cravat was on the hearth and the boot was on the mantle piece. Guns were booming, fire-crackers were snapping, the din of powder and merry voices of children filled the air. I could hear my own youngsters shouting out lustily in the garden, and in the hall the "first bell" was tinghing its summons through the house.

It was on the 4th of July sure enough, and I, as the head of my family, must present myself in suitable array at the breakfast-table and inaugurate the jolities of the day. I seized the boot in one hand and the cravat in the other, and proceeded meekly to the apartment generally used in common by Mrs. F—— and myself.

"Ah! Mrs. F——," said I, bowing rather sheepishly in my attempt to pass the affair off as a joke, "Good-morning ma'am."

"Good-morning, John," replied my wife, quietly, not a shade of crossness in her tone. "I must go down and watch the children or they may do some mischief with their pistols and fire crackers; but come to breakfast as soon as you can."

With these words she left the room. I was almost sorry that she did n't scold or "go on" a little concerning my spree. This sad, gentle way of speaking made me uncomfortable, cough and strut about the room as I would, for I knew well enough the pain and disgust gnawing at her heart, and that during the past year I had given her too frequent cause for the reproaches that never came, though I was prepared to receive them, after each offense.

Cold water, however, and clean clothes braced me up somewhat, and soon after the "second bell" rang I strode majestically through the halls, severe in my dignity as head of the household. Reaching the basement door, I paused a moment, half-dreading to meet the rows of young faces on either side of the table, and my wife's sweet, pale countenance beaming so quietly over them all. This momentary weakness over, with a pompous "ahem" I mustered the requisite manner and entered.

There was no one at the table, and only Kitty was in the room—Kitty, my usually joyous girl, now standing in a pensive attitude by the window.

It was important that my children should respect me, and I felt, of course, anxious to obliterate from her mind any impression of weakness I might have given her the previous night.

"This is a glorious day, Kitty," I exclaimed expansively—"a glorious day, my child, the day on which we as a nation declared ourselves independent. To day we must all be jubilant, victorious. We must not mope in the house—we must ride or sail somewhere in a grand family excursion, and breathe the sunshine and the glorious air of freedom, eh?"

Kitty did not even turn her head, but I continued to speak, as I strode up and down the apartment.

"Do you not enter into the spirit of the day, child? Read your history—read of George Washington, and the glorious men who suffered and died that we might be free—FREE!" I repeated seating myself, and bringing my fist down with emphasis upon the arm of the chair. "Yes, we must all celebrate this day, and now, Kitty, do not be afraid, tell me where you would like to go, or how we shall best enjoy it."

By this time Kitty's face seemed fairly glued to the window. I was seriously displeased, insulted—I who had ever enforced filial respect as the first doctrine of the household, and here was open defiance in the least expected quarter; and that, too, after I had unbent myself to an unusual degree.

"Katherine," I exclaimed in a terrible voice, sturdily thrusting back unpleasant memories of the past night, "what do you mean by this conduct?"

She turned, her lips were white and her eyes swimming with tears. In a moment she was beside me, her hand upon my shoulder.

"Father," said she, looking me full in the face, "do you mean what you say when you ask me in what manner I would wish to celebrate this glorious Independence Day?"

"Certainly, child," I answered, turning uncomfortably in my seat and striving to look patriarchal and indifferent.

"Then father, dear father," cried Kitty, winding her arms about my neck, "make this truly an Independence-Day for yourself, for us all. Be a slave no more, but be free in the sight of God and your own soul."

Where was all my paternal dignity now. Kitty was sobbing upon my bosom, and from my bowed face tears were falling upon her golden hair.

"Do, father, do," she pleaded. "It is not too late, we all love you yet, and mother's heart is breaking—"

Even then, as I strained Kitty to my bosom, that mother entered the room. Not a word was spoken, yet she understood all, and cast herself on her knees beside me, looking earnestly into my eyes.

"John," said she, "I have never reproached you—will you promise?"

"Yes," I cried, folding my darlings to my heart in a close embrace—"before God, and to you my wife and child, I promise what you wish."

"Never to drink wine any more?" cried Kitty, holding my face between her hands, a joyous light sparkling through her tears.

"Never," I answered. "With God's help, I will never taste wine nor strong liquor again. From this hour I shall be free. Oh, Mary, can you ever forgive me for the past?"

She did not reply, but she leaned and kissed me in a way that made my resolution iron.

Just then the children—dear, unconscious little ones—bounded into the room.

"Hurrah, father!" they shouted, "Hurrah for the Fourth of Fourth of July. Ain't we having grand fun though?"

"Hurrah," I responded, huskily, kissing each of the crazy little creature in turn. "And now let us hasten to our breakfast, for we must have a jolly time to-day."

"Indeed we shall," laughed my wife, as she bustled about, with color in her cheeks, and the old, girlish light kindling in her eye, "indeed we shall. Why, John, I never felt so happy in my life."

All this happened some years ago. Time has done many queer things in our family since then. He has put the baby into pantaloons; carried our oldest boy to college; married Kitty to a thriving young lawyer; woven little silvery threads in Mary's hair and mine; and, better than all, has never brought us one unhappy anniversary of my blessed Independence-day.

MAKE YOUR CHILDREN SING.—All children can learn to sing if they commence in season. In Germany every child is taught to use its voice while young. In their schools all join in singing as a regular exercise, as they attend to the study of geography, and in their churches singing is not confined to their choir, who sit apart from the others, perhaps in one corner of the house, but there is a vast tide of incense going forth to God from every heart that can give utterance to the soul. In addition to the delightful influence music has upon the character, it has also a marked influence in suppressing pulmonary complaints. Dr. Rush used to say that the reason why the Germans seldom die of the consumption was that they were always singing. What is more pleasing to parents than to hear the voices of their children pouring forth, like birds, that melodious harmony in the home circle, so dear to all enlightened minds. We say again, teach your children to sing It always makes a happy spot of "Home, sweet Home."

AGRICULTURAL.

CROPS.—The wheat crop has been secured and promises a better yield per acre then last year. Threshers are actively employed, and in great demand. —*Hokah Chief.*

FRUIT.—Wild plumbs and grapes are unusually plenty this season, the former being sold at forty and fifty cents a bushel in this market.—*Anoka Republican.*

LUMBERING.—From present indications Anoka will be well represented in the pineries this season. We hear of five different parties making arrangements for lumbering this winter.—*Ib.*

PLUMB CROP.—The market has been fairly glutted with this excellent native fruit. The oldest inhabitants report that the yield this year is unprecedented in the history of Minnesota.—*State Atlas.*

NEW WHEAT.—Large quantities of the new crop of wheat is being offered in our markets. The quality is excellent, and the yield per acre much better than was anticipated by the most sanguine. Prices paid, rule from sixty-five to eighty cents for spring wheat.—*Ib.*

A PARTIAL FAILURE.—One of the disastrous effects of the August frost is apparent in the serious curtailment of the cranberry crop. From all the information we can gather we are forced to the unwelcome conclusion, that the crop this year will be a very meager one.—*Ib.*

NATIVE APPLES.—WM. Younger who resides in the west end of Minneapolis Township, has several thrifty apple trees well laden with good sized apples. This fact is additional evidence that apples can be produced in Minnesota. To our mind the question is definitely settled.—*Ib.*

APPLES.—We have seen within the past week several splendid specimens of apples grown in this village. We have also seen a sample of green gage plums, grafted on the wild plum and grown in the garden of Dr. Allen, which are almost equal to anything of the kind we ever seen. We think the present season has demonstrated conclusively that all the hardy varieties of fruit can be grown successfully in Minnesota.—*Chatfield Democrat.*

SHEEP.—A drove of sheep numbering 2,150 were driven through Main Street this morning on their way to Fort Snelling. They were the property of Messrs. Brewsler and Roberts, and came from Michigan and Ohio. There were a large number of lambs in the flock. There is no doubt that our state offers more and better inducements for sheep raising than any in the Union, the climate being peculiarly adapted to the health of the sheep, while with a little capital and energy the best water power in the world can be made available for manufacturing purposes.—*Goodhue Co. Republican.*

APPLES AND PEARS.—J. L. Armstrong laid upon our table an apple and a pear, samples of some he has raised in his garden this season. The apple is of the pippin variety, very large, and sound, through not quite fully ripened. The tree upon which it was grown is of five years growth, from the seed. The pear is a dwarf of the Bartlett variety, large and fine looking (nothing dwarfish in appearance about the pear.) There can be no longer any reasonable doubt as to growing fruit successfully in Minnesota.—*Lake City Times.*

What are Gunnybags.

In answering to this enquiry, which is often made, we give the following explanation: Gunny bags are made from the course spun fibres of a plant which grows in India, of which there are many varieties. On the Coromandel coast this plant is called *goni*, and "gunny" is a corruption of this name. The cultivation of the *chutijute*, or "gunny" has been carried on for centuries at Bengal, and gives employment to tens of thousands of inhabitants. "Men, woman and children," says Mr. Henly, find employment there. Boatsmen, in their spare moments, planteon carriers, and domestic servants, everybody, in fact, being Hindoos—for Mussulmen spin cotton only—pass their leisure moments, distaff in hand, spinning gunny twist." The patient and despised Hindoo widow earns her bread in this way. It is said that three hundred thousand tons of *jute* are grown in India, of which one hundred thousand tons are exported as gunny bags, besides one hundred thousand tons in a raw state. A London Company has established a manufactory in Calcutta at an expense of £300,000.

The gunny bag is used for a great variety of purposes. Sugar, coffee, spice, cotton, drugs, indeed almost every article which we pack in dry casks and boxes, is, in the East, packed in gunny bags. It is also made into mats, carpets, ropes, paper, and various other articles. It is related that old gunny bags which contained sugar, and sold to beer makers who sweeten their beer by boiling the sugar out of the bags, and sell them to the mat-makers.

Some six to ten millions of gunnies are exported to this country from India, mostly to North America, besides some four or five thousand tuns of rope and raw jute. There are no manufactories of it into cloth in this country, though it is here made into bed cords, etc. When used for purposes of defense, the bags are filled with sand. They are no better than hemp or flax bags; but are much cheaper.

Mrs. Elsie C. Wheeler, Essex Co., N J., reports to the *Agriculturist*, having planted a plot of ground, 61 feet by 89 feet, with Bulkley's seedling potato, and realized a return of 39 bushels—over 312 bushels per acre.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

FOLLETT & RENICK, Bankers. Dealers in domestic and Exchange, Foreign, State, and County Scrip, Exchange Block, Second street, Hastings, Minn.

THORNE'S BANK.

Transacts a general Banking Business, deals in Eastern and Sterling Exchange, Bank Notes, Gold, Silver, etc.
Special attention given to collections.
J. L. THORNE, Banker.
Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 43-tf

Attorneys.

ELI ROBINSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Hastings, Minnesota. 13-tf

C. W. NASH. T. R. HUDDLESTON.
NASH & HUDDLESTON,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Corner of Sibley and Second streets, Hastings, Minn.

H. S. JENNINGS,
Attorney-at-Law. Office over A. M. Pett's drug store, Hastings, Minn.
June 30, 1863. 12-tf

A. M. HAYES. O. T. HAYES.
A. M. & O. T. HAYES,
Attorneys at Law, Vermillion street, near Second, Hastings, Minn.

S SMITH. R. W. MONTGOMERY.
SMITH & MONTGOMERY.
Attorneys at Law, Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street, in Gardner's new Stone Block. 41-tf

P. HARTSHORN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Justice of the Peace, and Conveyancer. Office, on Ramsey street, over the Post Office, Hastings. 32

JNO. R. CLAGETT. F. N. CROSBY
CLAGETT & CROSBY,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Hastings Minnesota. Particular attention given to obtaining half-pay pensions for widows and minor children of deceased soldiers, invalid pensions by reason of disability incurred in the military service of the United States, and bounties and arrears of pay due relatives of deceased soldiers.
Hastings, Dec, 1, 1862. 34-tf

Physicians.

OTTO STANNIS,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office on Second street, opposite Thorn, Norrish & Co's. Hastings.

H. O. MOWERS,
Surgeon Dentist, Hastings. Office—North side Second street, between Ramsey and Sibley, over Thorne & Norrish's store.

DR. J. E. FINCH,
Physician and Surgeon, Hastings, Minn. Office corner of Second and Sibley Streets, rear of Nash & Huddleston's law office.
Hastings, June 30, 1863. 12-tf

C. C. RIGHTER. Z. B. NICHOLS.
RIGHTER & NICHOLS,
Homœopathic Physicians, Hastings, Minn. Will attend promptly to all professional calls. Office over City Drug Store. 40-tf

Printing.

IRVING TODD,
Book and Job Printer, Second Street, Hastings, Minn. All kinds of plain and ornamental printing neatly and cheaply executed. The latest styles of type, cuts, and borders on hand, and shall always keep up with the times. Particular attention given to orders from the country. Office over Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block.

Miscellaneous.

CHARLES B. LOWELL,
General Land Agent, Civil Engineer, and Deputy Co Surveyor of Dakota County.

P. B. COOK & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants, Hastings, Minn. Cash advanced on consignments. 16-tf

MRS. MARY TORRANCE,
Private Boarding House, has removed from Second Street to the stand formerly known as the City Hotel, Ramsey street, Hastings.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, will attend promptly to all calls in his line. Ladies' hair cut and curled to order. Shop on Second Street, opposite Thorne & Norrish's.
Hastings, May 14th, 1863. 5-tf

WM. SMITH,
Carriage and Wagon Maker, corner Vermillion and Fourth streets, Hastings. I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage work in the best possible manner, and at short notice.

C. HALDEN
Painter and Paper Hanger, Shop, corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, Hastings, Minn. Carriage Painting done with neatness and dispatch.

CHARLES SCHROTH,
Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Meat. He would inform his old customers and all others, that he continues to keep the best and freshest meat of all sorts, at his old stand, one door below Edison Bl'k. His customers will be sure to find everything a'l right. 22

GROFF & BAILEY,
Real Estate Agents, No. 134 Third Street, (under Thompson's Bank,) St. Paul, Minn. City and county property bought and sold. Collections made and taxes paid for non residents. Also will attend to collection of rents, renting houses and business property. 17-1y

JULIUS HOURIET
Offers the largest stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in town, which he will sell at lower prices than any other house. Repairing done of all kinds, and warranted for one year. Call in before purchasing elsewhere Shop on Ramsey Street, between 2d and 3d.
Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-1y

J. B. VANDERWERKER,
Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery Goods. Keeps constantly on hand Coarse and Fine Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Fly Netts, Horse Collars of extra quality. Particular attention paid to Repairing, on short notice. Carriages Trimmed in the latest style and finish. I would say to my customers that I am thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of their patronage. I will give them a better article and cheaper than they can buy in Minnesota.

MRS. MARY E. TAPLEY
Has just opened on Ramsey Street, at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bixby, a very choice and well selected stock of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this city and its vicinity. Having secured the services of a competent and fashionable milliner, and provided herself with the latest patterns, she is prepared to serve the ladies in millinery and dress making in the most approved and latest styles. Mrs. T. will keep her stock well replenished with such articles as may be called for in the market, and by employing none but the very best help, and a faithful attention to her business, she hopes to merit and receive the patronage of the public. 4-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.—WE are doing an auction and commission business in Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, and all kinds of property. We buy and sell goods on commission, loan and collect money, pay taxes for parties abroad, loan money on pledges, and advance money on property. We keep Watches, Jewelry, and Notions to sell the trade and pedlars. Business from the country promptly attended to. Auction sales every evening, special sales at 10 A. M. Second door from the Merchants' Hotel. St. Paul, Minn.
20-tf H. E. BAKER & Co.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

BLACKSMITH
AND
WAGON SHOP.
I HAVE just opened a new Blacksmith and Wagon Shop on the corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, where I am prepared to execute all kinds of work in my line, promptly, well, and as cheap as any body else. All who want a first rate wagon, or repairing, or blacksmithing of any sort, give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN STREET,
Hastings, June 17, 1862. 1y

GROCERIES, ETC.

GROCERIES, VEGETABLES,
BUTTER,
EGGS,
CHEESE,
STONE AND
WOODEN WARE,
FRUIT, AND
CONFECTIONERY
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Can be found as cheap and of as good quality at the

Fruit and Variety Store,

opposite post-office, as at any other place in the city.
J. B. TINKLEPAUGH & Co.
Hastings, May 14, 1863.

THE NEW STORE.

DRAPER & BALLARD,

HASTINGS, MINN.,

Have opened in Exchange Block a large well selected assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

and solicit an examination of their goods and low prices.

We have in store
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SALT,
NAILS, GLASS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FARMING TOOLS, &c,

Our stock is large and complete, and will be sold at
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
We have made arrangements with Messrs. HARRISON to keep on hand a large supply of their excellent Flour
The celebrated Moline Plow for sale.
DRAPER & BALLARD.
May 1, 1863. 3-tf

W. D. FRENCH,

Wholesale & Retail

GROCER,

Union Block, - - Hastings, Minn

Having removed to the large new store two doors west of his old stand, will keep constantly on hand a

LARGE STOCK,

Which will be offered at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

Merchants, Farmers, and other purchasers are invited to call and examine his stock and prices.
W. D. FRENCH.
Sept. 15, 1863. 23-tf

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

1863. SPRING. 1863.

THORNE, NORRISH, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Again solicit public attention to their unusual large stock of new

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES, ETC.,
CROCKERY

all of which we have bought during the late panic in New York very low, and shall sell the same

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, would respectfully request a continuance of the same.
THORNE, NORRISH, & Co.
May 7th, 1863. 4-tf

NEW CHEAP STORE.

MARK WILLSON

Has opened a new stock of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, ETC., ETC.

One door west of Bank of Hastings, Second Street. All of which will be disposed of at the lowest prices, for *ready pay only*. Cash customers will find the new store the place to get the greatest amount of goods for the least money. Those wishing good articles at low prices will please call at Willson's New Cash Store. 12-8m*

PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

The New York *Tribune*, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the war for the union, its circulation on the 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-emmently a journal of News and of Literature, the *Tribune* has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant and hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power from the Anexation of Texas to the great rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the model republic; republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its blotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, where liberty and union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever

The *Tribune* devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to education, temperance, agriculture, inventions, and whatever else may ministerno the spiritual and material progress adwell being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the war for the union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the national arms and in the restoration of peace and thrift to our distracted bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the cooperation of all friends of the national cause, which we regard and uphold as that of universal humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

Terms.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers compels us to increase the price of the *Tribune*. Our new terms are

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single copy	3 cents
Mail subscribers, one year	$8

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$3
Two copies one year	5
Five copies one year	12
Ten copies one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$ 2
Three copies one year	5
Five copies one year	8
Ten copies one year	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty the semi-weekly *Tribune* will be sent. To clubs of fifty the daily *Tribune* will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit bank bills. The name of the post-office and state should in all cases be plainly written. Subscribers who send money by express must prepay the express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—BEGINning of a new volume. The number for January, 1863, begins the eleventh volume of the *Atlantic Monthly*. From the commencement, in 1859, the *Atlantic* has rapidly increased in circulation, and it now has the largest class of readers since its beginning, five years ago. Its prosperity steadily augments, and it continues, amid all the fluctuations and dangers incident to our national crisis, to gain ground in the estimation of the public. At a time so pregnant with events which touch the future destinies of America in every vital particular, the publishers and editors do not deem it necessary to promise that its pages will never swerve from the honest paths of loyal patriotism and universal freedom. It opinions have always been on the side of Liberty, Progress, and Right, and the course it first adopted in its early career will ever be faithfully maintained.

The staff of writers regularly contributing to the *Atlantic Monthly* embraces many of the best known authors in American literature, and warrants the publishers in promising to its readers the best essays, the best stories, the best poems, which American talent can furnish.

LIST OF REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS.

In prose and poetry the *Atlantic* staff of writers is unequaled. The following authors are still among the regular contributors: James Russell Lowell, Henry W. Longfellow, Louis Agassiz, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Nathaniel Hawthorne, T. W. Higginson, Author "Margret Howth," Oliver W. Holmes, John G. Whittier, E. P. Whipple, Bayard Taylor, George S. Hillard, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, "The Country Parson," Rose Terry, Harriet E. Prescott. The *Atlantic's* list of contributors includes many of the leading writers of America.

TERMS.—The *Atlantic* is for sale by all book and periodical dealers. Price 25 cts a number. Subscriptions for the year $3, postage paid. Yearly subscriptions received or single numbers supplied by any dealer, or by the publishers. Specimen numbers sent gratis on application to the publishers. Inducements for subscribing, list of premiums, etc., furnished on application to the publishers.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
135 Washington Street,
44-4f Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon.

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel

HASTINGS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

Office Over the Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block, Second Street.

Our Platform.

Resolved, That we, chosen to represent in convention the unconditional union men of Minnesota, grateful to Almighty God for the success which has hitherto crowned the arms of our country and for the prospect thus opened of a speedy, honorable, and lasting peace, do hereby, for ourselves and our constituents, re-affirm our determination to support our government by every means in our power in the vigorous prosecution of this war, —on our part, holy, just, and forced upon us by the criminal acts of others,—until not an enemy in arms shall be found within our borders. And to this we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

2. That we tender our grateful thanks to the survivors of our glorious armies, and our warm sympathy to the relatives of their gallant dead, who have won for the country so glorious victories, for themselves imperishable renown, and for us all an assurance of liberty and safety, for ourselves and our children, under our beloved and now well-tried government.

3. That with especial pride we point to the gallant achievements on many a hard-fought battle-field, of our Minnesota regiments. Their bravery, discipline, and patriotism have won for them a name that shall never die, and made forever honorable to a citizen of Minnesota.

4. That, without claiming for it exemption from error, we heartily endorse the general policy and conduct of our national administration; and we point to the recent magnificent triumph of our armies as its best vindication from the charge of incapacity so freely brought against it by those who prefer national ruin to success under the present administration. Especially do we approve the emancipation proclamation, and the raising of black troops, as being among the best possible measures to weaken the enemy and strengthen ourselves.

5. That our state administration and congressional delegation deserve our hearty approbation for the zealous and efficient co-operation they have afforded the national authorities in carrying on the war.

6. That we call upon those in authority to take such measures, by retaliation or otherwise, as shall effectually prevent brutal and barbarous treatment by the enemy of our soldiers, of whatever color.

7. That it is due to our shattered armies in the field, as well as to the sacred cause which they uphold, that their ranks should as specdily as possible be filled up by every means in our power. It is due to the country that the mobs raised to resist and prevent the draft, should not seem to have succeeded a day longer than is necessary to enforce the laws

8. That the way to peace is, and ever has been, open to the rebels; the only condition we have ever sought to impose is that they should lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the general government. We protest against the making of any terms with them in advance as to their *status* in communities, when they shall have returned to their allegiance. Having been declared "public enemies" by a recent unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, they must accept the consequences that legitimately flow from having placed themselves in that position.

The late editor of the *Knickerbocker*, Mr. L. Gaylord Clark, makes an announcement in the last number of that magazine, which will be welcome to the hosts of old friends with whom he has so easily discoursed in his gossiping, genial way for nearly twenty six years.

"I'm with you once again, my friends," says he, "as the old song goes; that is to say I shall be (*Deo volente*), when in October I resume my familiar chair in the old *Knickerbocker*, which I occupied, without cessation, for many months beyond a quarter of a century; but from which, for reasons already made widely public, I have been absent for some two years. Come back, friends and fellow citizens'—'readers and correspondents'—with whom I have gossiped and chatted for so many years. You shall have kindred viands served up in kindred style, as of yore. We have by no means been idle. During our sequestration stores of 'good things' have accumulated upon our hands. Let our old familiar correspondents—for were they not friends? all—remember us anew—so reviving in us, and perpetuating in them, associations which none of us, let me hope, would be willing to forego."

Sixteen hundred sheep crossed the Mississippi at this point, on Tuesday, and nine hundred are to follow to-day. Some ten thousand sheep have crossed over during the last six weeks. They generally pass in good sized droves, bound for the western region of Minnesota, and, at this rate, it will soon cut a good figure from the profits of its wool clippings.—*La Crosse Republican.*

Mr. James C. Watson, of Ann Arbor, Michigan, discovered a new planet on the morning of the 15th inst. Its right ascension is forty-nine minutes (time,) and its declination nine degrees and fifty minutes north The motion indicates that the new planet belongs to the group between Mars and Jupiter. It shines like a star of the tenth magnitude.

The emigration into Minnesota and North-Western Wisconsin is considerably on the increase. While taking a ride through a part of the country on Sunday last, we counted thirty-five emigrant wagons in a space of five miles. Accompanying them were a large number of horses and cattle.—*La Crosse Democrat.*

Fort Howard reservation, situated at the mouth of Fox River, Wis., and Fort Crawford reservation, at Prairie du Chien, are to be sold under the direction of the General Land Office. The former contains about 5,000 acres, and the latter 175 acres.

Horace Greeley is writing a history of the rebellion, in its political and moral, rather than military phases.

My Independence-Day.

The 4th of July, 1863, with all the hallowed associations of the past and its promise in the throbbing present, has past away; but it came to me so freighted with the memory of an eventful day in my life that I cannot sail smoothly on with old Tempus without first unburdening myself. Trusting that now and then some fretted traveler as he journeys on may be tempted to peep into and profit by my budget, I cast it upon the highway.

I had been dining out. The meats served on the occasion were good, the wines superb, the speeches brilliant, and, better than all, my own unpremeditated remarks, which, by a single coincidence, had haunted me for the past four days, had been received with decided *eclat*. It was on the night of the 3d of July, 185—. The shop-windows were gorgeous with their display of fireworks, and under the peculiar flicker and multiplication of the gas lights the rockets and pin-wheels seemed to have a premature frolic on their own account.

On the whole, I felt peculiarly happy and amiable. A bright-eyed, rosy beggar-child asked me for sixpence; she was starving she said. My heart was touched, and I threw her a small handful of silver. Three young gentlemen came swaying arm in arm along the side-walk, justling me rather roughly. At any other time I might have been indignant; but now, were they not men and brothers? I bowed gracefully, and at the same time, I felt confident, with dignity, and stepping off the curb-stone to allow them to pass. At last I reached my own door. The lock was out of order; for my key would not turn it. I rang, first the door knob, then the bell, violently. My next door neighbor, Mr. Green, came to the door in his calico wrapper.

"Ah, Mister Green," I exclaimed, steadying the tottering door-post, "delighted to see you. Is my—my wife in?"

Mr. Green seized me somewhat roughly by the arm, thereby seriously inconveniencing me (as he pitched about considerably,) and led me to a neighboring door.

"Where is your night key, Mr. F——?" he asked gruffly.

There were about six pockets in my vest on that occasion; but after a while I discovered the right one, and produced the key, with a polite bow.

The next instant I found myself inside, the door closed, and the only visible link between myself and the second story, swinging violently backward and forward in the shape of a dying gas jet suspended from the ceiling. My effort to resuscitate the spark resulted in total darkness.

After groping about for a while I found the stairway, and clutching the baluster, commenced to ascend. This feat was attended with so much difficulty that I was induced to bring the full force of my reasoning powers to bear upon the performance, and soon discovered that I have been trying to mount the hat rack. Abandoning the enterprise, with a smile of superiority over my weaker self, I proceeded in my search, and finally planted my foot firmly upon the lowest step. Alas! step number two convinced me of my error, and our Tommy's new velocipede toppled over with a crash, casting me prostrate beside it. Then I saw a flash of light, and soon approached nearer and nearer, as though let down by a rope from the upper regions, the white, robed, graceful form of my oldest daughter, Kitty. Rising and offering her my arm we ascended the stairs together. As she left me at the room-door I turned and solemnly gave her my paternal blessing. She was visibly affected, even bursting into tears and exclaiming, "Oh, father!" as she hurried away.

The next morning I found myself on the spare-room bed with all my clothes on, except my cravat and one boot. The cravat was on the hearth and the boot was on the mantle piece. Guns were booming, fire-crackers were snapping, the din of powder and merry voices of children filled the air. I could hear my own youngsters shouting out lustily in the garden, and in the hall the "first bell" was tinging its summons through the house.

It was on the 4th of July sure enough, and I, as the head of my family, must present myself in suitable array at the breakfast-table and inaugurate the jolities of the day. I seized the boot in one hand and the cravat in the other, and proceeded meekly to the apartment generally used in common by Mrs. F—— and myself.

"Ah! Mrs. F——," said I, bowing rather sheepishly in my attempt to pass the affair off as a joke, "Good-morning ma'am."

"Good-morning, John," replied my wife, quietly, not a shade of crossness in her tone. "I must go down and watch the children or they may do some mischief with their pistols and fire crackers; but come to breakfast as soon as you can."

With these words she left the room. I was almost sorry that she did n't scold or "go on" a little concerning my spree. This sad, gentle way of speaking made me uncomfortable, cough and strut about the room as I would, for I knew well enough the pain and disgust gnawing at her heart, and that during the past year I had given her too frequent cause for the reproaches that never came, though I was prepared to receive them, after each offense.

Cold water, however, and clean clothes braced me up somewhat, and soon after the "second bell" rang I strode majestically through the halls, severe in my dignity as head of the household. Reaching the basement door, I paused a moment, half-dreading to meet the rows of young faces on either side of the table, and my wife's sweet, pale countenance beaming so quietly over them all. This momentary weakness over, with a pompous "ahem" I mustered the requisite manner and entered.

There was no one at the table, and only Kitty was in the room—Kitty, my usually joyous girl, now standing in a pensive attitude by the window.

It was important that my children should respect me, and I felt, of course, anxious to obliterate from her mind any impression of weakness I might have given her the previous night.

"This is a glorious day, Kitty," I exclaimed expansively—"a glorious day, my child, the day on which we as a nation declared ourselves independent. To day we must all be jubilant, victorious. We must not mope in the house—we must ride or sail somewhere in a grand family excursion, and breathe the sunshine and the glorious air of freedom, eh?"

Kitty did not even turn her head, but I continued to speak, as I strode up and down the apartment.

"Do you not enter into the spirit of the day, child? Read your history—read of George Washington, and the glorious men who suffered and died that we might be free—FREE!" I repeated seating myself, and bringing my fist down with emphasis upon the arm of the chair. "Yes, we must all celebrate this day, and now, Kitty, do not be afraid, tell me where you would like to go, or how we shall best enjoy it."

By this time Kitty's face seemed fairly glued to the window. I was seriously displeased, insulted—I who had ever enforced filial respect as the first doctrine of the household, and here was open defiance in the least expected quarter; and that, too, after I had unbent myself to an unusual degree.

"Katherine," I exclaimed in a terrible voice, sturdily thrusting back unpleasant memories of the past night, "what do you mean by this conduct?"

She turned, her lips were white and her eyes swimming with tears. In a moment she was beside me, her hand upon my shoulder.

"Father," said she, looking me full in the face, "do you mean what you say when you ask me in what manner I would wish to celebrate this glorious Independence Day?"

"Certainly, child," I answered, turning uncomfortably in my seat and striving to look patriarchal and indifferent.

"Then father, dear father," cried Kitty, winding her arms about my neck, "make this truly an Independence-Day for yourself, for us all. Be a slave no more, but be free in the sight of God and your own soul."

Where was all my paternal dignity now. Kitty was sobbing upon my bosom, and from my bowed face tears were falling upon her golden hair.

"Do, father, do," she pleaded. "It is not too late, we all love you yet, and mother's heart is breaking—"

Even then, as I strained Kitty to my bosom, that mother entered the room. Not a word was spoken, yet she understood all, and cast herself on her knees beside me, looking earnestly into my eyes.

"John," said she, "I have never reproached you—will you promise?"

"Yes," I cried, folding my darlings to my heart in a close embrace—"before God, and to you my wife and child, I promise what you wish."

"Never to drink wine any more?" cried Kitty, holding my face between her hands, a joyous light sparkling through her tears.

"Never," I answered. "With God's help, I will never taste wine nor strong liquor again. From this hour I shall be free. Oh, Mary, can you ever forgive me for the past?"

She did not reply, but she leaned and kissed me in a way that made my resolution iron.

Just then the children—dear, unconscious little ones—bounded into the room.

"Hurrah, father!" they shouted, "Hurrah for the Fourth of Fourth of July. Ain't we having grand fun though?"

"Hurrah," I responded, huskily, kissing each of the crazy little creature in turn. "And now let us hasten to our breakfast, for we must have a jolly time to-day."

"Indeed we shall," laughed my wife, as she bustled about, with color in her cheeks, and the old, girlish light kindling in her eye, "indeed we shall. Why, John, I never felt so happy in my life."

All this happened some years ago. Time has done many queer things in our family since then. He has put the baby into pantaloons; carried our oldest boy to college; married Kitty to a thriving young lawyer; woven little silvery threads in Mary's hair and mine; and, better than all, has never brought us one unhappy anniversary of my blessed Independence-day.

MAKE YOUR CHILDREN SING.—All children can learn to sing if they commence in season. In Germany every child is taught to use its voice while young. In their schools all join in singing as a regular exercise, as they attend to the study of geography, and in their churches singing is not confined to their choir, who sit apart from the others, perhaps in one corner of the house, but there is a vast tide of incense going forth to God from every heart that can give utterance to the soul. In addition to the delightful influence music has upon the character, it has also a marked influence in suppressing pulmonary complaints. Dr. Rush used to say that the reason why the Germans seldom die of the consumption was that they were always singing. What is more pleasing to parents than to hear the voices of their children pouring forth, like birds, that melodious harmony in the home circle, so dear to all enlightened minds. We say again, teach your children to sing It always makes a happy spot of "Home, sweet Home."

AGRICULTURAL.

CROPS.—The wheat crop has been secured and promises a better yield per acre then last year. Threshers are actively employed, and in great demand. —*Hokah Chief.*

FRUIT.—Wild plumbs and grapes are unusually plenty this season, the former being sold at forty and fifty cents a bushel in this market.—*Anoka Republican.*

LUMBERING.—From present indications Anoka will be well represented in the pineries this season. We hear of five different parties making arrangements for lumbering this winter.—*Ib.*

PLUMB CROP.—The market has been fairly glutted with this excellent native fruit. The oldest inhabitants report that the yield this year is unprecedented in the history of Minnesota.—*State Atlas.*

NEW WHEAT.—Large quantities of the new crop of wheat is being offered in our markets. The quality is excellent, and the yield per acre much better than was anticipated by the most sanguine. Prices paid, rule from sixty-five to eighty cents for spring wheat,—*Ib.*

A PARTIAL FAILURE.—One of the disastrous effects of the August frost is apparent in the serious curtailment of the cranberry crop. From all the information we can gather we are forced to the unwelcome conclusion, that the crop this year will be a very meager one.—*Ib.*

NATIVE APPLES.—Wm. Younger who resides in the west end of Minneapolis Township, has several thrifty apple trees well laden with good sized apples. This fact is additional evidence that apples can be produced in Minnesota. To our mind the question is definitely settled.—*Ib.*

APPLES.—We have seen within the past week several splendid specimens of apples grown in this village. We have also seen a sample of green gage plums, grafted on the wild plum and grown in the garden of Dr. Allen, which are almost equal to anything of the kind we ever seen. We think the present season has demonstrated conclusively that all the hardy varieties of fruit can be grown successfully in Minnesota.—*Chatfield Democrat.*

SHEEP.—A drove of sheep numbering 2,150 were driven through Main Street this morning on their way to Fort Snelling. They were the property of Messrs. Brewsler and Roberts, and came from Michigan and Ohio. There were a large number of lambs in the flock. There is no doubt that our state offers more and better inducements for sheep raising than any in the Union, the climate being peculiarly adapted to the health of the sheep, while with a little capital and energy the best water power in the world can be made available for manufacturing purposes.—*Goodhue Co. Republican.*

APPLES AND PEARS.—J. L. Armstrong laid upon our table an apple and a pear, samples of some he has raised in his garden this season. The apple is of the pippin variety, very large, and sound, through not quite fully ripened. The tree upon which it was grown is of five years growth, from the seed. The pear is a dwarf of the Bartlete variety, large and fine looking (nothing dwarfish in appearance about the pear.) There can be no longer any reasonable doubt as to growing fruit successfully in Minnesota.—*Lake City Times.*

What are Gunnybags.

In answering to this enquiry, which is often made, we give the following explanation: Gunny bags are made from the coarse spun fibres of a plant which grows in India, of which there are many varieties. On the Coromandel coast this plant is called *goni*, and "gunny" is a corruption of this name. The cultivation of the *chutijute*, or "gunny" has been carried on for centuries at Bengal, and gives employment to tens of thousands of inhabitants. "Men, woman and children," says Mr. Henly, find employment there. Boatsmen, in their spare moments, planteon carriers, and domestic servants, everybody, in fact, being Hindoos—for Mussulmen spin cotton only—pass their leisure moments, distaff in hand, spinning gunny twist." The patient and despised Hindoo widow earns her bread in this way. It is said that three hundred thousand tons of *jute* are grown in India, of which one hundred thousand tons are exported as gunny bags, besides one hundred thousand tons in a raw state. A London Company has established a manufactory in Calcutta at an expense of £300,000.

The gunny bag is used for a great variety of purposes. Sugar, coffee, spice, cotton, drugs, indeed almost every article which we pack in dry casks and boxes, is, in the East, packed in gunny bags. It is also made into mats, carpets, ropes, paper, and various other articles. It is related that old gunny bags which contained sugar, and sold to beer makers who sweeten their beer by boiling the sugar out of the bags, and sell them to the mat-makers.

Some six to ten millions of gunnies are exported to this country from India, mostly to North America, besides some four or five thousand tuns of rope and raw jute. There are no manufactories of it into cloth in this country, though it is here made into bed cords, etc. When used for purposes of defense, the bags are filled with sand. They are no better than hemp or flax bags; but are much cheaper.

Mrs. Elsie C. Wheeler, Essex Co., N J., reports to the *Agriculturist*, having planted a plot of ground, 61 feet by 89 feet, with Bulkley's seedling potato, and realized a return of 39 bushels—over 312 bushels per acre.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

FOLLETT & RENICK, Bankers. Dealers in domestic and Exchange, Foreign, State, and County Scrip, Exchange Block, Second street, Hastings, Minn.

THORNE'S BANK.

Transacts a general Banking Business, deals in Eastern and Sterling Exchange, Bank Notes, Gold, Silver, etc.
Special attention given to collections
Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. J. L. THORNE, Banker. 42-tf

Attorneys.

ELI ROBINSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Hastings, Minnesota. 13-tf

C. W. NASH. T. R. HUDDLESTON.
NASH & HUDDLESTON,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Corner of Sibley and Second streets, Hastings, Minn.

H. S. JENNINGS,
Attorney-at-Law. Office over A. M. Pett's drug store, Hastings, Minn.
June 30, 1863. 12-tf

A. M. HAYES. O. T. HAYES.
A. M. & O. T. HAYES,
Attorneys at Law, Vermillion street, near Second, Hastings, Minn.

S. SMITH. R. W. MONTGOMERY.
SMITH & MONTGOMERY.
Attorneys at Law, Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street, in Gardner's new Stone Block. 41-tf

P. HARTSHORN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Justice of the Peace, and Conveyancer. Office, on Ramsey street, over the Post Office, Hastings. 32

JNO. R. CLAGETT. F. S. CROSBY
CLAGETT & CROSBY,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Hastings Minnesota. Particular attention given to obtaining half-pay pensions for widows and minor children of deceased soldiers, invalid pensions by reason of disability incurred in the military service of the United States, and bounties and arrears of pay due relatives of deceased soldiers.
Hastings, Dec, 1, 1862. 34-tf

Physicians.

OTTO STANNIS,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office on Second street, opposite Thorn, Norrish & Co's. Hastings.

H. O. MOWERS,
Surgeon Dentist, Hastings. Office—North-side Second street, between Ramsey and Sibley, over Thorne & Norrish's store.

DR. J. E. FINCH,
Physician and Surgeon, Hastings, Minn. Office corner of Second and Sibley Streets, rear of Nash & Huddleston's law office.
Hastings, June 30, 1863. 12-tf

C. C. RIGHTER. Z. B. NICHOLS.
RIGHTER & NICHOLS,
Homeopathic Physicians, Hastings, Minn. Will attend promptly to all professional calls. Office over City Drug Store. 40-tf

Printing.

IRVING TODD,
Book and Job Printer, Second Street, Hastings, Minn. All kinds of plain and ornamental printing neatly and cheaply executed. The latest styles of type, cuts, and borders on hand, and shall always keep up with the times. Particular attention given to orders from the country. Office over Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block.

Miscellaneous.

CHARLES B. LOWELL,
General Land Agent, Civil Engineer, and Deputy Co Surveyor of Dakota County.

P. B. COOK & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants, Hastings, Minn. Cash advanced on consignments. 16-tf

MRS. MARY TORRANCE,
Private Boarding House, has removed from Second Street to the stand formerly known as the City Hotel, Ramsey street, Hastings.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, will attend promptly to all calls in his line. Ladies' hair cut and curled to order. Shop on Second Street, opposite Thorne & Norrish's.
Hastings, May 14th, 1863. 5-tf

WM. SMITH,
Carriage and Wagon Maker, corner Vermillion and Fourth streets, Hastings. I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage work in the best possible manner, and at short notice.

C. HALDEN
Painters and Paper Hangers, Shop, corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, Hastings, Minn. Carriage Painting done with neatness and dispatch.

CHARLES SCHROTH,
Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Meat. He would inform his old customers and all others, that he continues to keep the best and freshest meat, of all sorts, at his old stand, one door below Edison Elk. His customers will be sure to find everything all right. 32

GROFF & BAILEY,
Real Estate Agents. No. 134 Third Street, (under Thompson's Bank.) St. Paul, Minn. City and county property bought and sold. Collections made and taxes paid for non residents. Also will attend to collection of rents, renting houses and business property. 17-1y

JULIUS HOURIET
Offers the largest stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in town, which he will sell at lower prices than any other house. Repairing done of all kinds, and warranted for one year. Call in before purchasing elsewhere Shop on Ramsey Street, between 2d and 3d.
Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-1y

J. B. VANDERWERKER,
Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery Goods. Keeps constantly on hand Coarse and Fine Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Fly Netts, Horse Collars of extra quality. Particular attention paid to Repairing, on short notice. Carriages Trimmed in the latest style and finish. I would say to my customers that I am thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of their patronage. I will give them a better article and cheaper than they can buy in Minnesota.

MRS. MARY E. TAPLEY
Has just opened on Ramsey Street, at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bixby, a very choice and well selected stock of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this city and its vicinity. Having secured the services of a competent and fashionable milliner, and provided herself with the latest patterns, she is prepared to serve the ladies in millinery and dress making in the most approved and latest styles. Mrs. T. will keep her stock well replenished with such articles as may be called for in the market, and by employing none but the very best help, and a faithful attention to her business, she hopes to merit and receive the patronage of the public. 4-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.—WE are doing an auction and commission business in Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, and all kinds of property. We buy and sell goods on commission, loan and collect money, pay taxes for parties abroad, loan money on pledges, and advance money on property. We keep Watches, Jewelry, and Notions to sell the trade and pedlars. Business from the country promptly attended to. Auction sales every evening, special sales at 10 A. M. Second door from the Merchants' Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.
20-tf H. E. BAKER & Co.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

BLACKSMITH
AND
WAGON SHOP.
I HAVE just opened a new Blacksmith and Wagon Shop on the corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, where I am prepared to execute all kinds of work in my line, promptly, well, and as cheap as any body else. All who want a first rate wagon, or repairing, or blacksmithing of any sort, give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN STREET,
Hastings, June 17, 1862. 1y

GROCERIES, ETC.

GROCERIES, VEGETABLES,
BUTTER,
EGGS,
CHEESE,
STONE AND
WOODEN WARE,
FRUIT, AND
CONFECTIONERY
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Can be found as cheap and of as good quality at the

Fruit and Variety Store,

opposite post-office, as at any other place in the city.
J. B. TINKLEPAUGH & Co.
Hastings, May 14, 1863.

THE NEW STORE.

DRAPER & BALLARD,

HASTINGS, MINN.,

Have opened in Exchange Block a large well selected assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

and solicit an examination of their goods and low prices.

We have in store
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SALT,
NAILS, GLASS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FARMING TOOLS, &c.,

Our stock is large and complete, and will be sold at
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
We have made arrangements with Messrs. HARRISON to keep on hand a large supply of their excellent Flour
The celebrated Moline Plow for sale.
DRAPER & BALLARD.
May 1, 1863. 3-tf

W. D. FRENCH,

Wholesale & Retail

GROCER,

Union Block, - - Hastings, Minn

Having removed to the large new store two doors west of his old stand, will keep constantly on hand a

LARGE STOCK,

Which will be offered at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

Merchants, Farmers, and other purchasers are invited to call and examine his stock and prices.
W. D. FRENCH.
Sept. 15, 1863. 23-tf

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

1863. SPRING. 1863.

THORNE, NORRISH, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Again solicit public attention to their unusual large stock of new

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES, ETC.,
CROCKERY

all of which we have bought during the late panic in New York very low, and shall sell the same

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, would respectfully request a continuance of the same.
THORNE, NORRISH, & Co.
May 7th, 1863. 4-tf

NEW CHEAP STORE.

MARK WILLSON

Has opened a new stock of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, ETC., ETC.

One door west of Bank of Hastings, Second Street. All of which will be disposed of at the lowest prices, for *ready pay only*. Cash customers will find the new store the place to get the greatest amount of goods for the least money. Those wishing good articles at low prices will please call at Willson's New Cash Store. 12-8m*

PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

The New York *Tribune*, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the war for the union, its circulation on the 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-emmently a journal of News and of Literature, the *Tribune* has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant and hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power from the Anexation of Texas to the great rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the model republic; republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its blotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, where liberty and union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever

The *Tribune* devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to education, temperance, agriculture, inventions, and whatever else may ministerno the spiritual and material progress adwell being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the war for the union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the national arms and in the restoration of peace and thrift to our distracted bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the cooperation of all friends of the national cause, which we regard and uphold as that of universal humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

Terms.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers compels us to increase the price of the *Tribune*. Our new terms are

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single copy	3 cents
Mail subscribers, one year	$3

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$3
Two copies one year	5
Five copies one year	12
Ten copies one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$ 2
Three copies one year	5
Five copies one year	8
Ten copies one year	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty the semi-weekly *Tribune* will be sent. To clubs of fifty the daily *Tribune* will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit bank bills. The name of the post-office and state should in all cases be plainly written. Subscribers who send money by express must prepay the express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—BEGINning of a new volume. The number for January, 1863, begins the eleventh volume of the *Atlantic Monthly*. From the commencement, in 1859, the *Atlantic* has rapidly increased in circulation, and it now has the largest class of readers since its beginning, five years ago. Its prosperity steadily augments, and it continues, amid all the fluctuations and dangers incident to our national crisis, to gain ground in the estimation of the public. At a time so pregnant with events which touch the future destinies of America in every vital particular, the publishers and editors do not deem it necessary to promise that its pages will never swerve from the honest paths of loyal patriotism and universal freedom. It opinions have always been on the side of Liberty, Progress, and Right, and the course it first adopted in its early career will ever be faithfully maintained.

The staff of writers regularly contributing to the *Atlantic Monthly* embraces many of the best known authors in American literature, and warrants the publishers in promising to its readers the best essays, the best stories, the best poems, which American talent can furnish.

LIST OF REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS.

In prose and poetry the *Atlantic* staff of writers is unequaled. The following authors are still among the regular contributors: James Russell Lowell, Henry W. Longfellow, Louis Agassiz, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Nathaniel Hawthorne, T. W. Higginson, Author "Margret Howth," Oliver W. Holmes, John G. Whittier, E. P. Whipple, Bayard Taylor, George S. Hillard, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, "The Country Parson," Rose Terry, Harriet E. Prescott. The *Atlantic's* list of contributors includes many of the leading writers of America.

TERMS.—The *Atlantic* is for sale by all book and periodical dealers. Price 25 cts a number. Subscriptions for the year $3, postage paid. Yearly subscriptions received or single numbers supplied by any dealer, or by the publishers. Specimen numbers sent gratis on application to the publishers. Inducements for subscribing, list of premiums, etc., furnished on application to the publishers.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
135 Washington Street,
44-tf Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon.

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel
HASTINGS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. PRATT & CO.,

Dealers in

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
and Tailor's Trimmings.

Also, Hats, Caps, and Gents'

FURNISHING GOODS.

5-tf

Hastings, Minn., May 14, 1863.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, MANUFACturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, New York.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces considerably over four thousand different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz:

72 Major-Generals,	525 Statesmen,
190 Brig.-Generals,	127 Divines,
259 Colonels,	116 Authors,
84 Lieut.-Colonels,	36 Artists,
267 Other Officers,	112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers,	46 Prominent Women,
117 Prominent Foreign Portraits.	

2,500 COPIES OF WORKS OF ART,

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1 80, and sent by mail *free*.

Photographic Albums.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of

Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.

Our Catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
501 Broadway, New York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

Fine Albums made to order for congregations to present to their p stor, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions.

17-6mo

RAILROADS.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

The old reliable and

DIRECT ROUTE,

via Dunleith. Express passenger trains leave Dunleith morning and evening, making quick time and close connections to all points

EAST AND SOUTH.

No change of cars between Dunleith and Chicago. Elegant sleeping cars attached to night trains. Baggage checked through to all important points. Fare lower to southern points than any other railroad line, and as low to eastern cities as the lowest.

This is the only direct route to

St. Louis and Cairo,

and passengers will arrive at these points from eighteen to twenty four hours quicker than by any route through Chicago.

Freight transported to Milwaukee, Chicago, or points South and East at as low rates and as quick time guaranteed as by any other route from the Mississippi River.

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chi.
W. R. ARTHUR, Gen. Supt. Chicago.
J. S. TILDESLY, Gen. Western Agent.

Inquire for tickets by Illinois Central Railroad.

SAMUEL ROGERS, JR., Agent,
Cor. Vermillion and 2d Streets,
16-3m Hastings, Minn.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT,

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M, and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The change from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,

9-tf Agents, on Levee.

THE CONSERVER.

Published every Tuesday Morning at
HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

Terms.

Single copy one year	$ 2 00
" " six months,	1 00
" " three months,	50
Five copies, to one address,	8 75
Ten " "	15 00
Twenty " " and one to getter up of club.	30 00

Payment invariably in advance.

Address IRVING TODD, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

1 square	1 week	$1 00	2 squares	6 months	9 00
1 "	2 weeks	1 50	2 "	1 year	15 00
1 "	3 "	1 75	3 "	1 week	2 25
1 "	4 "	2 00	3 "	2 "	3 00
1 "	5 "	2 25	3 "	3 "	4 00
1 "	6 "	2 50	3 "	4 "	5 00
1 "	7 "	2 75	3 "	3 months	9 00
1 "	2 months	3 00	3 "	6 "	12 00
1 "	3 "	3 75	3 "	1 year	20 00
1 "	4 "	4 50	¼ col	6 months	15 00
1 "	5 "	5 25	¼ "	1 year	25 00
1 square	6 months	6 00	½ "	6 months	15 00
1 "	1 year	10 00	½ "	1 year	30 00
2 squares	1 week	1 75	½ "	6 months	25 00
2 "	2 "	2 50	½ "	1 year	40 00
2 "	3 "	3 00	¾ "	1 year	50 00
2 "	4 "	4 00	1 "	1 year	70 00
2 "	3 months	6 00			

One inch in space will be counted as a square of solid matter.

Business cards on second page, not exceeding seven lines, seven dollars per year; each additional line one dollar.

Legal advertisements inserted at the rates prescribed by statute, and attorneys ordering such advertisements will be held responsible

Special notices 15 cents per line for first insertion and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements must be paid in advance —all others quarterly.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered, will be continued until they are ordered out, and charged accordingly.

Darn It.

Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
If he should tumble out of bed
Who never to himself had said,
Darn it!

Or who, when shaving in morning cold,
Has gashed his chin with razor old,
Who could these powerful words withhold,
Darn it!

Or when dancing at a ball,
The boots he wore were mighty small,
Who would not these words let fall,
Darn it!

When bowing to some lady gay,
Suspender buttons both gave way,
Where is the man that would not say,
Darn it!

Or when one's notes and bills fall due,
And banks are hard and wont renew,
In these two words there's comfort true,
Darn it!

Or if a fellow with love is smitten,
And letters to his love has written,
And after all should get the mitten,
Darn it!

To all young ladies we appeal,
If these two words are not genteel,
And if you've a hole in your stocking heel,
Darn it!

In short, when things have gone past bearing
All into thread one's patience wearing,
These words are better far than swearing,
Darn it!

Queer things get into the newspapers. Thus it is related that a diffident Hartford bachelor went to the sea-shore in August to take refuge from the loneliness of his celibacy, and one dark evening, enjoying the breeze on the piazza of his hotel, happened to take a seat that had just been vacated by the husband of a loving wife, with whom he had been chatting. In a few moments the lady returned, and, mistaking the stranger for her husband, lovingly encircled his neck and gave him an affectionate kiss, with the remark, "Come, darling; is it not about time to retire?" He did not faint, but the shock was very severe.

An anecdote relative to the late Prof. Wilson is just now circulating. When the suitor for the hand of his daughter had gained the lady's approbation, he was, of course, referred to papa. Having stated his case, the young gentleman was directed to desire the young lady to come to her father, and doubtless her obedience was prompt. Prof. Wilson had before him for review some book, on the fly-leaf of which was duly inscribed, "With the author's compliments." He tore this out, pinned it to his daughter's dress, solemnly led her to the young lover, and went back to his work. No doubt the young man fully appreciated the gift, conveyed in such a technical manner.

A little girl about six years old was talking with her uncle recently:

"Minnie, did you ever hear of Curry, the calf-weaner?"

"No, sir."

"There was a man named Curry, so ugly that he followed calf weaning for a living. When the calf was with the cow he would look under on the other side, and as soon as the calf saw him it would let go, run off, and never suck again."

"Uncle, I think you could wean 'em quick!"

A gray-haired rebel sinner lately returned to Memphis after an absence of two years, and thus summed up his grievances: "My farm has been pillaged; my cotton has been burned; my slaves have escaped; three of my boys have died; and my old women has n't had a fine-tooth comb for more than two years." Was there ever sorrow like his?

An enraged parent had jerked his provoking son across his knee, and was operating on the exposed portion of the child's person with great vehemence, when the young one dug into his parent's legs with his venomous little teeth. "Blazes! what are you biting me for?" "Well," said the hopeful, "who beginned this 'ere war?"

A Hampshire man, noted for his calmness and a scolding wife, was one night stopped in the woods by a pretended ghost. "I can 't stop, my friend," said he. "If you are a man, I must request of you to get out of the way and let me pass. If you are the devil, come along and take supper, for I married your sister.

Enjoy your own life without comparing it with that of another.

HARDWARE.

ATTENTION EVERY BODY!

Buy Where You Can Buy Cheapest and get Good Articles.

If you want good hoes and forks, go to Thomas' Hardware Store.

If you want good scythes and snaths cheap, go to Thomas'.

HARDWARE.

If you want fine table and pocket cutlery, go to Thomas' Gheap Store.

If you want nails or iron cheap, go straight to Thomas', and no where else.

If you want any kind of tools cheap and good, go to Thomas.

If you want hatchets or axes of the best quality, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want kerosene oil cheap and good go to Thomas.

HARDWARE.

If you want stoves and tinware of the best quality and cheap as the cheapest, go to the cheap hardware store of John Thomas.

If you want locks, latches, butts and screws, or any kind of house trimmings, Thomas' is the place to buy.

If you want sheep shears, gopher traps, smooth irons, iron bench screws, augurs, augur bitts, hand bells, cow bells, or any article kept in a hardware store, go to Thomas' and get it cheap and of the best quality.

HARDWARE.

Try it and see if you cannot make money at it.

JOHN THOMAS.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

HARDWARE.

M. MC HUGH,

Dealer in

HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
STOVES, ETC.,

Corner of Second and Vermillion Streets, Hastings, Minnesota,

has on hand and is constantly receiving a general assortment and a full supply of

Iron,
Nails,
Tinware,
Glass,
Sash,
And
Putty,

Also the best stock of

CUTLERY

ever before exhibited in this market. These goods have been bought expressly for this trade, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

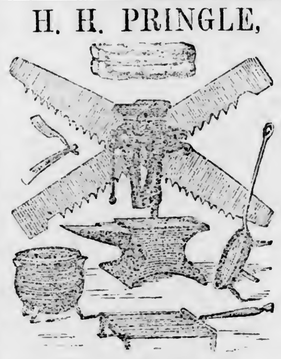
I am also agent for, and have on hand, the celebrated

STEWART COOKING STOVE,

known to be the best cooking stove manufactured.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

H. H. PRINGLE,



Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Mechanics' Tools,
Building Materials,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, ETC

HASTINGS, MIN.

TIN,

SHEET IRON & COPPER W'K

ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

R. J. MARVIN,

Dealer in

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ETC., ETC.

On hand a large stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
COLORS,
GLASS, AND
PAINTERS'
STOCK GENERALLY.

Also

Garden and Field

SEEDS.

Please give me a call before purchasing. Try my goods and prices, which is a better test than *blowing*.

May 1, 1863. 3-tf

PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF

PRINTING

Neatly and Cheaply Executed

AT THE

CONSERVER OFFICE.

Cards,
Programmes,
Bill-Heads,
Circulars,
Posters,
Etc.,

Printed to Order and at

SHORT NOTICE.

Having received a choice supply of

NEW MATERIAL

from the East, am prepared to do

PLAIN AND FANCY WORK,

in styles to defy competition.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

IRVING TODD.

FURNITURE.

H. BUTTURFF,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY,

DOMESTIC WILLOW WARE,

CRIBS, HOBBY HORSES,

PROPELLERS, BABY-JUMPERS,

FEATHERS, PILLOWS, MATRESSES

COMFORTERS, WINDOW SHADES,

TABLE and FLOOR OIL CLOTH,

CARPETS, CURLED HAIR, etc. etc.

PARLOR FURNITURE,

Cane Seat and Common Chairs, Extention, Dining and Centre Tables, Rocking Chairs, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Tin Safes, Picture Frames and Looking glasses.

I keep employed the best of workmen, and manufacture to order, with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Coffins on hand and made to order.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

THE LIVING AND THE DEAD CAN be supplied at

Herzog & Corson's

with all kinds of

Sash, Doors,
Blinds, Chairs,
Cabinet Ware,
Planing, Matching,
Sawing, Turning.
Etc., Etc.

Coffins of all kinds and styles, a large lot always on hand. Sole agents for

THE METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

Come and buy a good article cheap for cash or produce. Wood, Lumber, Pork, etc. taken in exchange for work.

Sale Rooms and Factory corner of Second and Eddy Streets, west of S. Enger's store. HERZOG & CORSON.

Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 38-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. VAN AUKEN. R. H. LANGLEY

VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,

STORAGE,

FORWARDING & COMMISS'N MERCHANTS,

Dealers in Produce, and Agents for

Threshing Machines and Reapers,

RAILROAD & STEAMBOAT TICKET AGENTS.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL,	$100,000
NETT SURPLUS,	$138,000

Dividends on capital limited by its charter to seven per cent per annum—the entire profits go to the policy holders.

R. W. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street in Gardner's new stone block. 42-1y

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

1863. THE 1863.

MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

Daily, Semi-Weekly, Weekly.

The proprietors of the *Wisconsin*, begs leave to announce that owing to increasing expenditures for Special Telegraphic and War Correspondence, together with various improvements in contemplation for the coming year, he has felt compelled to make some changes in the scale of prices at which it is furnished to subscribers. By comparison with the prices of other journals, it will be seen that the *Wisconsin* is still, as it ever has been, the cheapest paper in the North-West.

We shall continue to print the *Wisconsin* upon the plainest type and the finest paper that can be made, thus retaining the name of the "handsomest paper in the state."

The present proprietor has conducted the paper over fifteen years, and it is unnecessary for him to speak of his ability or enterprise as a Live Independent Newspaper. He will only say that his journal is faithfully pledged to the suppression of the rebellion and the destruction of the rebels in arms, by every means in the power of the Government, and to the most cordial and active support of the President in his Proclamation of Freedom.

Our list of correspondence embraces every regiment of Wisconsin soldiers, as well as the several grand divisions of the Union Army. The Local and Commercial Departments will receive the undivided attention of the most competent Editors and Reporters.

We call particular attention to the Semi-Weekly *Wisconsin*. It will be a large thirty-two column paper, without advertisements, made up expressly for country circulation. All matter of the Daily *Wisconsin* will appear in this sheet; thus the subscriber will receive all the news of a daily paper for the price of the semi-weekly.

DAILY WISCONSIN—BY MAIL.

Published every day (except Sundays,) at 9 A. M., 12 M,, and 3 P. M., at the following rates:

1 copy 12 months, in advance	$8 00
1 copy 6 months, "	4 00
1 copy 3 months, "	2 00

SEMI-WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Tuesday and Thursday morning, as follows:

1 copy 1 year, in advance	$3 00
1 copy 6 months, "	1 50
4 copies 1 year (in one order)	10 00
10 copies 1 year " "	22 50

Additional copies at the rate of the club. Specimen numbers sent to any address.

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Wednesday morning, and mailed every Tuesday evening.

1 copy 8 mos, in advance	$ 1 00
1 copy 1 year, "	1 50
10 copies 1 year, "	13 00
20 copies 1 year, "	25 00

Additional copies at the rate of the club.

An extra copy will be sent to persons getting up clubs of ten or more of the Weekly. Money in registered letters may be sent at our risk.

WM. E. CRAMER,
38-tf Milwaukee, Wis.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST, AND MOST successful Family Paper in the Union. A complete pictorial history of the times.

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

Splendidly illustrated. Price six cents a number—$3 00 a year.

Critical Notices of the Press.

Its fresh leaves, its clear type, its entertaining variety, its severe but just criticisms upon the follies of the times, its elegantly written and instructive articles, and its able correspondence, all combine to make it the model newspaper of our country, and one that every family must prize. Its condensed weekly summary of foreign and domestic intelligence is altogether superior to that contained in any other journal. Being published, too, in a form for preservation and binding, if taken care of as it deserves to be, it will be found in future years as welcome a companion for the family and fireside as the day on which it was first perused.—N. Y. Evening Post.

We would not so often call attention to Harper's Weekly if we were not well satisfied that it is the best family paper published in the United States, and for that reason, and that alone, we desire to see it undermine and root out a certain kind of literature too prevalent, which blunts the morals of its readers, vitiates their taste for sensible reading, and is abroad, as it is, in its effects.—New London Advertiser.

Wherever we go—in rail cars and steamboats—we find it eized with eagerness, because of its spirited sketches of passing events. We all like to look at the faces of men we have read of, and at ships and forts that have figured in the bloody scenes of war. Of all such men and places and events this paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters and publishers are turned to dust.—N. Y. Evangelist.

TERMS.

One Copy for One Year,	$3 00
One Copy for Two Years,	5 00

An extra copy will be allowed for every club of ten subscribers, at $2 50 each, or 11 copies for $25.

Harper's Magazine and *Harper's Weekly* together, one year, $5 00. *Harper's Weekly* is electrotyped, and back numbers can be had at any time.

Vols. I., II., III., IV., V., and VI., for the years 1857 to 1862 inclusive, of *Harper's Weekly*, handsomely bound in cloth extra, price $4 38 each, are now ready. The postage upon *Harper's Weekly*, when paid in advance at the office where it is received, is twenty-six cents a year.

HARPER & BROTHERS,
48-tf Franklin Square, New York,

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.—FOR the Farm, Garden, and Household. A thorough-going, reliable, and practical journal, devoted to the different departments of soil culture—such as growing field crops; orchard and garden fruits; garden vegetables and flowers; trees; plants, and flowers for the lawn or yard, care of domestic animals, etc., and to household labors. It has also an interesting and instructive department for children and youth, alone worth the cost of the paper. A full calendar of operations every month. Three to four hundred, or more, illustrative engravings appear in each volume. Over twelve hundred plain, practical, instructive articles and useful items, are given every year. The editors are all practical working men. The teachings of the Agriculturist are confined to no state or territory, but are adapted to the wants of all sections of the country—it is, as its name indicates, for the whole American Continent.

TERMS—INVARIBLY IN ADVANCE.

(For either the English or German Edition)

One copy, one year	$1 00
Six copies, one year	5 00

Ten or more copies one year 80 cents each.

Add to the above rates postage to Canada 6 cents; to England and France 24 cents; to Germany 36 cents. Postage anywhere in the United States and territories must be paid by the subscriber, and is only six cents a year, if paid in advance at the office where received. All business and other communications should be addressed to the editor and proprietor.

ORANGE JUDD,
41 Park Row, New York City.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—The readers of the *Continental* are aware of the important position it has assumed, of the influence which it exerts, and of the brilliant array of political and literary talent of the highest order which supports it. No publication of the kind has, in this country, so successfully combined the energy and freedom of the daily newspaper with the higher literary tone of the first-class monthly; and it is very certain that the magazine has given wider range to its contributors, or preserved itself so completely from the narrow influences of party or faction. In times like the present, such a journal is either a power in the land or it is nothing. That the *Continental* is not the latter is abundantly evinced by what it has done—by the reflection of its counsels in many important public events, and in the character and power of those who are its staunchest supporters.

Though but little more than a year has elapsed since the *Continental* was first established, it has during that time acquired a strength and a political significance elevating it to a position far above that previously occupied by any publication of the kind in America. In proof of which assertion we call attention to the following facts:

1. Of its political articles republished in pamphlet form, a single one has had, thus far, a circulation of one hundred and six thousand copies.

2. From its literary department, a single serial novel, Among the Pines, has, within a very few months, sold nearly thirty-five thousand copies. Two other series of its literary articles have also been republished in book form, while the first portion of a third is already in press.

No more conclusive facts need to be alleged to prove the excellence of the contributions to the *Continental*, or their extraordinary popularity; and its conductors are determined that it shall not fall behind. Preserving all "the boldness, vigor, and ability" which a thousand journals have attributed to it, it will greatly enlarge its circle of action, and discuss, fearlessly and frankly, every principle involved in the great questions of the day. The first minds of the country, embracing the men most familiar with its diplomacy and most distinguished for ability, are among its contributors; and it is no mere flattering promise of a prospectus to say that this magazine for the times will employ the first intellect in America, under auspices which no publication ever enjoyed before in this country.

While the *Continental* will express decided opinions on the great questions of the day, it will not be a mere political journal: much the larger portion of its columns will be enlivened, as heretofore, by tales, poetry, and humor. In a word, the *Continental* will be found, under its new staff of editors, occupying a position and presenting attractions never before found in a magazine.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

Two copies for one year,	$ 5 00
Three copies for one year,	6 00
Six copies for one year,	11 00
Eleven copies for one year,	20 00
Twenty copies for one year,	36 00

Paid in advance. Postage 36 cents a year, to be paid by the subscriber. Single copies $3 a year, in advance. Postage paid by the publisher. 12-tf

JOHN F. THOW, 50 Greene St., N.Y.,
Publisher for the Proprietors.

ONLY $1 25 A YEAR IN CLUBS OF 4.

Arthur's Home Magazine,

For 1863. Vols. XXI. and XXII. Edited by T. S. Arthur and Virginia F. Townsend. Contains novelets, stories, poetry, fashions, steel and wood engravings, needlework patterns in great variety, a mother's department, children's department, housekeeper's and health departments, with literary reviews, and all the accessories of a first-class magazine.

The Lady's Book bears this flattering testimony to the character of Arthur's Home Magazine:

"As we have often before said, it is, without controversy, the best $2 magazine published in the country; and this is the strongly outspoken testimony everywhere given by the press. We know of no periodical that so well deserves the praise bestowed. The editors never tire in their endeavors to give each month a rich and varied literary repast to their readers. Their work is kept fully up to the standard of their promise, is never dull, yet always full of instruction. We have often said, and repeat it again, that it should make a part of the reading of every household. We know of no better educator of the people, young and old. Of the editors we need not speak; their names are household words all over the country. In their hands no periodical can fail to reach the highest point of excellence."

A new serial by T. S. Arthur will be commenced in the January number entitled Out in the World.

Rare and elegant premiums are sent to all who make up clubs: 1. A large photographic copy of that splendid engraving Shakspeare and his Cotemporaries. 2. A large photographic copy from an engraving of Huntington's celebrated picture Mercy's Dream. 3. A similar copy of Herring's Glimpse of an English Homestead.

TERMS.—$2 a year in advance and one premium plate. Two copies $3. Three for $4. Four for $5. Eight and one to getter up of club for $10. One of the premium plates is sent to every getter up of a club, small or large. Three red stamps must be sent to pay the postage on each premium. Address

T. S. ARTHUR & CO.,
323 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE INDEPENDENT, EDITED BY Henry Ward Beecher, is a religious newspaper, and a real newspaper. It affords its readers fair and thoughtful editorial discussions of the most important facts and occurrences and interests of this nation and of the world. A comprehensive record of facts, men and movements of the religious world. A full and careful weekly history of the progress of the rebellion. Ample chronicles of the important general news; home and foreign. Fair and careful accounts of new books; made on the express principle of serving as a safe guide to buyers. Interesting correspondence from Washington; from the West; from the army; from abroad. Six columns a week of carefully selected matter for family reading; being prose and poetry, suited to interest both the old people and the young people. A full chronicle of the progress of business and of the current prices of merchandise, produce and live stock in New York City

ONE SERMON EVERY WEEK

By Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. The following eminent writers are special contributers to its columns:—

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe,
Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler,
Rev. Robert M. Hatfield,
Rev. George B. Cheever,
Horace Greely,
Bayard Taylor,
John G. Whittier.

TERMS.—$2 per annum, paid in advance. Specimen numbers sent gratis.

JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher,
No. 5 Beekman Street, New York.

For sale by news agents.

PATENT MEDICINES.

"On post-ing lines contracts our powers,
For the whole boundless Continent is ours."

DR. ROBACK'S

BLOOD PURIFIER

AND

BLOOD PILLS

have been introduced to the public for more than six years, and have acquired an

Immense Popularity,

far exceeding any Family Medicines of a similar nature in the market.

An appreciating public was not long in discovering they possessed remarkable

Curative Properties,

and hence their

Rapid Sale

and consequent profit to the Proprietor, thus enabling him to expend

Many Thousands

of dollars each year in advertising their merits, and publishing the

Numerous Certificates

which have been showered upon him from

All parts of the Country.

The peculiarity of the

Blood Purifier and Pills

is that they strike at the root of Disease, by eradicating every particle of impurity

In the Blood,

for the life and health of the body depends upon the purity of the blood.

If the blood is poisoned, the body drags out a miserable existence. These medicines

Are Unequaled

for curing

Sore Throat, Liver Complaint,
Skin Diseases, Female Complaints,
Salt Rheum, Rheumatism,
Dyspepsia, Syphilis,
Old Sores, Fever and Ague,
Incordina, Sick Headache,
Erysipelas, St. Anthony's Fire,
Tumors, Eruptions,
Fits, Scrofulous Consumption, etc.

ONE person writes, her daughter was cured of fits of nine years' standing, and a Vitus' dance of two years.

ANOTHER writes, his son was cured after his flesh had almost wasted away.

The doctors pronounced the case incurable.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever and Ague after trying every medicine in his reach.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever Sore which had existed fourteen years.

ANOTHER of Rheumatism of eight years.

Cases innumerable of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint could be mentioned in which the Purifier and Pills

Work like a Charm.

The Blood Pills

are the most active and thorough pills that have ever been introduced.

They act so directly upon the Liver, exciting that organ to such an extent as that the system does not relapse into its former condition, which is too apt to be the case with simply a purgative pill.

They are really a

Blood and Liver Pill,

which, in conjunction with the

Blood Purifier,

will cure all the aforementioned diseases, and, of themselves, will relieve and cure

Headache, Costiveness,
Colic Pains, Cholera Morbus,
Indigestion, Pain in the Bowels,
Dizziness, etc.

Try these medicines, and you will never regret it.

Ask your neighbors, who have used them, and they will say they are

Good Medicines,

and you should try them before going for a physician.

Get a Pamphlet or Almanac of my local agent, and read the certificates, and if you have ever doubted you will

Doubt no more.

As a proof that the Blood Purifier and Pills are purely vegetable, I have the certificates of three eminent chemists, Professors Chilton of New York, and Locke of Cincinnati.

Dr. H. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates published in a conspicuous part of this Paper from time to time.

Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purifier, Super Bottle or $ 6 per half dozen. Of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, or five boxes for $1.

Principal office and Salesroom, No. 6 East Fourth St., 24 Building from Main St., Cincinnati, O. Laboratory, No. 18 Hammond Street.

FOR SALE BY

A. M. Pett, Hastings, J. R. Tinkcom, Mankato, W. H. McCollum, Mankato, and by druggists and merchants generally throughout the United States, Canadas and Brazil.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs Woolens, etc., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, etc. Put up in 25c, 50c, and $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks. $8 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, etc.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold wholesale in all large cities.

Sold by all druggists and retailer. every where.

Beware of all worthless imitations.

See that COSTAR'S name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask before you buy.

Address HENRY R. COSTAR.

Principal depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by A. M PETT,
Wholesale and Retail Agent.
51-19m Hastings, Minn.

OLD PAPERS, SUITABLE FOR WRAPpers, for sale at this office at 50 cents per hundred. IRVING TODD.

Sept. 22, 1863. 24-tf

THE CONSERVER.

Minnesota Conference—9th Annual Session.

FIRST DAY.

The annual conference of the M. E. Church convened at Hastings, Sept. 30, 1863, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

The opening religious exercises by the Bishop, and prayer by David Brooks.

The roll of the conference was called by Jabez Brooks, secretary of last conference.

Jabez Brooks was elected secretary by acclamation, and N. Lathrop and J. G. Speckman assistants.

The following standing committees were then ordered:

On Public Worship.—Cyrus Brooks, T. M. Gossard, John Schnell.

Stewards.—Thomas Day, J. G. Speckman, Nahum Tainter.

Necessitous Cases.—The conference stewards.

Missions.—The presiding elders.

Education.—Daniel Cobb, Benjamin F. Crary, Ira H. Richardson, Jabez Brooks, James S. Perigrine, Nicholas S. Ohlstrom, Herman Richter, William Traeger.

Sunday Schools.—David Brooks, William C. Shaw, John Garner, Ezra Tucker, Charles Griswold, Nicholas S. Ohlstrom, William Schreiner, Henry Schnitker.

State of the Country.—James F. Chaffee, Andrew J. Nelson, Thos. Mc Clary, Geo. W. T. Wright, David Tice, Peter Lorg, A. Lampreicht, Charles Hollman.

Bible Cause.—Justus O. Rich, Edward Eggleston, Charles G. Bowdish.

Lay Delegation.—Daniel Cobb, Ezra R. Lathrop, Abial A. Abbott, John W. Powell, James Cowden, Eric Shagren, Henry Betcher, Fred. Freigenbaum.

German Work.—David Brooks, T. M. Gossard, Sherman A. Chubbuck, Geo. W. Richardson, James S. Pergrine, Carl F. Lindguist, Herman Richter, William Traeger.

Scandinavian Work.—Edward Eggleston, Eric Shogren, John D. Rich.

Post-Offices.—T. P. Morse.

Temperance.—John Quigley, James Peet, J. O. Rich.

Tract Cause.—Geo. W. T. Wright, James Cowden, Levi Gleason.

Parsonages.—Benjamin F. Crary, Chas. G. Bowdish, Ed. Eggleston.

The time of opening the morning session was fixed at 8 o'clock, and adjournment at 12, M.

By the request of the conference the Bishop appointed B. F. Crary and D. Cobb to examine such candidates for admission on trial as may not have been before the committees.

The following resolution was presented and adopted.

Whereas, The anniversaries of our conference societies in the past have been but indifferently sustained, resulting in great loss to the conference and its patrons of enjoyment and profit.

Resolved, That we as a conference instruct the managers to hold the anniversaries of the Missionary and Sunday School Societies on Friday and Saturday evenings.

Resolved, That in view of the Bishop's extensive knowledge of our mission work he be requested to participate in the missionary anniversary.

Resolved, That the preparatory sermon be preached at 3, P. M., of the day on which the missionary anniversary is to be held in evening.

D. Conn.
B. F. Crary.

The following were appointed a committee on anniversaries:

B. F. Crary, D. Cobb, T. M. Gossard, J. Schnell.

The conference ordered a draft on the chartered fund for $30, and on the book concern for $400.

The committees on anniversaries were allowed to retire.

The conference took up the 1st question, Who remain on trial? W. F. Traeger continued on trial, A. Lampreicht, E. Schutte, W. Maltby, J. G. Teter, Harvey Webb severally examined and continued on trial.

The seventh question was taken up. Who are the superannuated preachers? C. W. Harris, M. Springer, N. Hobart, S. C. Pennock, L. S. Peterson, Westerfieldt, S. Spates, J. W. Door, G. Siehrasse, J. Kerns, R. Hoover, C. T. Barkaloa were continued in the superannuated relation. Peter Akers transferred to the Illinois conference. Z. C. Norton made effective, H. Kolbe located at his own request.

The conference took up the examination of effective elders. J. F. Chaffee, P. E., of Minneapolis District, represented his district and his character passed.

The character of the following brethren passed:

D. Cobb, L. Gleason, J. Hooper, D. Brooks, S. T. Sterritt, J. D. Rich, and G. S. Stevenson. On motion G. S. Stevenson was granted a location at his own request. T. M. Kirkpatrick, transferred to Iowa conference. When the name of A. S. Kennon was called his P. E. stated that having been transferred to their conference appointed to the Clearwater Circuit, but hearing of the Indian difficulties he did not report himself to his circuit and is still in Indiana.

The following was presented and adopted:

Whereas, The evenings during the session of conference are mostly taken up with anniversaries leaving therefore little opportunity for public preaching,

Whereas, We believe the conference by this arrangement fails to minister to the spiritual interests of the people, therefore

Resolved, That we hereby instruct the committee on public worship to provide for preaching at 3 o'clock, P. M., for such afternoon as not already appropriated for other services.

J. Brooks.
T. M. Gossard.
C. Brooks.
C. G. Bowdish.
B. F. Crary.
D. Cobb.

C. Brooks, P. E. of St. Paul District, represented his district and his character passed. The character of the following brethren passed:

E. Eggleston, J. O Rich, T. M. Gossard, J. M. Rogers, J. Peet, E. R. Lathrop, J. H. White, and B. F. Crary. E. Eggleston was granted a superannuated relation.

A. G. Perkins, P. E., of St. Peter District, represented his district and his character passed. R. Price and John Gunn's character passed.

Sias Bolles, P. E., of Red Wing District, represented his district, and character passed.

Dr. Hitchcock, book agent at Cincinnati, entered the conference room and was introduced by the Bishop. The character of the following brethren passed:

Ezra Tucker, Thos. Day, G. W. T. Wright, J. W. Powell, Boyd Phelps, C. G. Bowdish, J. Brooks.

John Quigley, P. E., of the Winona District, represented his district and his character passed. The character of J. S. Penyman, J. W. Klepper, N. Lathrop, A. J. Nelson, A. Wattson, J. Conder, A. N. Tainter passed.

Eric Shagren, P. E., of the Scandinavian District, reported his district and his character passed. The character of H. H. Holland passed. The name of N. Berg being called, on motion a committee of thirteen were ordered to try his case.

H. Roth, P. E., of Red Wing, German District, reported his district and his character passed. The character of the following brethren passed:

J. G. Speakman, H. Richter, W. Fiegenbaum, and John Brauer.

P. Funk, P. E. of St. Paul District, represented his district and his character passed. F. Fiegerbaum, H. Singenstrue, C. Hollman, H. Schnitker, and John Schnell were examined and their character passed. F. Groechtenmoyer passed from the church militant to the church triumphant on the 16th of April, 1863.

Adjourned with the doxology and benediction by B. F. Crary.

SECOND DAY.

The conference met at 8 o'clock, religious exercises being conducted by D. Cobb.

The list of absentees was called; 12 answered to their names. The minutes of the previous session read and approved. The committee on publication of the minutes of last year made his report.

The book accounts of New York were on motion referred to G. W. Richardson for collection. David Brooks and Z. C. Norton were appointed a committee to examine local deacons for elder's orders.

The reports and exhibits of the book concern at New York and Cincinnati were read and placed on file. Dr. Hitchcock, book agent at Cincinnati, addressed the conference. The circular of the secretary of the Sunday School Union was presented and referred to the committee on Sunday Schools. The circular of the Tract Society referred to the committee on Tract Cause. The conference ordered the publication of the minutes. The collection of the sums due for the minutes was referred to J. W. Klepper.

The conference took up the 5th question, Who are elected and ordained elders? G. Galpin not before the committee, his character passed, and he was granted a location at his own request. N. S. Ohlstrom, T. McClary, Jesse Smith, W. C. Shaw, A. H. Abbott, C. F. Lindguist, T. P. Morse were severally examined and elected to elder's orders. W. C. Shaw was granted a superannuated relation. A. G. Smith was reported as having withdrawn during the year and his certificate of ordination returned to the conference. D. Tice not before the committee, his character passed. N. Christopherson was granted a superannuated relation. M. Mapes not before the committee, granted a location at his own request. C. T. Barkaloo not before the committee.

Wm. McKinley, an elder in good standing, from the N. W. Wisconsin conference was introduced to the conference, and the Bishop announced him transferred to the conference.

The 3d question was taken up, Who are admitted into full connection. The Bishop called before him the class eligible to full connection.

After an appropriate and impressive address the Bishop propounded the usual questions. C. H. Savidge was examined and admitted, he being a deacon. D. B. Gleason, W. Schriener, H. Boetcher, C. Thalenhorst, John Haas, W. H. Soule, and S. T. Richardson were each examined, and admitted to full connection, and elected to deacon's orders. Chas. J. Hays not examined, his character passed, and he continued on trial. Lieut Col. Adams, of the Minnesota First Regiment of Volunteers, was introduced to the conference.

The conference proceeded to fix the place of its next meeting. St. Paul was unanimously selected by the conference.

The following were appointed the committee on the case of W. Berg: D. Brooks, chairman, J. S. Peregrine, D. Cobb, I. H. Richardson, C. F. Lindguist, D. Tice, E. R. Lathrop, B. Phelps, J. D. Rich, F. Fiegenbaum, G. W. Richardson, J. Schnell, W. McKinley, T. P. Morse.

The conference took up the 4th question, Who are the Deacons? J. H. Richardson examined and character passed; J. Door not examined, character passed; F. Hermsmeyer and W. Rotert examined and character passed; F. Fischer not examined, granted a superannuated relation; R. Irmscher not examined, character passed; C. Griswold not examined, character passed; C. J. Forsberg not examined, character passed; P. Long and A. Johnson examined and character passed.

On motion, 10 o'clock to-morrow morning was fixed as the time for the election of delegates.

Anthony Wilford, a local deacon, O. P. Light, a local elder, Bartley Blain, a local elder, S. N. Phelps, a local elder, and G. W. Bennett, a local elder, were severally re-admitted into this conference. John Horst, an elder, of Northern Ohio Conference was transferred to the conference. William A. Chambers, an elder, of the N. W. Wisconsin conference was transferred to this conference.

The visiting committee of the Hamlin University presented their annual report, which after reading was referred to the committee on education. Alfred Hitchcock, a local deacon, was re-admitted.

A. J. Nelson was on motion elected assistant secretary.

The following were appointed a committee on the Christian Freedman's Aid Society:

B. F. Crary. E. R. Lathrop, W. Mc Kinley.

D. Brooks was on motion released from committee on Sunday Schools, and S. Gleason appointed in his place. A Lampriecht was appointed a committee on memoirs.

The customary notices were given, and the conference adjourned with the doxology and the benediction by T. M. Gossard.

THIRD DAY.

The conference met at 8 o'clock, A. M. Bishop Ames in the chair. Religious services conducted by B. F. Crary. The minutes of the previous session read and with slight correction approved.

Joshua Barnard, recommended from Blue Earth City Circuit, was admitted on trial; James H. Crofut, from Taylor Fall's station, admitted; John Pugh, of the Detroit Conference, was introduced to the conference.

T. N. Berlin, from Clearwater and Maine Prairie Circuit, admitted on trial.

Lorenzo D. Brown, a local elder, was re-admitted; B. Y. Coffin, a local elder, was re-admitted.

John G. Bauer, recommended from Shakopee Mission, was admitted on trial.

B. Crist was on motion located. The name of Sherman A. Chubbuck being called, it was moved that the conference hereby express its disapproval of his leaving his appointment during the year, and with this his character passed. The motion was carried.

Peter M. Johnson, from Kandiyohi Mission, admitted on trial. The committee on memoirs reported on the death of Groechtenmeyer. The German brethren at the request of the Bishop united in singing a hymn. W. Hamilton, of the N. W. Wisconsin conference, was introduced to the conference.

G. W. T. Wright inroduced the matter of placing gravestones on the grave of our departed brother Samuel N. Forest. The Bishop stated the plan adopted by some conferences.

On motion a committee of three were appointed to report on the whole subject: G. W. T. Wright, B. F. Crary, and H. Roth.

D. Brooks offered a resolution to the effect that the $400 received by the conference from the book concern be funded for the benefit of the conference, lost.

The conference by vote recommended the cancelling on the part of the book concern of the debt incurred by Powell for Sunday School books.

The committee on parsonages reported and the report was adopted.

The conference elected by ballot the following persons as trustees of the Hamline University: John Nichols, of St. Paul, J. Dean, of Minneapolis, Eli Robinson, of Hastings, J. F. Chaffee, of Minneapolis, and A. J. Meacham, of Red Wing, and the following as the visiting committee: T. M. Gossard, E. Eggleston, J. S. Perigrine, N. Lathrop, A. J. Nelson, G. W. T. Wright, Wm Mc Kinley.

The conference took up the order of the day—viz, election of delegates to the general conference. The Bishop appointed Wm. McKinley and A. J. Nelson as tellers.

The result of the 1st ballot was as follows: Number of votes cast 84, necessary to a choice 43. B. F. Crary received 61; H. Roth, 64; D. Cobb, 51; C. Brooks, 42; J. Brooks, 42; J. F. Chaffee, 33. The rest scattering. B. F. Crary, H. Roth, and D. Cobb having received each a majority were declared elected.

The conference proceeded to ballot for the remaining delegates with the following result: Number of votes cast 77, necessary to a choice 39. Jabez Brooks received 37, C. Brooks 20, J. F. Chaffee 19. No election. A third ballot was taken, resulting as follows: Number of votes cast 77, necessary to a choice 39. Jabez Brooks received 44, C. Brooks 20, J. F. Chaffee 12. Jabez Brooks was declared elected.

The conference ordered the vote for reserve delegates to be taken by ballot. The following is the vote: Number of votes cast 74, necessary to a choice 38. J. F. Chaffee received 51, C. Brooks 45, D. Brooks 20, T. M. Gossard 19. J. F. Chaffee and C. Brooks were declared elected.

The following resolutions were presented and adopted:

Resolved, 1st, That the managers of the Conference Missionary and Sunday School Societies be instructed to fix the time and appoint speakers for the anniversaries of the next conference during the present session and report the same to be published in the minutes.

Resolved, 2d, That this be a standing rule of the conference.

N. Tainter.
N. Lathrop.
E. R. Lathrop.

The usual notices were given and the conference adjourned with the doxology and the benediction by T. M. Gossard.

FOURTH DAY.

The conference met at 8 o'clock. Bishop Ames in the chair. Religious services conducted by Ezra Tucker. The minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

J. W. Klepper reported on the minute fund, and was instructed to collect to make up deficiency. Subsequently he reported to the secretary of the conference $50 45, which he hereby acknowledged as received.

The committee on Freedmans' Aid Society reported. His report was adopted. The committee on christian commission reported. Report adopted.

The committee on grave lots, etc., reported; report adopted. The steward made the following report; report adopted. The following resolution was presented and adopted:

Resolved, That the collection to-morrow morning be appropriated to purchase reading for the soldiers.

The committee on the Bible cause reported; report adopted. J. Hooper was granted a location at his own request. On motion the vote by which B. Crist was located was reconsidered, the motion to locate was withdrawn, and his character passed. The committee on the German Work reported and report adopted. The committee reported on the case of W. Berg, finding him guilty of the charge referred, and expelling him. The following resolution was presented and adopted:

Whereas, Some provisions of the marriage law of this state are taxing and repugnant to the ministers of the gospel; viz., putting under oath one or both parties, the filing of the certificate in the clerk's office within 30 days with its liabilities to deception by the parties.

Resolved, That this conference through a committee memoralize the coming legislature of the state to so alter the law that the applicant for marriage shall present a license from the clerk of the court as an evidence of his eligibility to that privilege.

D. Cobb.
J. F. Chaffee.

D. Cobb, B. F. Crary, and E. Eggleston appointed said committee. Th The committee on missions reported; report accepted. Committee on Lay Delegation reported a majority report on the same subject. On motion the majority report was adopted. The funds collected by the pastors for the Bible cause were in the hands of the committee were on motion ordered to be sent to D. D. Merrill, of St. Paul, treasurer of the State Bible Society. C. Brooks was excused from committee on public worship and D. Cobb appointed in place. The conference ordered the sacrament of the Lord's supper to be administered in the afternoon immediately after the missionary sermon. The certificate of the recognition of the orders of Orlo Waltridge was returned to the conference and filed. The committee on temperance reported; report adopted. The Sunday Schools reported; report adopted. Prof. Thickstun, principal of the Institute of learning in this city, was introduced to the conference. The committee on the state of the country reported. The resolutions were considered separately and after slight corrections were adopted. On motion the report was adopted as a whole. The following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, A resolution heretofore passed by this conference has been construed by some agents of the A. S. S. Union, who are members of our Church, to be an endorsement of their course. Therefore,

Resolved, That we disapprove of ministers of our Church whether traveling or local engaging in the service of the A. S. S. Union to the detriment of schools under the patronage of our church.

C. G. Bowdish.
B. F. Crary.

The Bishop called for recommendations of local deacons for elders orders. Alonzo Hitchcock, recommended from Preston Circuit, was elected to elders orders. The stewards disbursed the money in their hands as per report. The committee on education made their report; report was adopted. Rev. Chas. Thayer, of Prescott, was introduced to the conference. The committee on the Scandinavian Work reported; report adopted. E. Eggleston and E. Shagren were appointed the committee asked for in the report.

The orders of Sylvest W. Thayer, an ordained elder in the church of the United Brethren in Christ were recognized by the conference provided he shall take upon himself the ordination vows of our church. The following resolutions of thanks were adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That we tender the citizens of Hastings our cordial acknowledgments for the kind and hospital manner in which they have entertained the members of the conference during our session.

It was moved and carried that when we adjourn we adjourn to meet at the close of the missionary meeting this evening. The following were appointed a committee to receive the deed of the property of St. Cloud Institute presented by A. J. Nelson, and act as visitors for the conference and report at its next session, viz: J. F. Chaffee, D. Brooks, D. Tice. The secretaries were appointed a committee on the publication of the minutes. On motion the preachers were instructed to report the missionary collections next year in detail, keeping the money raised by Sunday Schools separately. On motion the list of life members of the missionary society were ordered to be furnished the secretaries for publication on the minutes. The time of the session was on motion extended. The usual notices were given and the conference adjourned with the doxology and benediction by N. Hobart.

BATCHELDER'S COLUMN.

Fall Goods. Winter Goods.

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

HASTINGS.

A

FRESH STOCK

OF

ALL KINDS.

[N. B. We have spent some months in the Eastern markets, taking great pains to secure the best qualities and styles. And having bought two large stocks (for Faribault and Hastings) before the late advance, have secured them at the lowest prices. We have also procured contracts for freight at about half the usual rates. These advantages enable us to offer our new goods at about Eastern prices.]

We are selling *best Prints*,	20c
Delaines,	20 @ 30c
Stripes and Denims,	25c
Ticks,	25c
Men's double-soled Boots,	$3 00
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 25
—— Balmoral Boots,	1 40
Good all wool Cassimeres,	1 25
Heavy Wool Long Shawls,	5 00
Men's Fur Caps,	1 50
Good warm Overcoats,	6 00

☞We sell only for Ready Pay.

☞Each article is plainly marked in figures its lowest and only price.

☞All goods sold by us are warranted as represented.

☞We have secured the services of attentive clerks, who will always deem it a pleasure to display their goods whether customers purchase or not.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

North & Carll's Old Stand, Hastings.

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Denims, Stripes, Cottonades, Ticks, Cassimeres, Sattinettes, Jeans, Doeskins, Broadcloths, Cloakings, Flannels, Lindseys, Prints, Delaines, Broche Veleurs, Alpaccas, Merinoes, Thibets, Plaids, Silks, Worsteds, Linens, Woolens, Trimmings, Notions, Hoods, Nubias, Sontays, Shawls, Skirts, Yarns, Hose, Gloves, Blankets, Table Covers, Diaper, Velvets, Crash, Fancy Articles, Etc., Etc., Etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR LADIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MISSES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BOYS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BABIES.

From the finest Gaiters to the heaviest thick Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, and WARRANTED.

WINTER CLOTHING

Over Coats,	Under Coats,
Sack Coats,	Frock Coats,
Long Coats,	Short Coats,
Woolen Coats,	Cotton Coats,
Coarse Coats,	Fine Coats,
Heavy Coats,	Light Coats,
Men's Covts,	Boy's Coats.

ALL SORTS OF PANTS.
ALL SORTS OF VESTS.
ALL SORTS OF SHIRTS.
ALL SORTS OF DRAWERS.

Under Clothing for Everybody at BATCHELDER'S.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Buckskin, Patna, Kid, Woollen, Cotton, Silk, Cashmere, Otter, Beaver, Nutria, Seal, Sheep, and Dog Skin.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Lined and unlined, large and small, at

BATCHELDER'S.

HATS AND CAPS,

In great variety.

Fur, Cloth, Wool, Felt, Fine Otter and Beaver at BATCHELDER'S.

HOSIERY.

Ladies', Miss's, and Children's, Woolen, Cotton, and Flucy Lined, Worsted, Cashmere, Merino, Colored and White,

HOSE.

Gent's home-made *WOOL SOCKS*, Gent's worsted, cotton, and cashmere half hose, at BATCHELDER'S.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

New stock at BATCHELDER'S.

HARDWARE.

Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cordage, Tools, Nails and Glass, Powder and Shot, House Trimmings, Shovels and Hoes, Spades and Forks, Chains and Traps, Axes, Butts and Screws, Etc., Etc., at

BATCHELDER'S.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Syrup, Spices, Fruits, Fish, Soap, Candles, Oil, Soda, Saleratus, Tobacco, Starch, Wooden Ware, etc., cheap for Cash, at

BATCHELDER'S.

Hastings, Oct. 6, 1863. 26-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1862, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range	pr acre.	App. val. of improve'ts
DOUGLASS.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
MARSHAN.					
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
INVER GROVE.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
VERMILLION.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
WATERFORD.					
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
CASTLE ROCK.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	292 50
EMPIRE CITY.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 25	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 25	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	371 25
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	359 50
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ROSEMONT.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	50 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	73 50
se qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	
EUREKA.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	405 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	118 00
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	42 00
nw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	147 00
sw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
LEBANON.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
EAGAN.					
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
MENDOTA.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

lot 6, 10.09a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lots 7 & 10,10a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4, 10 39a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.83a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15, 3.40a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10.80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1, 8.86a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16, .71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 29a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.2?a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.81a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8, 9.30a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.13a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.96a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	114	16	8 50	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time

THE HASTINGS CONSERVER.

VOLUME III.---NO. 27. HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1863. $2 00 PER YEAR.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1863.

Single copies of the CONSERVER may be obtained at this office, or at the Bookstore. Price Five Cents.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McILRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE,
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
GEORGE F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

Union County Ticket.

For Senator,
M. N. THOMPSON.

For Representatives,
P. VAN AUKEN.
S. C. HOWELL.

For Treasurer,
D. B. TRUAX.

For Sheriff,
H. J. TAYLOR.

For Judge of Probate,
I. M. RAY.

For Register of Deeds,
H. A. MONSER.

For District Attorney,
R. W. MONTGOMERY.

For Surveyor,
C. B. LOWELL.

For Coroner,
P. HARTSHORN.

For Commissioner---2d District,
HENRY SPRAGUE.

For Commissioner---3d District,
JOSIAH BURWELL.

Public Speaking.

H. S. Jennings, union, and Seagrave Smith, dem., will discuss the topics of the day and political questions generally in various towns of this county according to the following list of appointments, agreed upon by the speakers:

Hampton,	Monday Eve, Oct. 19.
Greenvale,	Tuesday Eve, Oct. 20.
Poplar Grove,	Wednesday Eve, Oct. 21.
Lakeville,	Thursday Eve, Oct. 22
Prairie House,	Friday Eve, Oct. 23.
West St. Paul,	Saturday Eve, Oct. 24
Hastings,	Monday Eve, Oct. 26

The conditions of speaking are that Mr. Jennings opens the first night with a half hour speech, Mr. Smith has an hour to reply, and Mr. Jennings closing with another half hour, alternating each night.

Local committees of both parties are requested to make all necessary arrangements for securing places of meeting, and to notify the people. Every body is invited to attend.

Pennsylvania and Ohio.

The annual election in these states comes off today, an event which has been heralded by the increasing desperation of the copperheads. In the former Judge Woodward, their candidate for governor, rendered the decision which annulled the act of a republican legislature authorizing soldiers to vote in the respective camps whether in or out of the state. He holds that "The right of a soldier to vote under the constitution is confined to the election district where he resided at the time of his entering the military service." This deprives of his vote every soldier stationed in the state at a distance from his home, and every one under treatment in hospital who cannot be removed to his place of residence. Gov. Curtin must lose several thousands of votes by this decision.

In Ohio the soldiers are allowed to vote this fall, the strenuous efforts of the democracy to the contrary notwithstanding. The copperheads are particularly desirous that as few of their votes may be polled as possible. Hence the hampering of them in every way practicable. But we have no fears for the result. The minds of the people are becoming awakened, and sympathy with treason and traitors will no longer be tolerated. With the noble example already set them by Maine and California, they will roll up the majorities for the union and the government in a telling and unmistakable manner.

National Union Movement Among the Germans.

A political movement of some extent has been carried on for the past three months among the progressive, liberal Germans of the country, the object of which is to unite them on a distinct platform on present political issues, and has proved a success. The organization is already quite strong, and will meet at Cleveland on the 18th inst. to prepare the way for a convention.

The National Club of New York City, an association of citizens adhering to the same political principles and pursuing a common political aim, have set forth the following as their creed:

1. The everal states are subject in all national affairs to the sovereignty of the people of the United States. Secession from the union is, neither more nor less than high treason.

2. The union must be preserved throughout its entire extent of territory.

3. The war against the rebels must be prosecuted to their unconditional surrender.

4. To preserve the union, the constitution must adopt as its fundamental principle the personal liberty and civil equality of all men, and must guarantee the extinction of slavery in all the states. Wherever the war power can be exercised, slavery must cease at once.

5. The constitution of the United States needs revision in the spirit of the Declaration of Independence and of the foregoing maxims.

6. The maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine is necessary to the independence of the republic.

Similar organizations are very numerous throughout the state, and are composed of the very best of its citizens, men well known in politics and in all departments of life, and in high social position. Their expressed sentiments are of the most loyal and patriotic kind, and their influence will prove highly beneficial in effect.

The Candidates for Register.

The contest between the candidates for register of deeds in this county promises to be one of unusual closeness, and will mainly depend upon the German vote. Mr. Eichhorn, the democratic nominee, is an estimable man, a personal friend of our, and has satisfactorily filled the position one term. But we contend that Mr. Monser is equally competent for the office, and, moreover, his position before the people is unquestionably loyal to the core. Whatever Mr. Eichhorn's private sentiments may be, he certainly assumes a questionable attitude by allowing his name to be used in connection with the copperhead ticket, and must suffer the inevitable consequences.

The Draft.

Provost Marshal General Fry has made a requisition upon this state for seven hundred and thirty-five men from the first district and six hundred and ninety from the second district, to come from the first class. Gov. Swift immediately applied for authority to raise another cavalry regiment for frontier service, which was granted. So that if this is made up our state will be relieved from the disgrace of drafting men to protect our borders from the savage foe. We believe it can and will be raised. What say the hardy pioneers.

The quota for Dakota County under this call would be one hundred and twenty-six. Volunteers will be accepted until the 25th inst., and liberal bounties paid.

The chairman of the democratic county committee has purchased a fifty-cent bottle of Flagg's Instantaneous Relief to be used by the party in the present campaign, a few drops of it being necessary after each exhortation to the unterrified, to prevent the remaining feeble sparks of conscience from making themselves felt. The publisher of the *North-Western* agreed to send a copy of his paper six months as an equivalent. Big thing.

The Chicago *Times* says that the democratic generals, McClellan and Fitz John Porter, have set an example worthy of imitation to Butler, Clay, Logan, and others, in staying quietly at home and not attempting to deliver public speeches. And very good reasons, too, they have for not wanting to expose themselves to the gaze of the people any more than is absolutely necessary, and they are only naturally acting as other men would do under the circumstances.

A. G. Spalding, formerly an attache of this office, has purchased the office and business of the Anoka *Republican* which he will continue under the name of the Anoka *Star*. Success to you Bro. Spalding.

We are much gratified to see the undoubted popularity of the union ticket among the people of this county. At the fair last week we found it a prevailing sentiment, among former democrats as well as republicans, and its triumphant success is conceded by all except violent partisans among the opposition. Let the masses take hold of the matter with a will, and show that Dakota County, come what may, is right on the great question of sustaining the administration and saving the county.

We are much pleased to learn from the Hastings (Minn.) *Conserver* that our friend R. W. Montgomery, has been nominated by the unconditional union party as district attorney. Mr. Montgomery was known in this city as a young man of decided ability, strictly moral and studious. We look for a brilliant career for our young friend. We wish him success in the race against his copperhead opponent.—*Tazewell Co. (Ill.) Republican.*

The Chatfield *Democrat*, in a desperate appeal to fellow copperheads, exhorts them to take courage and fight, as their forefathers did, for their *sacred honors*. Ironic, very.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

For Sale,

My stock of Goods, and Storehouse for rent or sale. THEODORE GARDNER.
Hastings, Oct 12, 1863.

HASTINGS CIGAR STORE.

M. SIMON,

Manufacturer of all kinds of Cigars and Tobacco, and Dealer in smoking and chewing

Tobacco and Snuff.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. Store on Second Street, near Vermillion. Hastings, Minn. 27-tf

BECKER & STOLTZ,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Second Street, - - Lowell's old stand.

Cash paid for second handed goods. Money advanced on consignments.
Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863. 27-tf

GOOD NEWS TO THE INHABITANTS of Dakota and surrounding counties.

New Store in Hastings!

(Opposite the Tremont House)

"This is the store ye long have sought,
And mourned because ye found it not."

JOHN H. MUES

Is now opening his large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting in part as follows:

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Yankee Notions, Etc., Etc.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as all the goods have been bought before the late advance, and I am willing to sell my articles for a very small profit. I would invite all to examine goods and prices. Remember

MUES' Cheap Cash Store.
Hastings, Sept. 29, 1863. 25-tf

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feel confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.
CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.
Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

FRED. B. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES

CURTISS & COWLES,
DEALERS IN
Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc., Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 19, 1863. 45-tf

ESTRAY.—TAKEN UP BY THE SUBscriber, on or about the 1st of September, a brindle Ox, five or six years old, white spot in face, four white legs, white on belly, and short white tail. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

CHAS. YEATER.
Nininger, Sept. 10, 1863. 23-4w

WANTED.

Two Marble Workers immediately. Apply at the Winona Marble Works, or at this office.
Hastings, Aug. 18, 1863. 19-tf

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

P. O. Notice.--Summer Arrangement.

Mail going East closes at 11 o'clock, A.M.
Way mail down closes at 8 o'clock, P. M.
Mail for St. Paul closes on the arrival of the boat from below in the afternoon.
Faribault mail leaves at 6 o'clock A. M., closes at 9 o'clock P. M.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
WM. H. SKINNER, Post-Master.

The board of commissioners meets to-day at their rooms in the county buildings.

FOR DIXIE.—The 7th, 9th, and 10th Minnesota regiments went down river last week bound for the sunny south. We expect to hear good report of them.

WOOD.—Any of our patrons wishing to pay their subscriptions in good dry wood can have the opportunity by bringing it along, the sooner the quicker.

UNION.—Unite your good flour with D. B. DeLand & Co.'s Chemical Saleratus if you want extra bread, biscuit and pastory of all kinds. United they rise, divided they fall.

AUCTION.—BECKER & STOLTZ held their first auction sale on Saturday last, with very good success for an opening. They will have another the last of this week.

MIGRATING.—Flocks of wild geese may daily be seen harrowing the air in their flight towards a warmer clime. Winter is approaching and, true to instinct, they are off.

NEW BOAT.—The La Crosse line has put on a new boat, built at La Crosse, and named the *Hudson*. It is an excellent light-draught steamer, and commanded by Capt. ABE HUTCHINSON.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL, under the able management of Mr. A. D. HAYNES and Miss BELLE PATCH, is now upon the third week of its winter session, numbering about sixty pupils and steadily increasing.

THAT'S SO.—People who are drafted have to serve or pay their $300, but they can get a good suit of clothes at PRATT'S, made to order, for a great deal less money, and it will give much more satisfaction. Try it and see.

INCREASING.—We are informed by Mr. O'BRIEN, the obliging operator at this place, that the business transacted in the telegraph office for the month of September exceeds that of any previous month since the opening of the office.

BOY WANTED.—A steady, industrious lad, about fifteen years of age, and possessing a tolerable English education, can have a good opportunity of learning the printing business by applying at this office immediately. He must be quick, and willing to learn.

CHEAP.—FLAGG, the Relief Man, has been in town for a few days past dispensing his wares, songs, and jokes indiscriminately to the no small amusement of the crowds who invariably congregate to hear him. "And all it costs is a quarter of a dollar."

TOBACCONIST.—M. SIMON has recently moved his establishment to Second Street, in the building formerly occupied by Mr. LOWELL, where he will be pleased to see all of his old patrons and plenty of new ones. See advertisement.

ABUSIVE.—We presume the *North-Western* feels relieved after its recent indecent outburst upon the late very respectable assembling of the Methodist Conference in this place. Coming from any other source it would be worthy of notice.

POPULAR.—ANDREWS' may still be found at the old stand, dealing out the superior articles of jewelry in his cases to customers. He also does repairing and engraving in the best style and at low prices. We can safely recommend him to the public as an experienced and trusty workman. Call and see.

UNION MEETING.—The citizens of Hastings and vicinity are invited to attend a union meeting at Teutonia Hall on Thursday, Oct. 15th, at 2 o'clock P. M., where speeches will be made by Sen. M. S. WILKINSON, Col. STEPHEN MILLER, and Hon. I. DONNELLY. Let every body attend without fail. The Hastings Brass Band will be present.

SENSIBLE.—We notice the familiar countenances of our friends from Prescott in town almost every day shopping. The people in that vicinity are not such fools as they might be, and are perfectly well aware how to save money and obtain better articles by crossing the river. Can't Lumbug them much in such matters.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.—Mr. A. W. GARDNER has recently returned from the East, where he has made arrangements with the principal houses to furnish all sorts of implements, for farm or family use, to order. He has on hand a large assortment of straw and root cutters, etc.

THE EVENING DISPATCH.—We propose to-day or to-morrow to commence the publication of a little sheet of this name containing the telegraphic news of the day up to the hour of going to press, at the sum of Fifty Cents for a month, provided we can commence with 150 subscribers. Subscriptions may be left at this office.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—We learn that Messrs. HARRISONS have disposed of their mills and other property on the Vermillion to STEPHEN GARDNER, esq., of Illinois, for the sum of $28,000. Mr. G. appears like a very estimable man, thorough and prompt in business, and we have no doubt will do well. Mr. THEODORE GARDNER has closed up his business in town, and will take charge of the mills this winter.

JUST SO.—A person would suppose from the piles and piles of books, stationery, and other useful, ornamental articles strewed promiscuously around the premises that STANLEY'S, on Ramsey Street, was just the place for every body to go direct and get whatever they want,—saving themselves the trouble of running the town over only to be disappointed; not finding what they want in the end.

ALL THE RAGE.—Since the fashion has become prevalent to dress in scarlet, it is much sought after for dresses, cloaks, trimmings, etc. We observe that NEWMAN has a fine assortment of these goods, and we recommend the ladies, who are better judges of the article than ourself, to call in and examine them. Store on Second Street, above Bank of Hastings.

COMPLIMENTARY.—A few days since MACOMBER received through the mail an envelope properly addressed and containing a $2 bill, with no writing or mark of any kind designating to whence it should be applied. We presume it must have come from some one of his numerous patrons who feels so well satisfied with a bargain that he took this method of modestly conveying his appreciation of it and the man.

THE FIREMEN'S BALL.—We learn that this affair, which came off last week, was well attended, and quite a sum of money was realized towards the purchase of an engine. We hope the citizens will look to this matter, and, now that the time for fires is approaching, see to it that the necessary funds for the fitting out of our fire company is forthcoming. We are bound to have more or less fires during the winter, and, as it now stands, we would all have to look on and see the town burn down with nothing to help ourselves. Let us attend to it without delay.

Brownson's View of the War.

In a speech at Philadelphia on Monday evening, Prof. Orestes A. Brownson said:

"The war is not a calamity. Nations have gone out and expired in absolute flunkeyism. I hope the war will not cease until it has made all the North men. It has been our supineness that has allowed the South for thirty years to gamble on our love of the Union.

Men cannot be neutral these times. How can a good son be neutral when he sees a man with a dagger at his mother's heart. Country is more than mother. The neutral is not only a traitor, he is a coward. I have no sympathy with a party that seeks to come into power through peace. Give the rebels peace and you give them independence. The copperheads are deceived. Some of their leaders expect but a temporary secession. The South has no such idea. They have used the northern democrats; how they intend in future to treat them can be seen by the Richmond papers. They will keep between them and the wind, and then hold their noses. The Union once dissolved can never be restored. We must elect such men to office as will push the war and sustain the government."

A prominent copperhead lawyer of this city, in reply to a union man's assertion that there was no chance for Vallandigham's election, as the soldiers' vote would be a unit against him, replied, "We don't care a d---n for the soldiers' vote. Let the home majority be cast for Vallandigham and not a soldiers' vote shall be counted." The copperhead programme is in accordance with that profane sentiment, and that programme is to bring on a civil war in Ohio—in case the home vote is for Vallandigham—rather than allow the vote of the soldiers to be counted.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Preserving the health by too strict a regimen is a wearisome malady.

The County Fair.

The county fair held in Hampton last Thursday, 8th inst., though rather scanty in entries and far short of what might be expected of Dakota County, passed off very pleasantly, and may safely be set down as a success. In spite of the disagreeable nature of the day, it being quite cold and unfavorable, the attendance was large.

For years the county fair has been an occasion of festivity and a universal holiday. From the farm, the workshop, the store, and the crowded mart, the people congregate to view the fruits of theirs or neighbors' toils. The matron and maid, the laborer and the man of leisure, the boy of fourteen and the man of sixty, all gather to swell the—

"Glowing scene!
Nature's holiday! luxuriant—rich,
In her proud progeny, she smiling marks
Their graces; now mature and wonder fraught!
Hail! season exquisite!—and hail, ye sons
Of rural toil!—ye blooming daughters! ye
Who, in the lap of hardy labor reared,
Enjoy the mind unspotted."

Such should be the season of our annual county fair. We regret not being able to speak thus of the present one.

The display of horses was fine. In fact, the redeeming quality of the fair, and could not be excelled by any county in our young state or in some much older. Premiums were awarded by the several committees as follows:

HORSES.

Best stallion, 4 years old and upwards,	Isaac Heslet.
2d do,	Munger & Wade.
Best 3 year old stallion,	W. H. Johnson.
2d do,	E. Stapf
Best 3 year old gelding,	H. H. Heslet.
2d do,	J. A. Mann.
Best 2 year old filly,	H. H. Heslet.
2d do,	Eugene Bean
Best yearling mare colt,	Chas. Youhill.
Best yearling horse colt,	J. S. Hazleton.
Best sucking colt,	Geo. Woodward.
Best horse in single harness,	H. S. Jennings.
2d do,	Wm. Cain.
Best two year old match colts,	Geo. Woodward.
Best pair brood mares,	J. M. Siples.

Committee.—John McKay, W. S. Hardick, and W. C. Herndon.

CATTLE.

Best milch cow,	Geo. Bohrer.
Best 1 year old bull,	W. B. Morris.

Committee.—J. S. Hazelton, Albert Poor, and Anthony Read.

SHEEP.

Best buck,	D. Harris.
Best 3 Spanish bucks,	John Atkinson.
Best 3 Spanish Merino lambs,	John Atkinson.
Best 5 Merino bucks,	W. H. Johnson.

Committee.—Geo. Fisk, D. Baleh, H. D. Countryman.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best fanning mill.	A. B. Tyrrell.
2d do,	Montgomery & Thompson.
Best Header,	Chas. Etheridge

Committee.—W. B. Read, W. H. Rogers, F. Stevens, and L. Ferry.

MANUFACTURES.

Best set of horse shoes,	W. McCormick.
Best grave stone,	C. J. Aldrich
Best machine made door,	Conklin & Hanbury.

FIELD CROPS.

Best sample wheat,	N. N. Thompson.
2d do,	W. B Read.
Best cabbages,	Reuben Cecil.
Best turnips,	Reuben Cecil.
Best squashes,	J. S. Hazleton.

Committee.—Martin Poor, E. P. Whittier, and John Bell.

FRUITS.

Best Isabella grapes,	E. P. Higgins.
Best Oporto grapes,	T. M. Smith.
Best Concord grapes,	Lima (Wis) Nurseries.
Best Farmun apples,	H. G. O. Morrison.
Best 4 varieties apples,	F. G. Stevens.
Best 3 do,	Eli Robinson.
Best 15 do,	Lima Nurseries.
Best 5 do pears,	Lima Nurseries.

Committee.—Dr. Cummings, D. B. Truax, and H. S. Jennings.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Best plumb jelly,	Mrs. H. S. Jennings.
Best tomatoe jelly,	Mrs. J. S. Hazleton.
Best tomatoe preserves,	Mrs. J. S. Hazleton
Best bottle grape wine,	E. W. Sylvester.
Best Sorghum Syrup,	John M. Bell.
Best Pie,	Mary C. Dawson.
Best loaf of bread,	Mrs. Martin.
Best table linen,	Mrs. Susan Taft.
2d do,	Mrs. Cain.
Best sample woolen yarn,	Mrs. S. Taft.
Best do linen thread.	Mrs. S. Taft.

Committee.—C. Stebbins, F. J. Mead, Irving Todd, Mrs. O. S. Taylor, Mrs. James Archer, Mrs. Edwin Poor, Mrs John Bell.

The loaf of bread deserves especial mention. It was made by Mrs. Martin, an old lady of seventy, and in a style which would make many a young housekeeper blush. It attracted much attention.

FINE ARTS.

The display in this department was deplorably meagre. Mrs. H. S. Jennings exhibited a beautiful wreath of lair flowers, one of the best we ever saw, and of course it took the first premium. Also a fancy pair of infant shoes, which were generously offered to us if we had any use for them; but, as we could not wear them ourself, we modestly declined. Mrs. W. B. Read, two samples water color paintings, 1st premium.

The address by H. S. Jennings, esq., of Hastings, was very appropriate, and a creditable affair, but unfortunately was delivered at an hour chiefly devoted to dinner, and was not heard by one half of those who were in attendance. We have the manuscript, and shall print it next week.

The Hastings Brass Band was also on hand, and discoursed sundry sweet strains to the great gratification of all, especially the younger portion of the crowd.

THE TROTTING.

In the afternoon the people made their way across the fields to the track to see the prize trotting. H. S. Jennings entered his gray colt, without competition, but finally a match was made between it and a black owned by Munger & Wait, of Northfield, and driven by Mr. Atherton. The gray was driven by Sam White, and was handled beautifully, making two straight heats without a break or being crowded in the least and winning the race. Time 3:12. The black acted badly, breaking and running most of the distance, and the utmost exertions of the driver were insufficient to keep it under control. Still, it is a good horse, and ought to be made to do much better.

Jas. Archer brought out the well-known stallion, Flying Morrill, and drove him around two heats in splendid style. Time 2:55.

There were several running matches between single horses, which occasioned considerable amusement, and some money to change hands.

In the evening about seventy-five couple were at the dance at Archer's and chased "the glowing hours with flying feet" until near the break of dawn. All seemed to enjoy themselves well.

The want of better success of the undertaking we attribute to several reasons: It should have been held at least three weeks earlier, in time for the fruits and flowers which might have been obtained. It should have been in or near Hastings, and the number of articles on exhibition would have been greatly increased. But most of all the society must have permanent grounds to hold their annual fairs. These should be inclosed, and suitable buildings erected for the display of entries, especially those of a perishable nature. Until then, they will never prove what they should be, and will never attract that interest among our citizens necessary for its well being and prosperity. Next year we hope to have this, and then we will show a fair worthy of notice and creditable to all concerned.

MONETARY QUOTATIONS OF FOLLETT & RENICK

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Bankable Funds.

New England, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Canada, Philadelphia, Marine Bank Miss., Bank of Carrollton, People's Banks,	Bank State of Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, U. S. Demand Notes, Wisconsin, Bank of Minnesota, Western Co. Bank, State Bank of Minn., Petersburg.

Exchange.

FOR BANKABLE FUNDS.

	Paying.	Selling.
New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and Milwaukee,	¼ prem. par.	½ prem. ¼ prem.

PREMIUM FUNDS.

Gold,	40	50
Silver (large),	30	40
U. S. Demand Notes,	40	50
Canada,	25	45

RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY G. F. BATCHELDER.

HASTINGS, Oct. 12, 1863.

FLOUR, per cwt.,	$2 50
WHEAT, per bushel,	75@80
CORN, do	40@45
OATS, do	40@45
POTATOES, do	40
BEANS, do	100
ONIONS, do	1 25
CRANBERRIES,	1 00
HAY, per ton,	5 00
WOOD, per cord,	3 00@4 00
SALT, per bbl	3 25
EGGS, per doz	15
BUTTER, per lb	15
CHEESE, per lb	12@18
PORK, per cwt.,	3 00
BEEF, per cwt.,	3 00
HAMS, per cwt.,	5 00
SHOULDERS, per cwt.,	3 00
DRIED APPLES,	3@5
DRIED PEACHES,	10
SUGARS, per lb	10@15
MOLASSES, per gal	75@1 00
COFFEE, Java,	30
do Rio,	25

RICH PRAIRIE LAND FOR SALE,

In Castle Rock and Eureka Townships.

NE qr sec 4, town 113, range 19 (Castle Rock). SW qr sec 12, town 113, range 20 (Eureka). These two are regarded as the garden townships of Dakota County. The soil is a black loam, of the finest quality. The lands lies near the track of the Cedar Valley Railroad, now being rapidly constructed, and in the midst of splendid farms. Many of these farms produced 25 bushels of wheat per acre the present season, with not sufficient rain from seed time to harvest to wet a man's shirt. This last statement is on the authority of the Right Reverend Bishop Whipple, of that vicinity.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, Sept. 15, 1863. 26-3m

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE HASTINGS CONSERVER.

VOLUME III.---NO. 27. HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1863. $2 00 PER YEAR.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1863.

Single copies of the CONSERVER may be obtained at this office, or at the Bookstore. Price Five Cents.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McIRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER.
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE.
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court.
GEORGE F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

Union County Ticket.

For Senator,
N. N. THOMPSON.

For Representatives,
P. VAN AUKEN.
S. C. HOWELL.

For Treasurer.
D. B. TRUAX.

For Sheriff,
H. J. TAYLOR.

For Judge of Probate,
I. M. RAY.

For Register of Deeds,
H. A. MONSER.

For District Attorney,
R. W. MONTGOMERY.

For Surveyor,
C. B. LOWELL.

For Coroner,
P. HARTSHORN.

For Commissioner—2d District,
HENRY SPRAGUE.

For Commissioner—3d District.
JOSIAH BURWELL.

Public Speaking.

H. S. Jennings, union, and Seagrave Smith, dem., will discuss the topics of the day and political questions generally in various towns of this county according to the following list of appointments, agreed upon by the speakers:

Lewiston,	Monday Eve, Oct. 19.
Greenvale,	Tuesday Eve, Oct. 20.
Poplar Grove,	Wednesday Eve, Oct. 21.
Lakeville,	Thursday Eve, Oct. 22.
Prairie House,	Friday Eve, Oct. 23.
West St. Paul,	Saturday Eve, Oct. 24.
Hastings,	Monday Eve., Oct. 26

The conditions of speaking are that Mr. Jennings opens the first night with a half hour speech, Mr. Smith has an hour to reply, and Mr. Jennings closing with another half hour, alternating each night.

Local committees of both parties are requested to make all necessary arrangements for securing places of meeting, and to notify the people. Every body is invited to attend.

Pennsylvania and Ohio.

The annual election in these states comes off to-day, an event which has been heralded by the increasing desperation of the copperheads. In the former Judge Woodward, their candidate for governor, rendered the decision which annulled the act of a republican legislature authorizing soldiers to vote in the respective camps whether in or out of the state. He holds that "The right of a soldier to vote under the constitution is confined to the election district where he resided at the time of his entering the military service." This deprives of his vote every soldier stationed in the state at a distance from his home, and every one under treatment in hospital who cannot be removed to his place of residence. Gov. Curtin must lose several thousands of votes by this decision.

In Ohio the soldiers are allowed to vote this fall, the strenuous efforts of the democracy to the contrary notwithstanding. The copperheads are particularly desirous that as few of their votes may be polled as possible. Hence the hampering of them in every way practicable. But we have no fears for the result. The minds of the people are becoming awakened, and sympathy with treason and traitors will no longer be tolerated. With the noble example already set them by Maine and California, they will roll up the majorities for the union and the government in a telling and unmistakable manner.

National Union Movement Among the Germans.

A political movement of some extent has been carried on for the past three months among the progressive, liberal Germans of the country, the object of which is to unite them on a distinct platform on present political issues, and has proved a success. The organization is already quite strong, and will meet at Cleveland on the 18th inst. to prepare the way for a convention.

The National Club of New York City, an association of citizens adhering to the same political principles and pursuing a common political aim, have set forth the following as their creed:

1. The everal states are subject in all national affairs to the sovereignty of the people of the United States. Secession from the union is neither more nor less than high treason.

2. The union must be preserved throughout its entire extent of territory.

3. The war against the rebels must be prosecuted to their unconditional surrender.

4. To preserve the union, the constitution must adopt as its fundamental principle the personal liberty and civil equality of all men, and must guarantee the extinction of slavery in all the states. Wherever the war power can be exercised, slavery must cease at once.

5. The constitution of the United States needs revision in the spirit of the Declaration of Independence and of the foregoing maxims.

6. The maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine is necessary to the independence of the republic.

Similar organizations are very numerous throughout the state, and are composed of the very best of its citizens, men well known in politics and in all departments of life, and in high social position. Their expressed sentiments are of the most loyal and patriotic kind, and their influence will prove highly beneficial in effect.

The Candidates for Register.

The contest between the candidates for register of deeds in this county promises to be one of unusual closeness, and will mainly depend upon the German vote. Mr. Eichhorn, the democratic nominee, is an estimable man, a personal friend of ours, and has satisfactorily filled the position one term. But we contend that Mr. Monser is equally competent for the office, and, moreover, his position before the people is unquestionably loyal to the core. Whatever Mr. Eichhorn's private sentiments may be, he certainly assumes a questionable attitude by allowing his name to be used in connection with the copperhead ticket, and must suffer the inevitable consequences.

The Draft.

Provost Marshal General Fry has made a requisition upon this state for seven hundred and thirty-five men from the first district and six hundred and ninety from the second district, to come from the first class. Gov. Swift immediately applied for authority to raise another cavalry regiment for frontier service, which was granted. So that if this is made up our state will be relieved from the disgrace of drafting men to protect our borders from the savage foe. We believe it can and will be raised. What say the hardy pioneers.

The quota for Dakota County under this call would be one hundred and twenty-six. Volunteers will be accepted until the 25th inst., and liberal bounties paid.

The chairman of the democratic county committee has purchased a fifty-cent bottle of Flagg's Instantaneous Relief to be used by the party in the present campaign, a few drops of it being necessary after each exhortation to the unterrified, to prevent the remaining feeble sparks of conscience from making themselves felt. The publisher of the *North-Western* agreed to send a copy of his paper six months as an equivalent. Big thing.

The Chicago *Times* says that the democratic generals, McClellan and Fitz John Porter, have set an example worthy of imitation to Butler, Clay, Logan, and others, in staying quietly at home and not attempting to deliver public speeches. And very good reasons, too, they have for not wanting to expose themselves to the gaze of the people any more than is absolutely necessary, and they are only naturally acting as other men would do under the circumstances.

A. G. Spalding, formerly an attache of this office, has purchased the office and business of the Anoka *Republican* which he will continue under the name of the Anoka *Star*. Success to you Bro. Spalding.

We are much gratified to see the undoubted popularity of the union ticket among the people of this county. At the fair last week we found it a prevailing sentiment, among former democrats as well as republicans, and its triumphant success is conceded by all except violent partisans among the opposition. Let the masses take hold of the matter with a will, and show that Dakota County, come what may, is right on the great question of sustaining the administration and saving the county.

We are much pleased to learn from the Hastings (Minn.) *Conserver* that our friend R. W. Montgomery, has been nominated by the unconditional union party as district attorney. Mr. Montgomery was known in this city as a young man of decided ability, strictly moral and studious. We look for a brilliant career for our young friend. We wish him success in the race against his copperhead opponent.—*Tazewell Co. (Ill.) Republican.*

The Chatfield *Democrat*, in a desperate appeal to fellow copperheads, exhorts them to take courage and fight, as their forefathers did, for their *sacred honors*. Ironic, very.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

For Sale,

My stock of Goods, and Storehouse for rent or sale. THEODORE GARDNER.
Hastings, Oct 12, 1863.

HASTINGS CIGAR STORE.

M. SIMON.

Manufacturer of all kinds of Cigars and Tobacco, and Dealer in smoking and chewing

Tobacco and Snuff.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. Store on Second Street, near Vermillion, Hastings, Minn. 27-tf

BECKER & STOLTZ,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Second Street, - - Lowell's old stand.

Cash paid for second handed goods. Money advanced on consignments.
Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863. 27-tf

GOOD NEWS TO THE INHABITANTS of Dakota and surrounding counties.

New Store in Hastings!

(Opposite the Tremont House)

"This is the store ye long have sought,
And mourned because ye found it not."

JOHN H. MUES

Is now opening his large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting in part as follows:

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Yankee Notions, Etc., Etc.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as all the goods have been bought before the late advance, and I am willing to sell my articles for a very small profit. I would invite all to examine goods and prices. Remember

MUES' Cheap Cash Store.
Hastings, Sept. 29, 1863. 25-tf

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feel confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.
CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.
Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

FRED. B. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES

CURTISS & COWLES,
DEALERS IN
Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc., Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 19, 1863. 45-tf

ESTRAY.—TAKEN UP BY THE SUBscriber, on or about the 1st of September, a brindle Ox, five or six years old, white spot in face, four white legs, white on belly, and short white tail. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.
CHAS. YEAYER.
Nininger, Sept. 10, 1863. 23-4w

WANTED.

Two Marble Workers immediately. Apply at the Winona Marble Works, or at this office.
Hastings, Aug. 18, 1863. 19-tf

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

P. O. Notice.--Summer Arrangement.

Mail going East closes at 11 o'clock, A.M.
Way mail down closes at 8 o'clock, P. M.
Mail for St. Paul closes on the arrival of the boat from below in the afternoon.
Faribault mail leaves at 6 o'clock A. M., closes at 9 o'clock P. M.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
WM. H. SKINNER, Post-Master.

The board of commissioners meets to-day at their rooms in the county buildings.

FOR DIXIE.—The 7th, 9th, and 10th Minnesota regiments went down river last week bound for the sunny south. We expect to hear good report of them.

WOOD.—Any of our patrons wishing to pay their subscriptions in good dry wood can have the opportunity by bringing it along; the sooner the quicker.

UNION.—Unite your good flour with D. B. DeLand & Co.'s Chemical Saleratus if you want extra bread, biscuit and pastory of all kinds. United they rise, divided they fall.

AUCTION.—BECKER & STOLTZ held their first auction sale on Saturday last, with very good success for an opening. They will have another the last of this week.

MIGRATING.—Flocks of wild geese may daily be seen harrowing the air in their flight towards a warmer clime. Winter is approaching and, true to instinct, they are off.

NEW BOAT.—The La Crosse line has put on a new boat, built at La Crosse, and named the *Hudson*. It is an excellent light-draught steamer, and commanded by Capt. ABE HUTCHINSON.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL, under the able management of MR. A. D. HAYNES and MISS BELLE PATCH, is now upon the third week of its winter session, numbering about sixty pupils and steadily increasing.

THAT'S SO.—People who are drafted have to serve or pay their $300, but they can get a good suit of clothes at PRATT'S, made to order, for a great deal less money, and it will give much more satisfaction. Try it and see.

INCREASING.—We are informed by Mr. O'BRIEN, the obliging operator at this place, that the business transacted in the telegraph office for the month of September exceeds that of any previous month since the opening of the office.

BOY WANTED.—A steady, industrious lad, about fifteen years of age, and possessing a tolerable English education, can have a good opportunity of learning the printing business by applying at this office immediately. He must be quick, and willing to learn.

CHEAP.—FLAGG, the Relief Man, has been in town for a few days past dispensing his wares, songs, and jokes indiscriminately to the no small amusement of the crowds who invariably congregate to hear him. "And all it costs is a quarter of a dollar."

TOBACCONIST.—M. SIMON has recently moved his establishment to Second Street, in the building formerly occupied by Mr. LOWELL, where he will be pleased to see all of his old patrons and plenty of new ones. See advertisement.

ABUSIVE.—We presume the *North-Western* feels relieved after its recent indecent outburst upon the late very respectable assembling of the Methodist Conference in this place. Coming from any other source it would be worthy of notice.

POPULAR.—ANDREWS' may still be found at the old stand, dealing out the superior articles of jewelry in his cases to customers. He also does repairing and engraving in the best style and at low prices. We can safely recommend him to the public as an experienced and trusty workman. Call and see.

UNION MEETING.—The citizens of Hastings and vicinity are invited to attend a union meeting at Teutonia Hall on Thursday, Oct. 15th, at 2 o'clock P. M., where speeches will be made by Sen. M. S. WILKINSON, Col. STEPHEN MILLER, and Hon. I. DONNELLY. Let every body attend without fail. The Hastings Brass Band will be present.

SENSIBLE.—We notice the familiar countenances of our friends from Prescott in town almost every day shopping. The people in that vicinity are not such fools as they might be, and are perfectly well aware how to save money and obtain better articles by crossing the river. Can't Lumbag them much in such matters.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.—Mr. A. W. GARDNER has recently returned from the East, where he has made arrangements with the principal houses to furnish all sorts of implements, for farm or family use, to order. He has on hand a large assortment of straw and root cutters, etc.

THE EVENING DISPATCH.—We propose to-day or to-morrow to commence the publication of a little sheet of this name containing the telegraphic news of the day up to the hour of going to press, at the sum of Fifty Cents for a month, provided we can commence with 150 subscribers. Subscriptions may be left at this office.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—We learn that Messrs. HARRISONS have disposed of their mills and other property on the Vermillion to STEPHEN GARDNER, esq., of Illinois, for the sum of $28,000. Mr. G. appears like a very estimable man, thorough and prompt in business, and we have no doubt will do well. Mr. THEODORE GARDNER has closed up his business in town, and will take charge of the mills this winter.

JUST SO.—A person would suppose from the piles and piles of books, stationery, and other useful, ornamental articles strewed promiscuously around the premises that STANLEY'S, on Ramsey Street, was just the place for every body to go direct and get whatever they want,—saving themselves the trouble of running the town over only to be disappointed; not finding what they want in the end.

ALL THE RAGE.—Since the fashion has become prevalent to dress in scarlet, it is much sought after for dresses, cloaks, trimmings, etc. We observe that NEWMAN has a fine assortment of these goods, and we recommend the ladies, who are better judges of the article than ourself, to call in and examine them. Store on Second Street, above Bank of Hastings.

COMPLIMENTARY.—A few days since MACOMBER received through the mail an envelope properly addressed and containing a $2 bill, with no writing or mark of any kind designating to whence it should be applied. We presume it must have come from some one of his numerous patrons who feels so well satisfied with a bargain that he took this method of modestly conveying his appreciation of it and the man.

THE FIREMEN'S BALL.—We learn that this affair, which came off last week, was well attended, and quite a sum of money was realized towards the purchase of an engine. We hope the citizens will look to this matter, and, now that the time for fires is approaching, see to it that the necessary funds for the fitting out of our fire company is forthcoming. We are bound to have more or less fires during the winter, and, as it now stands, we would all have to look on and see the town burn down with nothing to help ourselves. Let us attend to it without delay.

Brownson's View of the War.

In a speech at Philadelphia on Monday evening, Prof. Orestes A. Brownson said:

"The war is not a calamity. Nations have gone out and expired in absolute flunkeyism. I hope the war will not cease until it has made all the North men. It has been our supineness that has allowed the South for thirty years to gamble on our love of the Union.

Men cannot be neutral these times. How can a good son be neutral when he sees a man with a dagger at his mother's heart. Country is more than mother. The neutral is not only a traitor, he is a coward. I have no sympathy with a party that seeks to come into power through peace. Give the rebels peace and you give them independence. The copperheads are deceived. Some of their leaders expect but a temporary secession. The South has no such idea. They have used the northern democrats; how they intend in future to treat them can be seen by the Richmond papers. They will keep between them and the wind, and then hold their noses. The Union once dissolved can never be restored. We must elect such men to office as will push the war and sustain the government."

A prominent copperhead lawyer of this city, in reply to a union man's assertion that there was no chance for Vallandigham's election, as the soldiers' vote would be a unit against him, replied, "We don't care a d—n for the soldiers' vote. Let the home majority be cast for Vallandigham and not a soldiers' vote shall be counted." The copperhead programme is in accordance with that profane sentiment, and that programme is to bring on a civil war in Ohio—in case the home vote is for Vallandigham—rather than allow the vote of the soldiers to be counted.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Preserving the health by too strict a regimen is a wearisome malady.

The County Fair.

The county fair held in Hampton last Thursday, 8th inst., though rather scanty in entries and far short of what might be expected of Dakota County, passed off very pleasantly, and may safely be set down as a success. In spite of the disagreeable nature of the day, it being quite cold and unfavorable, the attendance was large.

For years the county fair has been an occasion of festivity and a universal holiday. From the farm, the workshop, the store, and the crowded mart, the people congregate to view the fruits of theirs or neighbors' toils. The matron and maid, the laborer and the man of leisure, the boy of fourteen and the man of sixty, all gather to swell the—

"Glowing scene!
Nature's holiday! luxuriant—rich,
In her proud progeny, she smiling marks
Their graces; now mature and wonder fraught!
Hail! season exquisite!—and hail, ye sons
Of rural toil!—ye blooming daughters! ye
Who, in the lap of hardy labor reared,
Enjoy the mind unspotted."

Such should be the season of our annual county fair. We regret not being able to speak thus of the present one.

The display of horses was fine. In fact, the redeeming quality of the fair, and could not be excelled by any county in our young state or in some much older. Premiums were awarded by the several committees as follows:

HORSES.

Best stallion, 4 years old and upwards,	Isaac Heslet.
2d do,	Munger & Wade.
Best 3 year old stallion,	W. H. Johnson.
2d do,	E. Stapf
Best 3 year old gelding,	H. H. Heslet.
2d do,	J. A. Mann.
Best 2 year old filly,	H. H. Heslet.
2d do,	Eugene Dean
Best yearling mare colt,	Chas. Youhill.
Best yearling horse colt,	J. S. Hazleton.
Best sucking colt,	Geo. Woodward.
Best horse in single harness,	H. S. Jennings.
2d do,	Wm. Cain.
Best two year old match colts,	Geo. Woodward.
Best pair brood mares,	J. M. Siples.

Committee.—John McKay, W. S. Hardick, and W. C. Herndon.

CATTLE.

Best milch cow,	Geo. Bohrer.
Best 1 year old bull,	W. B. Morris.

Committee.—J. S. Hazelton, Albert Poor, and Anthony Read.

SHEEP.

Best buck,	D. Harris.
Best 3 Spanish bucks,	John Atkinson.
Best 3 Spanish Merino lambs,	John Atkinson.
Best 5 Merino bucks,	W. H. Johnson.

Committee.—Geo. Fisk, D. Balch, H. D. Countryman.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Best fanning mill.	A. B. Tyrrell.
2d do,	Montgomery & Thompson.
Best Header,	Chas. Etheridge

Committee.—W. B. Read, W. H. Rogers, F. Stevens, and L. Ferry.

MANUFACTURES.

Best set of horse shoes,	W. McCormick.
Best grave stone,	C. J. Aldrach
Best machine made door,	Conklin & Hanbury.

FIELD CROPS.

Best sample wheat,	N. N. Thompson.
2d do,	W. B Read.
Best cabbages,	Reuben Cecil.
Best turnips,	Reuben Cecil.
Best squashes,	J. S. Hazleton.

Committee.—Martin Poor, E. P. Whittier, and John Bell.

FRUITS.

Best Isabella grapes,	E. P. Higgins.
Best Oporto grapes,	T. M. Smith.
Best Concord grapes,	Lima (Wis.) Nurseries.
Best Farmum apples,	H. G. O. Morrison.
Best 4 varieties apples,	F. G. Stevens.
Best 3 do,	Eli Robinson.
Best 15 do,	Lima Nurseries
Best 5 do pears,	Lima Nurseries.

Committee.—Dr. Cummings, D. B. Truax, and H. S. Jennings.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Best plumb jelly,	Mrs. H. S. Jennings.
Best tomatoe jelly,	Mrs. J. S. Hazleton.
Best tomatoe preserves,	Mrs. J. S. Hazleton
Best bottle grape wine,	E. W. Sylvester.
Best Sorghum Syrup,	John M. Bell.
Best Pie,	Mary C. Dawson.
Best loaf of bread,	Mrs. Martin.
Best table linen,	Mrs. Susan Taft.
2d do,	Mrs. Cain.
Best sample woolen yarn,	Mrs. S. Taft.
Best do linen thread.	Mrs. S. Taft.

Committee.—C. Stebbins, F. J. Mead, Irving Todd, Mrs. O. S. Taylor, Mrs. James Archer, Mrs. Edwin Poor, Mrs John Bell.

The loaf of bread deserves especial mention. It was made by Mrs. Martin, an old lady of seventy, and in a style which would make many a young housekeeper blush. It attracted much attention.

FINE ARTS.

The display in this department was deplorably meagre. Mrs. H. S. Jennings exhibited a beautiful wreath of hair flowers, one of the best we ever saw, and of course it took the first premium. Also a fancy pair of infant shoes, which were generously offered to us if we had any use for them; but, as we could not wear them ourself, we modestly declined. Mrs. W. B. Read, two samples water color paintings, 1st premium.

The address by H. S. Jennings, esq., of Hastings, was very appropriate, and a creditable affair, but unfortunately was delivered at an hour chiefly devoted to dinner, and was not heard by one half of those who were in attendance. We have the manuscript, and shall print it next week.

The Hastings Brass Band was also on hand, and discoursed sundry sweet strains to the great gratification of all, especially the younger portion of the crowd.

THE TROTTING.

In the afternoon the people made their way across the fields to the track to see the prize trotting. H. S. Jennings entered his gray colt, without competition, but finally a match was made between it and a black owned by Munger & Wait, of Northfield, and driven by Mr. Atherton. The gray was driven by Sam White, and was handled beautifully, making two straight heats without a break or being crowded in the least and winning the race. Time 3:12. The black acted badly, breaking and running most of the distance, and the utmost exertions of the driver were insufficient to keep it under control. Still, it is a good horse, and ought to be made to do much better.

Jas. Archer brought out the well-known stallion, Flying Morrill, and drove him around two heats in splendid style. Time 2:50.

There were several running matches between single horses, which occasioned considerable amusement, and some money to change hands.

In the evening about seventy-five couple were at the dance at Archer's and chased "the glowing hours with flying feet" until near the break of dawn. All seemed to enjoy themselves well.

The want of better success of the undertaking we attribute to several reasons: It should have been held at least three weeks earlier, in time for the fruits and flowers which might have been obtained. It should have been in or near Hastings, and the number of articles on exhibition would have been greatly increased. But most of all the society must have permanent grounds to hold their annual fairs. These should be inclosed, and suitable buildings erected for the display of entries, especially those of a perishable nature. Until then, they will never prove what they should be, and will never attract that interest among our citizens necessary for its well being and prosperity. Next year we hope to have this, and then we will show a fair worthy of notice and creditable to all concerned.

MONETARY QUOTATIONS OF FOLLETT & RENICK.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Bankable Funds.

New England,	Bank State of Indiana.
New York,	Iowa.
New Jersey.	Michigan.
Ohio.	U. S. Demand Notes.
Canada.	Wisconsin.
Philadelphia,	Bank of Minnesota.
Marine Bank Minn.,	Western Bk. Bank.
Bank of Carrollton,	State Bank of Minn.,
Peoples' Bank,	Pittsburg.

Exchange.

FOR BANKABLE FUNDS.

	Buying.	Selling.
New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and Milwaukee,	¼ prem.	¼ prem.

PREMIUM FUNDS.

Gold,	45	50
Silver (large),	30	40
U. S. Demand Notes,	40	50
Canada,	35	45

RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY G. F. BATCHELDER.

	Hastings, Oct. 13, 1863.
FLOUR, per sack,	$2 50
WHEAT, per bushel,	@2 50
CORN, do	@50
OATS, do	40@45
POTATOES, do	40
BEANS, do	90
ONIONS, do	1 50
CRANBERRIES,	1 00
HAY, per ton,	2 00
WOOD per cord,	6 00@8 00
SALT, per bbl	5 00@6 00
EGGS, per doz	@ 25
BUTTER, per lb,	15
CHEESE, per lb	12@18
CORN, per cwt.	@2 10
BEEF, per cwt.	3@4
HAMS, per cwt,	7 00
SHOULDERS, per cwt,	5@6
DRIED APPLES,	5@6
DRIED PEACHES,	10
SUGARS, per lb	13@15
MOLASSES, per gal	12@18
COFFEE, Java,	1@1 10
do Rio,	20
	25

RICH PRAIRIE LAND FOR SALE,

In Castle Rock and Eureka Townships.

NE qr sec 4, town 113, range 19 (Castle Rock). SW qr sec 12, town 113, range 20 (Eureka). These two are regarded as the garden townships of Dakota County. The soil is a black loam, of the finest quality. The land lies near the track of the Cedar Valley Railroad, now being rapidly constructed, and in the midst of splendid farms. Many of these farms produced 25 bushels of wheat per acre the present season, with not sufficient rain from seed time to harvest to wet a man's shirt. This last statement is on the authority of the Right Reverend Bishop Whipple, of that vicinity. HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, Sept. 1-y, 1863. 23-1w3

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

Office Over the Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block, Second Street.

Our Platform.

Resolved, That we, chosen to represent in convention the unconditional union men of Minnesota, grateful to Almighty God for the success which has hitherto crowned the arms of our country and for the prospect thus opened of a speedy, honorable, and lasting peace, do hereby, for ourselves and our constituents, reaffirm our determination to support our government by every means in our power in the vigorous prosecution of this war, —on our part, holy, just, and forced upon us by the criminal acts of others,—until not an enemy in arms shall be found within our borders. And to this we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

2. That we tender our grateful thanks to the survivors of our glorious armies, and our warm sympathy to the relatives of their gallant dead, who have won for the country so glorious victories, for themselves imperishable renown, and for us all an assurance of liberty and safety, for ourselves and our children, under our beloved and now well-tried government.

3. That with especial pride we point to the gallant achievements on many a hard-fought battle field, of our Minnesota regiments. Their bravery, discipline, and patriotism have won for them a name that shall never die, and made forever honorable to a citizen of Minnesota.

4. That, without claiming for it exemption from error, we heartily endorse the general policy and conduct of our national administration; and we point to the recent magnificent triumph of our armies as its best vindication from the charge of incapacity so freely brought against it by those who prefer national ruin to success under the present administration. Especially do we approve the emancipation proclamation, and the raising of black troops, as being among the best possible measures to weaken the enemy and strengthen ourselves.

5. That our state administration and congressional delegation deserve our hearty approbation for the zealous and efficient co-operation they have afforded the national authorities in carrying on the war.

6. That we call upon those in authority to take such measures, by retaliation or otherwise, as shall effectually prevent brutal and barbarous treatment by the enemy of our soldiers, of whatever color.

7. That it is due to our shattered armies in the field, as well as to the sacred cause which they uphold, that their ranks should as speedily as possible be filled up by every means in our power. It is due to the country that the mobs raised to resist and prevent the draft, should not even seem to have succeeded a day longer than is necessary to enforce the laws

8. That the way to peace is, and ever has been, open to the rebels; the only condition we have ever sought to impose is that they should lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the general government. We protest against the making of any terms with them in advance as to their *status* in communities, when they shall have returned to their allegiance. Having been declared "public enemies" by a recent unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, they must accept the consequences that legitimately flow from having placed themselves in that position.

To the Soldiers of Minnesota.

FELLOW SOLDIERS:—The injuries received more than two years since in the Army of the Potomac, compel the undersigned to sever the cherished martial ties which bind him to the troops of Minnesota; and a loyal and patriotic state convention has complimented you by placing a soldier in nomination for the highest office in the commonwealth. He did not seek this position, and for himself shall ask for no man's vote or influence; and has not the time or means to visit you for that purpose if he would.

The principles enunciated by the body which selected him include death to treason, loyalty to the government, support to the soldier, and perpetuity to the union. The platform upon which his opponent stands is offensive to the patriotic men of all parties, and has been repudiated as disloyal by nearly every democratic journal in the state. His convention virtually rejected the following resolution, which the writer cordially endorses:

Resolved, That we look to the army and navy of the union to regain and retain every inch of national territory without any compromise with rebels in arms; that we look to the loyal and faithful people of the south, when the rebellion shall be terminated by military force, to resume the administration of their state governments; and we look to the supreme court to settle definitely and finally the constitutional rights of communities and individuals as effected by the events of the war; and on this broad and comprehensive basis of agreement among all good citizens, and in common with the loyal masses of the American people, we propose to "move upon the enemy's works until we force an unconditional surrender."

Should he be elected governor of Minnesota, he will carefully observe the following rules:

1. He will—without reference to party affinities—support with his whole heart, the National administration, in its efforts to blast the rebellion, and save the union.

2. He will faithfully labor for the destruction of every hostile Indian, and the chastisement of every domestic traitor.

3. In the distribution of the limited patronage which attaches to the position, he will not ask what the applicant *was*, but will if possible know what he *is*.

4. He will not advisedly appoint an improper man because he is a soldier, but the volunteer whose loyalty, integrity and capacity shall commend him—especially if disabled or infirm—shall have the preference.

5. He will earnestly labor for the organization of a National Hospital within the state for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers of Minnesota.

6. It will be his object to protect the reputation of the state and her gallant troops from the foes at home, while you are making for her and yourselves an imperishable history, by crushing the enemy in the field.

Hoping to see you annually at your several posts of duty, should the war require your protracted absence, and invoking for you each an early, honorable, and safe return to Minnesota, he subscribes himself the friend of every true soldier. STEPHEN MILLER,

Colonel 7th Reg. Minn. Vol.

The First Work of Michael Angelo.

The distinguished painter, sculptor, and architect, Michael Angelo Buonarotti, was born in Tuscany, in 1474. He was put out to nurse to the wife of a sculptor, and may, therefore, be said to have sucked sculpture in his very milk

He entered the studio of Ghirlandajo at the age of thirteen, and performed feats unequaled in the annals of art. He seldom had his work corrected, as his copy always surpassed the original. His master being a superior man himself, and capable of appreciating talent wherever found, encouraged his pupil in these developments of youthful excellence. Not so with his companions. They could not look upon their young rival with complacency, for genius of this character could not be suffered to exist in a lad of thirteen years. Michael Angelo had therefore to endure their ill treatment.

Once our youthful artist took occasion to criticise the design of one of his fellow workmen, and there upon he received such a blow from the exasperated man, that it broke the cartilage of his nose—from which cause it remained crooked through life.

One day Angelo entered the grounds of Medici. He there beheld treasures of art, which Lorenzo the Magnificent had collected, such as he never beheld before. Struck with their antique beauty, an instinctive jealousy prompted him not only to imitate, but to excel these exquisite productions. Procuring a block of marble, he divested himself of his outer garment, and, seizing a chisel and hammer, he began the outlines of a faun's head.

The studio of his former master was deserted by him, to the no small gratification of his fellows, who rejoiced that they were at last rid of their detested and hated rival, whose only crime consisted in his surpassing talent.

One day, as Michael Angelo was finishing his faun's head, a man of about forty, exceedingly plain in features, and dressed with the greatest negligence, stopped opposite to him, and silently observed him as he worked. Michael Angelo labored with ardor, without taking the slightest notice of the unknown, for whom he cared about as much as for the dust that fell beneath his chisel.

When he had given the finishing stroke to his work, the young man drew back, after the manner of artists in general, so as better to judge of the effect of his performance, with which he appeared perfectly satisfied. This was apparently the moment awaited by the spectator of the scene, who slowly advancing, laid his hand on the young sculptor's shoulder.

"Friend," said he, with a smile, "Will you allow me to make one remark?"

Michael Angelo turned round with assurance, and with an air combining contempt and insolence.

"A remark! You?" said he slowly.

"Or, in other words, if you like it better, a criticism, continued the stranger.

"On my faun's head?"

"On your faun's head," quietly answered the unknown.

"And pray who are you, sir, who thus assume a right to criticise my labors?"

"It can matter very little to you who I am if my criticism is correct," said the stranger.

"And who is to decide between us which of the two is right?

"Yourself, if you wish it."

"Well, sir, let us hear—speak!" said Michael Angelo, folding his arms with an air of defiance.

"Have you not intended to represent the grinning head of an old faun?" asked the stranger.

"Certainly—that is easy enough to be seen."

"Well," suggested the critic, smiling, "Where did you ever see an old man with a perfect set of teeth?"

The young man reddened up to the eyes at this remark, and bit his lip with vexation. The criticism was a just one; and, waiting till his interlocuter had disappeared, he took the chisel, and, with a couple of blows, he knocked out two of the faun's teeth. As it was now growing late, he resolved to return the next day and put a finishing stroke to his work.

The next morning, at an early hour, Angelo repaired to the garden; but, to his great surprise, his faun had disappeared, and in its place was posted the stranger of the day before.

"Where is my head?" angrily asked the young sculptor.

"It has been removed by my orders," quietly answered the unknown.

"And who are you, sir, who thus dare to give orders in the garden of Lorenzo the Magnificent?"

"Follow me, and you shall learn," said the stranger.

"I shall certainly follow you, and oblige you to return me my faun's head."

"Perhaps you will be glad to let it remain where it is."

"We shall see."

"We shall see."

The stranger took the way to the palace with the same calm and tranquil manner and was preparing to ascend the grand staircase, when the young man, seizing his arm, with an exclamation between timidity and anger, said:

"Where are you going, sir? Do you think to penetrate thus, with impunity, into the apartments of the prince? Depend upon it we shall get turned out."

But the unknown, without paying the slightest attention to what the young man said, went on and crossed the antechamber. The servants rose at his approach, and the guards saluted him with respect.

Michael Angelo followed, with increasing uneasiness.

"Can he hold some station in the palace?" thought he rather uneasy at the idea. "In that case I am wrong in speaking so freely. Well! after all my faun belongs to me, and he must return it; it is my work. At all events I can pay him for the marble."

The unknown traversed the gallery and the saloon without the least impediment.

"The devil!" thought Michael Angelo, "can he be the prince's secretary? If so, I shall be in a nice predicament, after my impertinence to him. Oh, what a blind fool I have been!"

The unknown now opened the door of a chamber regally furnished, and rich with objects of art of the greatest value.

The young sculptor paused on the threshold speechless and trembling; his boldness had quite forsaken him, and he gave himself up as lost. He had certainly offended a person of immense power, when that person could so unceremoniously enter the private apartments of Lorenzo de Medici, without even being so much as announced. As he endeavored to stammer forth a few words of apology, he raised his eyes, and, to his astonishment, beheld his faun's head resting on a rich pedestal.

"You see, my friend," said the unknown, in the same kind tone, "that I have removed your faun from the garden, but to put in a more worthy place."

"But, good heavens!" exclaimed the young artist, assailed by a new terror, "what will the prince say when he sees this wretched attempt of mine amongst so many precious objects of art."

"The prince approves of it; and, as a proof of what I say, he extends to you his hand, in token of his approbation. Come, my young friend, will you not take it?"

Any other would have fallen on his knees at the prince's feet; but Michael Angelo moved even to tears, could only hang his head, while he cordially pressed the hand which was held out to him.

"From this day forth, consider yourself as one of my family, my young friend," said the prince; "you shall work in my studio, you shall dine at my table, and be treated as my son. Go to my wardrobe, and let them give you a handsome violet mantle, equal to that worn on festive days by Peter and John of Medicis."

"My lord," answered the young sculptor, much affected, "before I accept your precious favors, allow me to run to my father, that he may share my happiness; he distains my love of art, and has turned me out of doors as a worthless and idle son—I would return to him humble and obedient. I know my father. Though inflexible, he is just; and, perhaps, when he knows what has happened to me, instead of regretting it, he will have a right to be glad of my fault. And from this day forth I may proudly present myself, not only at home, but every where; for has not Lorenzo of Medicis, the greatest man of his time, conferred on me the title of artist?"

"'Tis well, my son," replied the prince; "return to your home and to your father; and announce to him that my patronage shall be extended to all his family, and also, that I permit him to present himself, whenever he wishes, at the palace, to demand of me whatever office shall best suit his taste."

ALWAYS HAPPY, ALWAYS CHEERFUL.—"Why this constant happy flow of spirits?" "No secret, doctor," replied the mechanic, "I have one of the best of wives; and when I go to work she always has a kind word of encouragement for me, and when I go home, she meets me with a smile and a kiss, and she is sure to be ready; and she has been doing many things during the day to please me, and I can not find it in my heart to speak unkind to any body." What an influence, then, hath women over the heart of man, to soften it, and make it the fountain of cheerful and pure emotion. Speak gently, then; a happy smile and a kind word of greeting, after the toils of the day are over, costs nothing, and goes far towards making a home happy and peaceful.

Some young ladies feeling themselves aggrieved by the severity with which some of their friends animadverted on their gay plumes, crinolines, scarlet petticoats and flounces, went to their pastor to learn his opinion. "Do you think," said they, "that there can be any impropriety in our wearing these things?"

"By no means," was the prompt reply; "when the heart is full of ridiculous notions, it is perfectly proper to hang out a sign."

The mortality rate in New York during the present season has been three times as great as in London.

AGRICULTURAL.

Flies on Horses and Oxen.

A correspondent of the New Haven *Courier* puts in a plea for our horses and oxen:

The annoyance of these summer pests to animals can be greatly mitigated by the use of a mixture of one-third kerosene oil and two-thirds lard oil, applied to the legs of horses, oxen or cows, with a feather or brush, or what is better, but more objectionable to the applier, with the hand, rubbing it well in. A farmer in the neighborhood used it last summer on his oxen, having it applied twice a day on their going out to work—morning and noon. His cattle gained in flesh during fly time. I have used it on horses and two cows. Its benefit is immediately observable. A horse, uneasy, fretting and stamping, becomes, after the application, at once quiet. Those who sympathize with the noble animals in the constant teasing endured by them from pests, will be glad to use any harmless remedy which will spare incessant work, when not called to labor in harness. Horses will keep better on a less supply of food for the repose thus obtained. Cows will give better and more milk from the rest that they will get from the use of this mixture.

While on the subject of relief to animals, allow me to suggest to oxen and cow owners, the use of a covering of crash, or bagging, or canvas, during the fly season. I consider that I am well repaid for the trifling expense of a cover on cows. In the south of Europe, the use of covers for cows and oxen is almost universal.

RABBITS.—Keeping rabbits is a very amusing employment, for young people, particularly, and is very remunerative when kept for profit. A great deal of money can be made from them, when properly fed and kept. The best rabbits are the fawn grey, the color of the hare, as they are the most prolific and the most hardy. A rabbit begins to breed at six months old, and goes with young about thirty days. The flesh of the rabbit is very good and delicate, particularly if, towards the time we prepare to dispose of them, we mix sweet and odoriferous herbs with their common food, such as borage, burnet, parsley sage, thyme, etc.; their meat then acquires a delicious wild game flavor; they are prepared for the table in different ways, boiled, roasted, stewed, with different sauces, and make one of the best dishes in cookery.—*Working Farmer*.

ABOUT CLOVES.—Cloves are produced by a tree which is a native of the Molucca Island, and were, like nutmegs, a long time under the exclusive control of the Dutch government, who for many years would not allow the tree to grow upon any except the island of Amboyna, whence the highest-priced cloves still come. The tree is from fifteen to thirty feet high, with large aromatic leaves and bunches of very fragrant flowers. The spice is the unopened flower buds, which are beaten off by means of rods, and then dried. The little ball at the top of the clove is the unexpanded petals; but softening the clove in hot water these can be carefully laid open by means of a pin. The main portion of the clove is what would be the fruit if it was allowed to go on and ripen. Our word clove comes from the French *clou*, a nail—that being the name by which the French call them on account of their resemblance to a little nail. They contain a good deal of volatile oil, upon which their value depends. This oil is sometimes extracted in part, and the cloves afterwards sold. These can be told by their lighter color, and by having the buttons or rounded portion broken off. Cloves readily absorb a considerable amount of moisture, and it is the custom of large dealers to keep them in rather a damp place, in order to make them weigh heavily and look fresh and plump. It is bad economy to buy cloves or any other spice in the ground state, as, aside from the risk of adulteration, the oil is absorbed by the paper in which they are put up.

The best remedy we have found for a sore throat, is, on retiring to rest, to rub on the outside a little "Volatile Liniment," and swallow slowly a few drops of paregoric, letting it dissolve in the saliva, and spread along down the inflamed parts. The liniment is generally sufficient alone. Volatile Liniment is simply a mixture of sweet oil and aquaammonia (called in liquid harts-horn). These are put in a vial and shaken, using such proportion as to form a semi-liquid soap. An ounce or two can be got cheaply at the druggist, and if tightly corked, it will keep for months. Rub it on with your fingers. We find nothing better than this for soreness of the chest or joints, or for lameness, stiff neck, etc.

James R. Boyd, Ontario, Wis., writes to the *American Agriculterist*, that last Spring he sowed Scotch Fife wheat, after having washed the seed with strong salt brine and rolled it in lime until it was covered. The crop was entirely free from smut, while neighboring fields without this application, were badly infected. We have used with success a wash of dissolved sulphate of copper (blue vitriol); perhaps common salt would be equally useful.

A good way to preserve cabbages is to them lay head downwards in trenches, with poles in the bottom of the trench to keep the head from the ground cover with straw and then with earth so laid and packed as to shed rain.

It is no sign a woman is a cooper shop because there are lots of hoops around her!

BUSINESS CARDS.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

FOLLETT & RENICK, Bankers. Dealers in domestic and Exchange, Foreign, State, and County Scrip, Exchange Block, Second street, Hastings, Minn.

THORNE'S BANK.

Transacts a general Banking Business, deals in Eastern and Sterling Exchange, Bank Notes, Gold, Silver, etc.
Special attention given to collections.
Hastings, Jan 1, 1863. J. L. THORNE, Banker. 43-tf

Attorneys.

ELI ROBINSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Hastings, Minnesota. 13-tf

C. W. NASH. T. R. HUDDLESTON.
NASH & HUDDLESTON,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Corner of Sibley and Second streets, Hastings, Minn.

H. S. JENNINGS,
Attorney-at-Law. Office over A. M. Pett's drug store, Hastings, Minn.
June 30, 1863. 12-tf

A. M. HAYES. O. T. HAYES.
A. M. & O. T. HAYES,
Attorneys at Law, Vermillion street, near Second, Hastings, Minn.

S SMITH. R. W. MONTGOMERY.
SMITH & MONTGOMERY,
Attorneys at Law, Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street, in Gardner's new Stone Block. 41-tf

P. HARTSHORN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Justice of the Peace, and Conveyancer. Office, on Ramsey street, over the Post Office, Hastings. 32

JNO. R. CLAGETT. F. M CROSBY
CLAGETT & CROSBY,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Hastings Minnesota. Particular attention given to obtaining half-pay pensions for widows and minor children of deceased soldiers, invalid pensions by reason of disability incurred in the military service of the United States, and bounties and arrears of pay due relatives of deceased soldiers.
Hastings, Dec, 1, 1862. 24-tf

Physicians.

OTTO STANNIS,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office on Second street, opposite Thorn, Norrish & Co's. Hastings.

H. O. MOWERS,
Surgeon Dentist, Hastings. Office—North side Second street, between Ramsey and Sibley, over Thorne & Norrish's store.

DR. J. E. FINCH,
Physician and Surgeon, Hastings, Minn. Office corner of Second and Sibley Streets, rear of Nash & Huddleston's law office.
Hastings, June 30, 1863. 12-tf

C. C. RIGHTER. Z. B. NICHOLS.
RIGHTER & NICHOLS,
Homœopathic Physicians, Hastings, Minn. Will attend promptly to all professional calls. Office over City Drug Store. 40-tf

Printing.

IRVING TODD,
Book and Job Printer, Second Street, Hastings, Minn. All kinds of plain and ornamental printing neatly and cheaply executed. The latest styles of type, cuts, and border on hand, and shall always keep up with the times. Particular attention given to orders from the country. Office over Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block.

Miscellaneous.

CHARLES B. LOWELL,
General Land Agent, Civil Engineer, and Deputy County Surveyor of Dakota County.

P. B. COOK & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants, Hastings, Minn. Cash advanced on consignments. 16-tf

MRS. MARY TORRANCE,
Private Boarding House, has removed from Second Street to the stand formerly known as the City Hotel, Ramsey street, Hastings.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, will attend promptly to all calls in his line. Ladies' hair cut and curled to order. Shop on Second Street, opposite Thorne & Norrish's.
Hastings, May 14th, 1863. 5-tf

WM. SMITH,
Carriage and Wagon Maker, corner Vermillion and Fourth streets, Hastings. I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage work in the best possible manner, and at short notice.

C. HALDEN
Painters and Paper Hangers, Shop, corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, Hastings, Min. Carriage Painting done with neatness and dispatch.

CHARLES SCHROTH,
Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Meat. He would inform his old customers and all others, that he continues to keep the best and freshest meat, of all sorts, at his old stand, one door below Edison House. His customers will be sure to find everything all right. 22

GROFF & BAILEY,
Real Estate Agents, No. 124 Third Street, (under Thompson's Bank,) St. Paul, Minn. City and county property bought and sold. Collections made and taxes paid for non residents. Also will attend to collection of rents, renting houses and business property. 17-1y

JULIUS HOURIET

Offers the largest stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in town, which he will sell at lower prices than any other house. Repairing done of all kinds, and warranted for one year. Call in before purchasing elsewhere Shop on Ramsey street, between 2d and 3d.
Hastings, May 11, 1863. 5-1y

J. B. VANDERWERKER,
Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery Goods. Keeps constantly on hand Coarse and Fine Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Fly Nets, Horse Collars of extra quality. Particular attention paid to Repairing, on short notice. Carriages Trimmed in the latest style and finish. I would say to my customers that I am thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of their patronage. I will give them a better article and cheaper than they can buy in Minnesota.

MRS. MARY E. TAPLEY
Has just opened on Ramsey Street, at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bixby, a very choice and well selected stock of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this city and its vicinity. Having secured the services of a competent and fashionable milliner, and provided herself with the latest patterns, she is prepared to serve the ladies in millinery and dress making in the most approved and latest styles. Mrs. T. will keep her stock well replenished with such articles as may be called for in the market, and by employing none but the very best help, and a faithful attention to her business, she hopes to merit and receive the patronage of the public. 4-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.—WE are doing an auction and commission business in Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, and all kinds of property. We buy and sell goods on commission, loan and collect money, pay taxes for parties abroad, loan money on pledges, and advance money on property. We keep Watches, Jewelry, and Notions to sell the trade and pedlars. Business from the country promptly attended to. Auction sales every evening, special sales at 10 A. M. Second door from the Merchants' Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.
20-tf H. E. BAKER & Co.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP.

I HAVE just opened a new Blacksmith and Wagon Shop on the corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, where I am prepared to execute all kinds of work in my line, promptly, well, and as cheap as any body else. All who want a first rate wagon, or repairing, or blacksmithing of any sort, give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN STREET,
Hastings, June 17, 1862. 1y

GROCERIES, ETC.

GROCERIES, VEGETABLES,
BUTTER,
EGGS,
CHEESE,
STONE AND
WOODEN WARE,
FRUIT, AND
CONFECTIONERY
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Can be found as cheap and of as good quality at the

Fruit and Variety Store,

opposite post-office, as at any other place in the city.

J. B. TINKLEPAUGH & Co.
Hastings, May 14, 1863.

THE NEW STORE.

DRAPER & BALLARD,

HASTINGS, MINN.,

Have opened in Exchange Block a large well selected assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

and solicit an examination of their goods and low prices.

We have in store
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SALT,
NAILS, GLASS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FARMING TOOLS, &c,

Our stock is large and complete, and will be sold at

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

We have made arrangements with Messrs. HARRISON to keep on hand a large supply of their excellent Flour
The celebrated Moline Plow for sale.
DRAPER & BALLARD.
May 1, 1863. 3-tf

W. D. FRENCH,

Wholesale & Retail

GROCER,

Union Block, - - Hastings, Minn

Having removed to the large new store two doors west of his old stand, will keep constantly on hand a

LARGE STOCK,

Which will be offered at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

Merchants, Farmers, and other purchasers are invited to call and examine his stock and prices.
W. D. FRENCH.
Sept. 15, 1863. 23-tf

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

1863. SPRING. 1863.

THORNE, NORRISH, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Again solicit public attention to their unusual large stock of new

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES, ETC.,
CROCKERY

all of which we have bought during the late panic in New York very low, and shall sell the same

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, would respectfully request a continuance of the same.
THORNE, NORRISH, & Co.
May 7th, 1863. 4-tf

W. P. STANLEY,
DEALER IN
Books and Stationery,

Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fixtures, Cord, and Tassels: buff and green Holland, oil green cloth for shades: Photographs of our generals and other distinguished individuals and albums to put them in: Yankee Notions, all the leading Magazines and Newspapers, Eastern and Western, St. Paul Dailies: agent for Prince & Sons Melodeons. 41-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

The New York *Tribune*, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the war for the union, its circulation on the 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-emmently a journal of News and of Literature, the *Tribune* has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant and hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power from the Anexation of Texas to the great rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the model republic; republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its blotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, where liberty and union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The *Tribune* devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to education, temperance, agriculture, inventions, and whatever else may ministerno the spiritual and material progress adwell being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the war for the union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the national arms and in the restoration of peace and thrift to our distracted bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the cooperation of all friends of the national cause, which we regard and uphold as that of universal humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

Terms.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers compels us to increase the price of the *Tribune*. Our new terms are

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single copy	3 cents
Mail subscribers, one year	$8

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$4
Two copies one year	5
Five copies one year	12
Ten copies one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$ 2
Three copies one year	5
Five copies one year	8
Ten copies one year	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty the semi-weekly *Tribune* will be sent. To clubs of fifty the daily *Tribune* will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit bank bills. The name of the post-office and state should in all cases be plainly written. Subscribers who send money by express must prepay the express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—BEGINning of a new volume. The number for January, 1863, begins the eleventh volume of the *Atlantic Monthly*. From the commencement, in 1859, the *Atlantic* has rapidly increased in circulation, and it now has the largest class of readers since its beginning, five years ago. Its prosperity steadily augments, and it continues, amid all the fluctuations and dangers incident to our national crisis, to gain ground in the estimation of the public. At a time so pregnant with events which touch the future destinies of America in every vital particular, the publishers and editors do not deem it necessary to promise that its pages will never swerve from the honest paths of loyal patriotism and universal freedom. It opinions have always been on the side of Liberty, Progress, and Right, and the course it first adopted in its early career will ever be faithfully maintained.

The staff of writers regularly contributing to the *Atlantic Monthly* embraces many of the best known authors in American literature, and warrants the publishers in promising to its readers the best essays, the best stories, the best poems, which American talent can furnish.

LIST OF REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS.

In prose and poetry the *Atlantic* staff of writers is unequaled. The following authors are still among the regular contributors: James Russell Lowell, Henry W. Longfellow, Louis Agassiz, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Nathaniel Hawthorne, T. W. Higginson, Author "Margret Howth," Oliver W. Holmes, John G. Whittier, E. P. Whipple, Bayard Taylor, George S. Hillard, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, "The Country Parson," Rose Terry, Harriet E. Prescott. The *Atlantic's* list of contributors includes many of the leading writers of America

TERMS.—The *Atlantic* is for sale by all book and periodical dealers. Price 25 cts a number. Subscriptions for the year $3, postage paid. Yearly subscriptions received or single numbers supplied by any dealer, or by the publishers. Specimen numbers sent gratis on application to the publishers. Inducements for subscribing, list of premiums, etc., furnished on application to the publishers.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
135 Washington Street,
44-tf Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon,

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel

HASTINGS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

Office Over the Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block, Second Street.

Our Platform.

Resolved, That we, chosen to represent in convention the unconditional union men of Minnesota, grateful to Almighty God for the success which has hitherto crowned the arms of our country and for the prospect thus opened of a speedy, honorable, and lasting peace, do hereby, for ourselves and our constituents, reaffirm our determination to support our government by every means in our power in the vigorous prosecution of this war, —on our part, holy, just, and forced upon us by the criminal acts of others,—until not an enemy in arms shall be found within our borders. And to this we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

2. That we tender our grateful thanks to the survivors of our glorious armies, and our warm sympathy to the relatives of their gallant dead, who have won for the country so glorious victories, for themselves imperishable renown, and for us all an assurance of liberty and safety, for ourselves and our children, under our beloved and now well-tried government.

3. That with especial pride we point to the gallant achievements on many a hard-fought battle-field, of our Minnesota regiments. Their bravery, discipline, and patriotism have won for them a name that shall never die, and made forever honorable to a citizen of Minnesota.

4. That, without claiming for it exemption from error, we heartily endorse the general policy and conduct of our national administration; and we point to the recent magnificent triumph of our armies as its best vindication from the charge of incapacity so freely brought against it by those who prefer national ruin to success under the present administration. Especially do we approve the emancipation proclamation, and the raising of black troops, as being among the best possible measures to weaken the enemy and strengthen ourselves.

5. That our state administration and congressional delegation deserve our hearty approbation for the zealous and efficient co-operation they have afforded the national authorities in carrying on the war.

6. That we call upon those in authority to take such measures, by retaliation or otherwise, as shall effectually prevent brutal and barbarous treatment by the enemy of our soldiers, of whatever color.

7. That it is due to our shattered armies in the field, as well as to the sacred cause which they uphold, that their ranks should as speedily as possible be filled up by every means in our power. It is due to the country that the mobs raised to resist and prevent the draft, should not even seem to have succeeded a day longer than is necessary to enforce the laws

8. That the way to peace is, and ever has been, open to the rebels; the only condition we have ever sought to impose is that they should lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the general government. We protest against the making of any terms with them in advance as to their *status* in communities, when they shall have returned to their allegiance. Having been declared "public enemies" by a recent unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, they must accept the consequences that legitimately flow from having placed themselves in that position.

To the Soldiers of Minnesota.

FELLOW SOLDIERS:—The injuries received more than two years since in the Army of the Potomac, compel the undersigned to sever the cherished martial ties which bind him to the troops of Minnesota; and a loyal and patriotic state convention has complimented you by placing a soldier in nomination for the highest office in the commonwealth. He did not seek this position, and for himself shall ask for no man's vote or influence; and has not the time or means to visit you for that purpose if he would.

The principles enunciated by the body which selected him include death to treason, loyalty to the government, support to the soldier, and perpetuity to the union. The platform upon which his opponent stands is offensive to the patriotic men of all parties, and has been repudiated as disloyal by nearly every democratic journal in the state. His convention virtually rejected the following resolution, which the writer cordially endorses:

Resolved, That we look to the army and navy of the union to regain and retain every inch of national territory without any compromise with rebels in arms; that we look to the loyal and faithful people of the south, when the rebellion shall be terminated by military force, to resume the administration of their state governments; and we look to the supreme court to settle definitely and finally the constitutional rights of communities and individuals as effected by the events of the war; and on this broad and comprehensive basis of agreement among all good citizens, and in common with the loyal masses of the American people, we propose to "move upon the enemy's works until we force an unconditional surrender."

Should he be elected governor of Minnesota, he will carefully observe the following rules:

1. He will—without reference to party affinities—support with his whole heart, the National administration, in its efforts to blast the rebellion, and save the union.

2. He will faithfully labor for the destruction of every hostile Indian, and the chastisement of every domestic traitor.

2. In the distribution of the limited patronage which attaches to the position, he will not ask what the applicant *was*, but will if possible know what he *is*.

4. He will not advisedly appoint an improper man because he is a soldier, but the volunteer whose loyalty, integrity and capacity shall commend him—especially if disabled or infirm—shall have the preference.

5. He will earnestly labor for the organization of a National Hospital within the state for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers of Minnesota.

6. It will be his object to protect the reputation of the state and her gallant troops from the foes at home, while you are making for her and yourselves an imperishable history, by crushing the enemy in the field.

Hoping to see you annually at your several posts of duty, should the war require your protracted absence, and invoking for you each an early, honorable, and safe return to Minnesota, he subscribes himself the friend of every true soldier. STEPHEN MILLER,

Colonel 7th Reg. Minn. Vol.

The First Work of Michael Angelo.

The distinguished painter, sculptor, and architect, Michael Angelo Buonarotti, was born in Tuscany, in 1474. He was put out to nurse to the wife of a sculptor, and may, therefore, be said to have sucked sculpture in his very milk.

He entered the studio of Ghirlandajo at the age of thirteen, and performed feats unequaled in the annals of art. He seldom had his work corrected, as his copy always surpassed the original. His master being a superior man himself, and capable of appreciating talent wherever found, encouraged his pupil in these developments of youthful excellence. Not so with his companions. They could not look upon their young rival with complacency, for genius of this character could not be suffered to exist in a lad of thirteen years. Michael Angelo had therefore to endure their ill treatment.

Once our youthful artist took occasion to criticise the design of one of his fellow workmen, and there upon he received such a blow from the exasperated man, that it broke the cartilage of his nose—from which cause it remained crooked through life.

One day Angelo entered the grounds of Medici. He there beheld treasures of art, which Lorenzo the Magnificent had collected, such as he never beheld before. Struck with their antique beauty, an instinctive jealousy prompted him, not only to imitate, but to excel these exquisite productions. Procuring a block of marble, he divested himself of his outer garment, and, seizing a chisel and hammer, he began the outlines of a faun's head.

The studio of his former master was deserted by him, to the no small gratification of his fellows, who rejoiced that they were at last rid of their detested and hated rival, whose only crime consisted in his surpassing talent.

One day, as Michael Angelo was finishing his faun's head, a man of about forty, exceedingly plain in features, and dressed with the greatest negligence, stopped opposite to him, and silently observed him as he worked. Michael Angelo labored with ardor, without taking the slightest notice of the unknown, for whom he cared about as much as for the dust that fell beneath his chisel.

When he had given the finishing stroke to his work, the young man drew back, after the manner of artists in general, so as better to judge of the effect of his performance, with which he appeared perfectly satisfied. This was apparently the moment awaited by the spectator of the scene, who slowly advancing, laid his hand on the young sculptor's shoulder.

"Friend," said he, with a smile, "Will you allow me to make one remark?"

Michael Angelo turned round with assurance, and with an air combining contempt and insolence.

"A remark! You?" said he slowly.

"Or, in other words, if you like it better, a criticism, continued the stranger.

"On my faun's head?"

"On your faun's head," quietly answered the unknown.

"And pray who are you, sir, who thus assume a right to criticise my labors?"

"It can matter very little to you who I am if my criticism is correct," said the stranger.

"And who is to decide between us which of the two is right?

"Yourself, if you wish it."

"Well, sir, let us hear—speak!" said Michael Angelo, folding his arms with an air of defiance.

"Have you not intended to represent the grinning head of an old faun?" asked the stranger.

"Certainly—that is easy enough to be seen."

"Well," suggested the critic, smiling, "Where did you ever see an old man with a perfect set of teeth?"

The young man reddened up to the eyes at this remark, and bit his lip with vexation. The criticism was a just one; and, waiting till his interlocuter had disappeared, he took the chisel, and, with a couple of blows, he knocked out two of the faun's teeth. As it was now growing late, he resolved to return the next day and put a finishing stroke to his work.

The next morning, at an early hour, Angelo repaired to the garden; but, to his great surprise, his faun had disappeared, and in its place was posted the stranger of the day before.

"Where is my head?" angrily asked the young sculptor.

"It has been removed by my orders," quietly answered the unknown.

"And who are you, sir, who thus dare to give orders in the garden of Lorenzo the Magnificent?"

"Follow me, and you shall learn," said the stranger.

"I shall certainly follow you, and oblige you to return me my faun's head."

"Perhaps you will be glad to let it remain where it is."

"We shall see."

"We shall see."

The stranger took the way to the palace with the same calm and tranquil manner and was preparing to ascend the grand staircase, when the young man, seizing his arm, with an exclamation between timidity and anger, said:

"Where are you going, sir? Do you think to penetrate thus, with impunity, into the apartments of the prince? Depend upon it we shall get turned out."

But the unknown, without paying the slightest attention to what the young man said, went on and crossed the antechamber. The servants rose at his approach, and the guards saluted him with respect.

Michael Angelo followed, with increasing uneasiness.

"Can he hold some station in the palace?" thought he rather uneasy at the idea. "In that case I am wrong in speaking so freely. Well! after all my faun belongs to me, and he must return it; it is my work. At all events I can pay him for the marble."

The unknown traversed the gallery and the saloon without the least impediment.

"The devil!" thought Michael Angelo, "can he be the prince's secretary? If so, I shall be in a nice predicament, after my impertinence to him. Oh, what a blind fool I have been!"

The unknown now opened the door of a chamber regally furnished, and rich with objects of art of the greatest value.

The young sculptor paused on the threshold speechless and trembling; his boldness had quite forsaken him, and he gave himself up as lost. He had certainly offended a person of immense power, when that person could so unceremoniously enter the private apartments of Lorenzo de Medici, without even being so much as announced. As he endeavored to stammer forth a few words of apology, he raised his eyes, and, to his astonishment, beheld his faun's head resting on a rich pedestal.

"You see, my friend," said the unknown, in the same kind tone, "that I have removed your faun from the garden, but to put in a more worthy place."

"But, good heavens!" exclaimed the young artist, assailed by a new terror, "what will the prince say when he sees this wretched attempt of mine amongst so many precious objects of art."

"The prince approves of it; and, as a proof of what I say, he extends to you his hand, in token of his approbation. Come, my young friend, will you not take it?"

Any other would have fallen on his knees at the prince's feet; but Michael Angelo moved even to tears, could only hang his head, while he cordially pressed the hand which was held out to him.

"From this day forth, consider yourself as one of my family, my young friend," said the prince; "you shall work in my studio, you shall dine at my table, and be treated as my son. Go to my wardrobe, and let them give you a handsome violet mantle, equal to that worn on festive days by Peter and John of Medicis."

"My lord," answered the young sculptor, much affected, "before I accept your precious favors, allow me to run to my father, that he may share my happiness; he distains my love of art, and has turned me out of doors as a worthless and idle son—I would return to him humble and obedient. I know my father. Though inflexible, he is just; and, perhaps, when he knows what has happened to me, instead of regretting it, he will have a right to be glad of my fault. And from this day forth I may proudly present myself, not only at home, but every where; for has not Lorenzo of Medicis, the greatest man of his time, conferred on me the title of artist?"

"'Tis well, my son," replied the prince; "return to your home and to your father; and announce to him that my patronage shall be extended to all his family, and also, that I permit him to present himself, whenever he wishes, at the palace, to demand of me whatever office shall best suit his taste."

ALWAYS HAPPY, ALWAYS CHEERFUL.—"Why this constant happy flow of spirits?" "No secret, doctor," replied the mechanic, "I have one of the best of wives; and when I go to work she always has a kind word of encouragement for me, and when I go home, she meets me with a smile and a kiss, and she is sure to be ready; and she has been doing many things during the day to please me, and I can not find it in my heart to speak unkind to any body." What an influence, then, hath women over the heart of man, to soften it, and make it the fountain of cheerful and pure emotion. Speak gently, then; a happy smile and a kind word of greeting, after the toils of the day are over, costs nothing, ane goes far towards making a home happy and peaceful.

Some young ladies feeling themselves aggrieved by the severity with which some of their friends animadverted on their gay plumes, crinolines, scarlet petticoats and flounces, went to their pastor to learn his opinion. "Do you think," said they, "that there can be any impropriety in our wearing these things?"

"By no means," was the prompt reply; "when the heart is full of ridiculous notions, it is perfectly proper to hang out a sign."

The mortality rate in New York during the present season has been three times as great as in London.

AGRICULTURAL.

Flies on Horses and Oxen.

A correspondent of the New Haven *Courier* puts in a plea for our horses and oxen:

The annoyance of these summer pests to animals can be greatly mitigated by the use of a mixture of one-third kerosene oil and two-thirds lard oil, applied to the legs of horses, oxen or cows, with a feather or brush, or what is better, but more objectionable to the applier, with the hand, rubbing it well in. A farmer in the neighborhood used it last summer on his oxen, having it applied twice a day on their going out to work—morning and noon. His cattle gained in flesh during fly time. I have used it on horses and two cows. Its benefit is immediately observable. A horse, uneasy, fretting and stamping, becomes, after the application, at once quiet. Those who sympathize with the noble animals in the constant teasing endured by them from pests, will be glad to use any harmless remedy which will spare incessant work, when not called to labor in harness. Horses will keep better on a less supply of food for the repose thus obtained. Cows will give better and more milk from the rest that they will get from the use of this mixture.

While on the subject of relief to animals, allow me to suggest to oxen and cow owners, the use of a covering of crash, or bagging, or canvas, during the fly season. I consider that I am well repaid for the trifling expense of a cover on cows. In the south of Europe, the use of covers for cows and oxen is almost universal.

RABBITS.—Keeping rabbits is a very amusing employment, for young people, particularly, and is very remunerative when kept for profit. A great deal of money can be made from them, when properly fed and kept. The best rabbits are the fawn grey, the color of the hare, as they are the most prolific and the most hardy. A rabbit begins to breed at six months old, and goes with young about thirty days. The flesh of the rabbit is very good and delicate, particularly if, towards the time we prepare to dispose of them, we mix sweet and odoriferous herbs with their common food, such as borage, burnet, parsley sage, thyme, etc.; their meat then acquires a delicious wild game flavor; they are prepared for the table in different ways, boiled, roasted, stewed, with different sauces, and make one of the best dishes in cookery.—*Working Farmer*.

ABOUT CLOVES.—Cloves are produced by a tree which is a native of the Molucca Island, and were, like nutmegs, a long time under the exclusive control of the Dutch government, who for many years would not allow the tree to grow upon any except the island of Amboyus, whence the highest-priced cloves still come. The tree is from fifteen to thirty feet high, with large aromatic leaves and bunches of very fragrant flowers. The spice is the unopened flower buds, which are beaten off by means of rods, and then dried. The little ball at the top of the clove is the unexpanded petals; but softening the clove in hot water these can be carefully laid open by means of a pin. The main portion of the clove is what would be the fruit if it was allowed to go on and ripen. Our word clove comes from the French *clou*, a nail—that being the name by which the French call them on account of their resemblance to a little nail. They contain a good deal of volatile oil, upon which their value depends. This oil is sometimes extracted in part, and the cloves afterwards sold. These can be told by their lighter color, and by having the buttons or rounded portion broken off. Cloves readily absorb a considerable amount of moisture, and it is the custom of large dealers to keep them in rather a damp place, in order to make them weigh heavily and look fresh and plump. It is bad economy to buy cloves or any other spice in the ground state, as, aside from the risk of adulteration, the oil is absorbed by the paper in which they are put up.

The best remedy we have found for a sore throat, is, on retiring to rest, to rub on the outside a little "Volatile Liniment," and swallow slowly a few drops of paregoric, letting it dissolve in the saliva, and spread along down the inflamed parts. The liniment is generally sufficient alone. Volatile Liniment is simply a mixture of sweet oil and aquaammonia (called in liquid harts-horn). These are put in a vial and shaken, using such proportion as to form a semi-liquid soap. An ounce or two can be got cheaply at the druggist, and if tightly corked, it will keep for months. Rub it on with your fingers. We find nothing better than this for soreness of the chest or joints, or for lameness, stiff neck, etc.

James R. Boyd, Ontario, Wis., writes to the *American Agriculterist*, that last Spring he sowed Scotch Fife wheat, after having washed the seed with strong salt brine and rolled it in lime until it was covered. The crop was entirely free from smut, while neighboring fields without this application, were badly infected. We have used with success a wash of dissolved sulphate of copper (blue vitriol); perhaps common salt would be equally useful.

A good way to preserve cabbages is to them lay head downwards in trenches, with poles in the bottom of the trench to keep the head from the ground cover with straw and then with earth so laid and packed as to shed rain.

It is no sign a woman is a cooper shop because there are lots of hoops around her!

BUSINESS CARDS.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

FOLLETT & RENICK, Bankers. Dealers in domestic and Exchange, Foreign, State, and County Scrip, Exchange Block, Second street, Hastings, Minn.

THORNE'S BANK.

Transacts a general Banking Business, deals in Eastern and Sterling Exchange, Bank Notes, Gold, Silver, etc.
Special attention given to collections.
J. L. THORNE, Banker.
Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 43-tf

Attorneys.

ELI ROBINSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Hastings, Minnesota. 13-tf

C. W. NASH. T. R. HUDDLESTON.
NASH & HUDDLESTON,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Corner of Sibley and Second streets, Hastings, Minn.

H. S. JENNINGS,
Attorney-at-Law. Office over A. M. Pett's drug store, Hastings, Minn.
June 30, 1863. 12-tf

A. M. HAYES. O. T. HAYES.
A. M. & O. T. HAYES,
Attorneys at Law, Vermillion street, near Second, Hastings, Minn.

S SMITH. R. W. MONTGOMERY.
SMITH & MONTGOMERY,
Attorneys at Law, Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street, in Gardner's new Stone Block. 41-tf

P. HARTSHORN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Justice of the Peace, and Conveyancer. Office, on Ramsey street, over the Post Office, Hastings. 32

JNO. E. CLAGETT. F. M. CROSBY
CLAGETT & CROSBY,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Hastings Minnesota. Particular attention given to obtaining half-pay pensions for widows and minor children of deceased soldiers, invalid pensions by reason of disability incurred in the military service of the United States, and bounties and arrears of pay due relatives of deceased soldiers.
Hastings, Dec, 1, 1862. 34-tf

Physicians.

OTTO STANNIS,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office on Second street, opposite Thorn, Norrish & Co's. Hastings.

H. O. MOWERS,
Surgeon Dentist, Hastings. Office—North-side Second street, between Ramsey and Sibley, over Thorne & Norrish's store.

DR. J. E. FINCH,
Physician and Surgeon, Hastings, Minn. Office corner of Second and Sibley Streets, rear of Nash & Huddleston's Law office.
Hastings, June 30, 1863. 12-tf

C. C. RIGHTER. Z. B. NICHOLS.
RIGHTER & NICHOLS,
Homeopathic Physicians, Hastings, Minn. Will attend promptly to all professional calls. Office over City Drug Store. 40-tf

Printing.

IRVING TODD,
Book and Job Printer, Second Street, Hastings, Minn. All kinds of plain and ornamental printing neatly and cheaply executed. The latest styles of type, cuts, and border on hand, and shall always keep up with the times. Particular attention given to orders from the country. Office over Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block.

Miscellaneous.

CHARLES B. LOWELL,
General Land Agent, Civil Engineer, and Deputy County Surveyor of Dakota County.

P. B. GOOK & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants, Hastings, Minn. Cash advanced on consignments. 16-tf

MRS. MARY TORRANCE,
Private Boarding House, has removed from Second Street to the stand formerly known as the City Hotel, Ramsey street, Hastings.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, will attend promptly to all calls in his line. Ladies' hair cut and curled to order. Shop on Second Street, opposite Thorne & Norrish's.
Hastings, May 14th, 1863. 5-tf

WM. SMITH,
Carriage and Wagon Maker, corner Vermillion and Fourth streets, Hastings. I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage work in the best possible manner, and at short notice.

C. HALDEN
Painters and Paper Hangers, Shop, corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, Hastings, Minn. Carriage Painting done with neatness and dispatch.

CHARLES SCHROTH,
Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Meat. He would inform his old customers and all others, that he continues to keep the best and freshest meat, of all sorts, at his old stand, one door below Edison B'k. His customers will be sure to find everything all right. 22

GROFF & BAILEY,
Real Estate Agents, No. 134 Third Street, (under Thompson's Bank) St. Paul, Minn. City and county property bought and sold. Collections made and taxes paid for non residents. Also will attend to collection of rents, renting houses and business property. 17-1y

JULIUS HOURIET

Offers the largest stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in town, which he will sell at lower prices than any other house. Repairing done of all kinds, and warranted for one year. Call in before purchasing elsewhere Shop on Ramsey street, between 2d and 3d.
Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-1y

J. B. VANDERWERKER,
Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery Goods. Keeps constantly on hand Coarse and Fine Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Fly Netts, Horse Collars of extra quality. Particular attention paid to Repairing, on short notice. Carriages Trimmed in the latest style and finish. I would say to my customers that I am thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of their patronage. I will give them a better article and cheaper than they can buy in Minnesota.

MRS. MARY E. TAPLEY
Has just opened on Ramsey Street, at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bixby, a very choice and well selected stock of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this city and its vicinity. Having secured the services of a competent and fashionable milliner, and provided herself with the latest patterns, she is prepared to serve the ladies in millinery and dress making in the most approved and latest styles. Mrs. T. will keep her stock well replenished with such articles as may be called for in the market, and by employing none but the very best help, and a faithful attention to her business, she hopes to merit and receive the patronage of the public. 4-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.—WE are doing an auction and commission business in Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, and all kinds of property. We buy and sell goods on commission, loan and collect money, pay taxes for parties abroad, loan money on pledges, and advance money on property. We keep Watches, Jewelry, and Notions to sell the trade and pedlars. Business from the country promptly attended to. Auction sales every evening, special sales at 10 A. M. Second door from the Merchants' Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.
20-tf H. E. BAKER & Co.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

BLACKSMITH
AND
WAGON SHOP.
I HAVE just opened a new Blacksmith and Wagon Shop on the corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, where I am prepared to execute all kinds of work in my line, promptly, well, and as cheap as any body else. All who want a first rate wagon, or repairing, or blacksmithing of any sort, give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN STREET,
Hastings, June 17, 1862. 1y

GROCERIES, ETC.

GROCERIES, VEGETABLES,
BUTTER,
EGGS,
CHEESE,
STONE AND
WOODEN WARE,
FRUIT, AND
CONFECTIONERY
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Can be found as cheap and of as good quality at the

Fruit and Variety Store,

opposite post-office, as at any other place in the city.
J. B. TINKLEPAUGH & Co.
Hastings, May 14, 1863.

THE NEW STORE.

DRAPER & BALLARD,

HASTINGS, MINN.,

Have opened in Exchange Block a large well selected assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

and solicit an examination of their goods and low prices.

We have in store
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SALT,
NAILS, GLASS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FARMING TOOLS, &c,

Our stock is large and complete, and will be sold at
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
We have made arrangements with Messrs. HARRISON to keep on hand a large supply of their excellent Flour
The celebrated Moline Plow for sale.
DRAPER & BALLARD.
May 1, 1863. 3-tf

W. D. FRENCH,

Wholesale & Retail

GROCER,

Union Block, - - Hastings, Minn

Having removed to the large new store two doors west of his old stand, will keep constantly on hand a

LARGE STOCK,

Which will be offered at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

Merchants, Farmers, and other purchasers are invited to call and examine his stock and prices.
W. D. FRENCH.
Sept. 15, 1863. 23-tf

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

1863. SPRING. 1863.

THORNE, NORRISH, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Again solicit public attention to their unusual large stock of new

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES, ETC.,
CROCKERY

all of which we have bought during the late panic in New York very low, and shall sell the same

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, would respectfully request a continuance of the same.
THORNE, NORRISH, & Co.
May 7th, 1863. 4-tf

W. P. STANLEY,
DEALER IN
Books and Stationery,

Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fixtures, Cord, and Tassels; buff and green Holland, oil green cloth for shades; Photographs of our generals and other distinguished individuals and albums to put them in; Yankee Notions, all the leading Magazines and Newspapers, Eastern and Western, St. Paul Dailies; agent for Prince & Sons Melodeons. 41-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

The New York *Tribune*, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the war for the union, its circulation on the 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-emmently a journal of News and of Literature, the *Tribune* has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant and hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power from the Anexation of Texas to the great rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the model republic; republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its blotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, where liberty and union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The *Tribune* devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to education, temperance, agriculture, inventions, and whatever else may ministerno the spiritual and material progress adwell being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the war for the union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the national arms and in the restoration of peace and thrift to our distracted bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the cooperation of all friends of the national cause, which we regard and uphold as that of universal humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

Terms.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers compels us to increase the price of the *Tribune*. Our new terms are

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single copy	3 cents
Mail subscribers, one year	$8

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$3
Two copies one year	5
Five copies one year	12
Ten copies one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$ 2
Three copies one year	5
Five copies one year	8
Ten copies one year	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty the semi-weekly *Tribune* will be sent. To clubs of fifty the daily *Tribune* will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit bank bills. The name of the post-office and state should in all cases be plainly written. Subscribers who send money by express must prepay the express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—BEGINning of a new volume. The number for January, 1863, begins the eleventh volume of the *Atlantic Monthly*. From the commencement, in 1859, the *Atlantic* has rapidly increased in circulation, and it now has the largest class of readers since its beginning, five years ago. Its prosperity steadily augments, and it continues, amid all the fluctuations and dangers incident to our national crisis, to gain ground in the estimation of the public. At a time so pregnant with events which touch the future destinies of America in every vital particular, the publishers and editors do not deem it necessary to promise that its pages will never swerve from the honest paths of loyal patriotism and universal freedom. It opinions have always been on the side of Liberty, Progress, and Right, and the course it first adopted in its early career will ever be faithfully maintained.

The staff of writers regularly contributing to the *Atlantic Monthly* embraces many of the best known authors in American literature, and warrants the publishers in promising to its readers the best essays, the best stories, the best poems, which American talent can furnish.

LIST OF REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS.

In prose and poetry the *Atlantic* staff of writers is unequaled. The following authors are still among the regular contributors: James Russell Lowell, Henry W. Longfellow, Louis Agassiz, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Nathaniel Hawthorne, T. W. Higginson, Author "Margret Howth," Oliver W. Holmes, John G. Whittier, E. P. Whipple, Bayard Taylor, George S. Hillard, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, "The Country Parson," Rose Terry, Harriet E. Prescott. The *Atlantic's* list of contributors includes many of the leading writers of America

TERMS.—The *Atlantic* is for sale by all book and periodical dealers. Price 25 cts a number. Subscriptions for the year $3, postage paid. Yearly subscriptions received or single numbers supplied by any dealer, or by the publishers. Specimen numbers sent gratis on application to the publishers. Inducements for subscribing, list of premiums, etc., furnished on application to the publishers.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
135 Washington Street.
44-tf Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon.

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel
HASTINGS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. PRATT & CO.,

Dealers in

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Tailor's Trimmings.

Also, Hats, Caps, and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS.

5-tf

Hastings, Minn., May 14, 1863.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, MANUFACturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, New York.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces considerably over four thousand different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz:

72 Major-Generals,	625 Statesmen,
130 Brig.-Generals,	127 Divines,
259 Colonels,	116 Authors,
84 Lieut.-Colonels,	36 Artists,
207 Other Officers,	112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers,	46 Prominent Women.

117 Prominent Foreign Portraits.

2,500 COPIES OF WORKS OF ART,

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1 80, and sent by mail *free*.

Photographic Albums.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of **Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.** Our Catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
501 Broadway, New York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

Fine Albums made to order for congregations to present to their p stor, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions.

17-6mo

RAILROADS.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

The old reliable and

DIRECT ROUTE,

via Dunleith. Express passenger trains leave Dunleith morning and evening, making quick time and close connections to all points

EAST AND SOUTH.

No change of cars between Dunleith and Chicago. Elegant sleeping cars attached to night trains. Baggage checked through to all important points. Fare lower to southern points than any other railroad line, and as low to eastern cities as the lowest.

This is the only direct route to

St. Louis and Cairo,

and passengers will arrive at these points from eighteen to twenty-four hours quicker than by any route through Chicago.

Freight transported to Milwaukee, Chicago, or points South and East at as low rates and as quick time guaranteed as by any other route from the Mississippi River.

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chi. W. R. ARTHUR, Gen. Supt. Chicago.
J. S. TILDESLY, Gen. Western Agent.

Inquire for tickets by Illinois Central Railroad.

SAMUEL ROGERS, JR., Agent,
Cor. Vermillion and 2d Streets,
16-3m Hastings, Minn.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY, WAR EAGLE, ITASCA, AND NORTHERN LIGHT,

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M, and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The change from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,
9-tf Agents, on Levee.

THE CONSERVER.

Published every Tuesday Morning at
HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

Terms.

Single copy one year	$ 2 00
" " six months,	1 00
" " three months,	50
Five copies, to one address,	8 75
Ten " " "	15 00
Twenty " " " and one to getter up of club,	30 00

Payment invariably in advance.

Address IRVING TODD, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

1 square	1 week	$1 00	2 squares	6 months	9 00
1 "	2 weeks	1 50	2 "	1 year	15 00
1 "	3 "	1 75	3 "	1 week	2 25
1 "	4 "	2 00	3 "	2 "	3 00
1 "	5 "	2 25	3 "	3 "	4 00
1 "	6 "	2 50	3 "	4 "	5 00
1 "	7 "	2 75	3 "	3 months	9 00
1 "	2 months	3 00	3 "	6 "	12 00
1 "	3 "	3 75	3 "	1 year	20 00
1 "	4 "	4 50	¼ col	6 months	15 00
1 "	5 "	5 25	¼ "	1 year	25 00
1 square	6 months	6 00	½ "	6 months	18 00
1 "	1 year	10 00	½ "	1 year	30 00
2 squares	1 week	1 75	¾ "	6 months	25 00
2 "	2 "	2 50	¾ "	1 year	40 00
2 "	3 "	3 00	1 "	1 year	50 00
2 "	4 "	4 00	1 "	1 year	70 00
2 "	3 months	6 00			

One inch in space will be counted as a square of solid matter.

Business cards on second page, not exceeding seven lines, seven dollars per year; each additional line one dollar.

Legal advertisements inserted at the rates prescribed by statute, and attorneys ordering such advertisements will be held responsible.

Special notices 15 cents per line for first insertion and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements must be paid in advance—all others quarterly.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered, will be continued until they are ordered out, and charged accordingly.

Good Night.

Downward sinks the setting sun,
Soft the evening shadows fall;
Light is flying,
Day is dying,
Darkness stealeth over all.
Good night!

Autumn gathers in her stores—
Foison of the fading year;
Leaves are dying,
Winds are sighing—
Whispering of the winter near.
Good night!

Youth is vanished, manhood wanes;
Age its forward shadows throws;
Day is dying,
Years are flying,
Life runs onward to its close.
Good night!

How a Wag Tricked the Parsons.

A late Fraser's *Magazine* contains an article about Scottish parsons of the writer's recollections, in the course of which he tells the following anecdote of a trick Judge Robertson played upon the synod of Cleishmaclaver on their way to the General Assembly of the Scotch Kirk:

The brethren had started by coach at an early hour, and had traveled some twenty miles before they reached the inn where breakfast was prepared for them. The keen air of our northern hills sharpens the appetite; and when the brethren drove up to the inn they were almost famished with hunger. "Now, gentlemen, just ten minutes for breakfast," said the coachman, as he entered the landlady's snug little parlor to have his own. Ten minutes! The time was short, so they must make the most of it. They rushed into the room where the breakfast was spread, and there, basking his ample person before the fire, stood a portly gentleman, dressed some what like a dignitary of the church of England. Their appetite was keener than their curiosity, so they scarcely looked at the stranger, but concentrated all their attention on the viands.

Half-way in the air, before the morsel had reached their lips, their hands were arrested by a sudden cry of "Stop!" It was supposed dean or bishop. "Good Heavens, gentlemen!" he exclaimed, "have you so far forgotten your sacred profession as to partake of food without invoking a blessing?" The brethren looked like school-boys detected in some flagrant fault; but before they had time to remonstrate or explain, the same voice exclaimed, in a tongue which enforced obedience, "Let us pray." They instinctively sprang to their feet, and assumed the attitude of decorous devotion, while the stranger offered up a prayer which they themselves admitted was superior in unction and expression to those of Dr. Drawlitout himself. He had only one fault; he did not know when to stop. The minutes rolled rapidly away, but the stream of fervent supplication flowed on without a break. They had a terrible struggle, the brethren had, as they closed one eye in devotion, and ogled the savory viands with the other; but when a hand approached it drew back before the stern glance of the stranger, which seemed to comprehend them all.

The suffering of Tantalus were nothing to the sufferings of the deputations from the synod of Cleishmaclaver; but all things must have an end. "Time is up, gentlemen," said the coachman, opening the door and wiping his mouth with the air of one who had enjoyed his breakfast. The appearance of the coachmen and the sound of his familiar voice broke the spell, but there was no time to be lost; the horses were shaking their heads and pawing the ground in their impatience to start; so they had to take their seat and turn breakfast and dinner into one. "Was that the Bishop of D——?" said one of the famished brethren. "That the Bishop of D——?" said the coachman contemptuously. "Why, that was Lord P——, the maddest wag in all the kingdom'. The brethren said nothing, but "chewed the cud of sweet but bitter fancy" till they reached the next haulting-place, where they got something more substantial to chew. Somehow the story oozed out, and the trick played on the members of the synod of Cleishmaclaver called forth many a hearth laugh at the Lord High Commissioner's levees, and seriously affected the gravity of the Moderator himself.

"Why," asked the genial bachelor, at the breakfast table the other morning, "will the pretty girls refuse to wear the new leather bonnets which will soon be on the market." There was no answer: so, after a polite pause, and bushing at finding himself the object of much attention, he replied:—"Because they are unwilling to 'hide' their faces."

HARDWARE.

ATTENTION EVERY BODY!

Buy Where You Can Buy Cheapest and get Good Articles.

If you want good hoes and forks, go to Thomas' Hardware Store.

If you want good scythes and snaths cheap, go to Thomas'.

HARDWARE.

If you want fine table and pocket cutlery, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want nails or iron cheap, go straight to Thomas', and no where else.

If you want any kind of tools cheap and good, go to Thomas.

If you want hatchets or axes of the best quality, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want kerosene oil cheap and good go to Thomas.

HARDWARE.

If you want stoves and tinware of the best quality and cheap as the cheapest, go to the cheap hardware store of John Thomas.

If you want locks, latches, butts and screws, or any kind of house trimmings, Thomas' is the place to buy.

If you want sheep shears, gopher traps, smooth irons, iron bench screws, augurs, augur bitts, hand bells, cow bells, or any article kept in a hardware store, go to Thomas' and get it cheap and of the best quality.

HARDWARE.

Try it and see if you cannot make money at it.

JOHN THOMAS.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

HARDWARE.

M. MCHUGH,

Dealer in

HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
STOVES, ETC.,

Corner of Second and Vermillion Streets, Hastings, Minnesota,

has on hand and is constantly receiving a general assortment and a full supply of

Iron,
Nails,
Tinware,
Glass,
Sash,
And
Putty,

Also the best stock of

CUTLERY

ever before exhibited in this market. These goods have been bought expressly for this trade, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

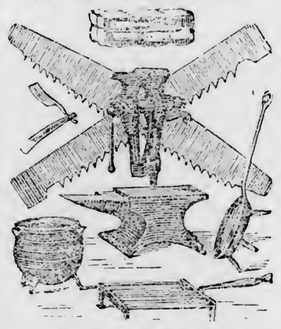
I am also agent for, and have on hand, the celebrated

STEWART COOKING STOVE,

known to be the best cooking stove manufactured.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

H. H. PRINGLE,



Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Mechanics' Tools,

Building Materials,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, ETC

HASTINGS, MIN.

TIN,

SHEET IRON & COPPER W'K

ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

R. J. MARVIN,

Dealer in

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ETC., ETC.

On hand a large stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
COLORS,
GLASS, AND
PAINTERS'
STOCK GENERALLY.

Also

Garden and Field SEEDS.

Please give me a call before purchasing. Try my goods and prices, which is a better test than *blowing*.

May 1, 1863. 3-tf

PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF

PRINTING

Neatly and Cheaply Executed

AT THE

CONSERVER OFFICE.

Cards,
Programmes,
Bill-Heads,
Circulars,
Posters,
Etc.,

Printed to Order and at

SHORT NOTICE.

Having received a choice supply of

NEW MATERIAL

from the East, am prepared to do

PLAIN AND FANCY WORK,

in styles to defy competition.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

IRVING TODD.

FURNITURE.

H. BUTTURFF,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY,

DOMESTIC WILLOW WARE,

CRIBS, HOBBY HORSES,

PROPELLERS, BABY-JUMPERS,

FEATHERS, PILLOWS, MATRESSES

COMFORTERS, WINDOW SHADES,

TABLE and FLOOR OIL CLOTH,

CARPETS, CURLED HAIR, etc. etc.

PARLOR FURNITURE,

Cane Seat and Common Chairs, Extention, Dining and Centre Tables, Rocking Chairs, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Tin Safes, Picture frames and Looking glasses.

I keep employed the best of workmen, and manufacture to order, with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Coffins on hand and made to order.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

THE LIVING AND THE DEAD CAN be supplied at

Herzog & Corson's

with all kinds of

Sash, Doors,
Blinds, Chairs,
Cabinet Ware,
Planing, Matching,
Sawing, Turning.
Etc., Etc.

Coffins of all kinds and styles, a large lot always on hand. Sole agents for

THE METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

Come and buy a good article cheap for cash or produce. Wood, Lumber, Pork, etc. taken in exchange for work.

Sale Rooms and Factory corner of Second and Eddy Streets, west of S. Foger's store. HERZOG & CORSON.

Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 38-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. VAN AUKEN. R. H. LANGLEY

VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,

STORAGE,

FORWARDING & COMMISS'N MERCHANTS,

Dealers in Produce, and Agents for

Threshing Machines and Reapers,

RAILROAD & STEAMBOAT

TICKET AGENTS.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL,	$100,000
NETT SURPLUS,	$138,000

Dividends on capital limited by its charter to seven per cent per annum—the entire profits go to the policy holders.

R. W. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street in Gardner's new stone block. 42-1y

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

1863. THE 1863.

MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

Daily, Semi-Weekly, Weekly.

The proprietors of the *Wisconsin*, begs leave to announce that owing to increasing expenditures for Special Telegraphic and War Correspondence, together with various improvements in contemplation for the coming year, he has felt compelled to make some changes in the scale of prices at which it is furnished to subscribers. By comparison with the prices of other journals, it will be seen that the *Wisconsin* is still, as it ever has been, the cheapest paper in the North-West.

We shall continue to print the *Wisconsin* upon the plainest type and the finest paper that can be made, thus retaining the name of the "handsomest paper in the state."

The present proprietor has conducted the paper over fifteen years, and it is unnecessary for him to speak of his ability or enterprise as a Live Independent Newspaper. He will only say that his journal is faithfully pledged to the suppression of the rebellion and the destruction of the rebels in arms, by every means in the power of the Government, and to the most cordial and active support of the President in his Proclamation of Freedom.

Our list of correspondence embraces every regiment of Wisconsin soldiers, as well as the several grand divisions of the Union Army. The Local and Commercial Departments will receive the undivided attention of the most competent Editors and Reporters.

We call particular attention to the Semi-Weekly *Wisconsin*. It will be a large thirty-two column paper, without advertisements, made up expressly for country circulation. All matter of the Daily *Wisconsin* will appear in this sheet; thus the subscriber will receive all the news of a daily paper for the price of the semi-weekly.

DAILY WISCONSIN—BY MAIL.

Published every day (except Sundays,) at 9 A. M., 12 M,, and 3 P. M., at the following rates:

1 copy 12 months, in advance	$8 00
1 copy 6 months, "	4 00
1 copy 3 months, "	2 00

SEMI-WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Tuesday and Thursday morning, as follows:

1 copy 1 year, in advance	$3 00
1 copy 6 months, "	1 50
4 copies 1 year (in one order)	10 00
10 copies 1 year " "	22 50

Additional copies at the rate of the club, Specimen numbers sent to any address.

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Wednesday morning, and mailed every Tuesday evening.

1 copy 8 mos, in advance	$ 1 00
1 copy 1 year, "	1 50
10 copies 1 year, "	13 00
20 copies 1 year, "	25 00

Additional copies at the rate of the club.

An extra copy will be sent to persons getting up clubs of ten or more of the Weekly. Money in registered letters may be sent at our risk.

WM. E. CRAMER,
38-tf Milwaukee, Wis.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST, AND MOST successful Family Paper in the Union. A complete pictorial history of the times.

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

Splendidly illustrated. Price six cents a number—$3 00 a year.

Critical Notices of the Press.

Its fresh leaves, its clear type, its entertaining variety, its severe but just criticisms upon the follies of the times, its elegantly written and instructive articles, and its able correspondence, all combine to make it the model newspaper of our country, and one that every family must price. Its condensed weekly summary of foreign and domestic intelligence is altogether superior to that contained in any other journal. Being published, too, in a form for preservation and binding, it taken care of as it deserves to be, it will be found in future years as well-come a companion for the family and fireside as the day on which it was first perused.—N. Y. Evening Post.

We would not so often call attention to Harper's Weekly if we were not well satisfied that it is the best family paper published in the United States, and for that reason, and that alone, we desire to see it undermine and root out a certain kind of literature too prevalent, which blunts the morals of its readers, vitiates their taste for sensible reading, and is altogether vile in its effects.—New London Advertiser.

Whoever we go—in rail cars and steamboats—we find it seized with eagerness, because of its spirited sketches of passing events. We all like to look at the faces of men we have read of, and at ships and forts that have figured in the bloody scenes of war. Of all such men and places and events this paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters and publishers are turned to dust.—N. Y. Evangelist.

TERMS.

One Copy for One Year,	$3 00
One Copy for Two Years,	5 00

An extra copy will be allowed for every club of ten subscribers, at $2 50 each, or 11 copies for $25.

Harper's Magazine and *Harper's Weekly* together, one year, $5 00. *Harper's Weekly* is electrotyped, and back numbers can be had at any time.

Vols. I., II., III., IV., V., and VI., for the years 1857 to 1862 inclusive, of *Harper's Weekly*, handsomely bound in cloth extra, price $4 38 each, are now ready. The postage upon *Harper's Weekly*, when paid in advance at the office where it is received, is twenty-six cents a year.

HARPER & BROTHERS,
48-tf Franklin Square, New York.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.—FOR the Farm, Garden, and Household. A thorough-going, reliable, and practical journal, devoted to the different departments of soil culture—such as growing field crops; orchard and garden fruits; garden vegetables and flowers; trees; plants, and flowers for the lawn or yard, care of domestic animals, etc., and to household labors. It has also an interesting and instructive department for children and youth, alone worth the cost of the paper. A full calendar of operations every month. Three to four hundred, or more, illustrative engravings appear in each volume. Over twelve hundred plain, practical, instructive articles and useful items, are given every year. The editors are all practical working men. The teachings of the Agriculturist are confined to no state or territory, but are adapted to the wants of all sections of the country—it is, as its name indicates, for the whole American Continent.

TERMS—INVARIBLY IN ADVANCE.

(For either the English or German Edition)

One copy, one year	$1 00
Six copies, one year	5 00

Ten or more copies one year 80 cents each.

Add to the above rates postage to Canada 6 cents; to England and France 24 cents; to Germany 36 cents. Postage anywhere in the United States and territories must be paid by the subscriber, and is only six cents a year, if paid in advance at the office where received. All business and other communications should be addressed to the editor and proprietor.

ORANGE JUDD,
41 Park-Row, New York City.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—The readers of the *Continental* are aware of the important position it has assumed, of the influence which it exerts, and of the brilliant array of political and literary talent of the highest order which supports it. No publication of the kind has, in this country, so successfully combined the energy and freedom of the daily newspaper with the higher literary tone of the first-class monthly; and it is very certain that the magazine has given wider range to its contributors, or preserved itself so completely from the narrow influences of party or faction. In times like the present, such a journal is either a power in the land or it is nothing. That the *Continental* is not the latter is abundantly evinced by what it has done—by the reflection of its counsels in many important public events, and in the character and power of those who are its staunchest supporters.

Though but little more than a year has elapsed since the *Continental* was first established, it has during that time acquired a strength and a political significance elevating it to a position far above that previously occupied by any publication of the kind in America. In proof of which assertion we call attention to the following facts:

1. Of its political articles republished in pamphlet form, a single one has had, thus far, a circulation of one hundred and six thousand copies.

2. From its literary department, a single serial novel, Among the Pines, has, within a very few months, sold nearly thirty-five thousand copies. Two other series of its literary articles have also been republished in book form, while the first portion of a third is already in press.

No more conclusive facts need to be alleged to prove the excellence of the contributions to the *Continental*, or their extraordinary popularity; and its conductors are determined that it shall not fall behind. Preserving all "the boldness, vigor, and ability" which a thousand journals have attributed to it, it will greatly enlarge its circle of action, and discuss, fearlessly and frankly, every principle involved in the great questions of the day. The first minds of the country, embracing the men most familiar with its diplomacy and most distinguished for ability, are among its contributors; and it is no mere flattering promise of a prospectus to say that this magazine for the times will employ the first intellect in America, under auspices which no publication ever enjoyed before in this country.

While the *Continental* will express decided opinions on the great questions of the day, it will not be a mere political journal: much the larger portion of its columns will be enlivened, as heretofore, by tales, poetry, and humor. In a word, the *Continental* will be found, under its new staff of editors, occupying a position and presenting attractions never before found in a magazine.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

Two copies for one year,	$ 5 00
Three copies for one year,	6 00
Six copies for one year,	11 00
Eleven copies for one year,	20 00
Twenty copies for one year,	36 00

Paid in advance. Postage 36 cents a year, to be paid by the subscriber. Single copies $3 a year, in advance. Postage paid by the publisher. 12-tf

JOHN F. TROW, 50 Greene St., N.Y.,
Publisher for the Proprietors.

ONLY $1 25 A YEAR IN CLUBS OF 4

Arthur's Home Magazine,

For 1863. Vols. XXI. and XXII. Edited by T. S. Arthur and Virginia F. Townsend. Contains novelets, stories, poetry, fashions, steel and wood engravings, needlework patterns in great variety, a mother's department, children's department, housekeeper's and health departments, with literary reviews, and all the accessories of a first-class magazine.

The Lady's Book bears this flattering testimony to the character of Arthur's Home Magazine:

"As we have often before said, it is, without controversy, the best $2 magazine published in the country; and this is the strongly outspoken testimony everywhere given by the press. We know of no periodical that so well deserves the praise bestowed. The editors never tire in their endeavors to give each month a rich and varied literary repast to their readers. Their work is kept fully up to the standard of their promise, is never dull, yet always full of instruction. We have often said, and repeat it again, that it should make a part of the reading of every household. We know of no better educator of the people, young and old. Of the editors we need not speak; their names are household words all over the country. In their hands no periodical can fail to reach the highest point of excellence."

A new serial by T. S. Arthur will be commenced in the January number entitled Out in the World.

Rare and elegant premiums are sent to all who make up clubs: 1 *A* large photographic copy of that splendid engraving Shakspeare and his Cotemporaries. 2. *A* large photographic copy from an engraving of Huntington's celebrated picture Mercy's Dream. 3. A similar copy of Herring's Glimpse of an English Homestead.

TERMS.—$2 a year in advance and one premium plate. Two copies $3. Three for $4. Four for $5. Eight and one to getter up of club for $10. One of the premium plates is sent to every getter up of a club, small or large. Three red stamps must be sent to pay the postage on each premium. Address

T. S. ARTHUR & CO.,
323 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE INDEPENDENT, EDITED BY *Henry* Ward Beecher, is a religious newspaper, and a real newspaper. It affords its readers fair and thoughtful editorial discussions of the most important facts and occurrences and interests of this nation and of the world. A comprehensive record of facts, men and movements of the religious world. A full and careful weekly history of the progress of the rebellion. Ample chronicles of the important general news; home and foreign. Fair and careful accounts of new books; made on the express principle of serving as a safe guide to buyers. Interesting correspondence from Washington; from the West; from the army; from abroad. Six columns a week of carefully selected matter for family reading; being prose and poetry, suited to interest both the old people and the young people. A full chronicle of the progress of business and of the currant prices of merchandise, produce and live stock in New York City

ONE SERMON EVERY WEEK

By Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. The following eminent writers are special contributors to its columns:—

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe,
Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler,
Rev. Robert M. Hatfield,
Rev. George B. Cheever,
Horace Greely,
Bayard Taylor,
John G. Whittier.

TERMS.—$2 per annum, paid in advance. Specimen numbers sent gratis.

JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher,
No. 5 Beckman Street, New York.
For sale by news agents.

PATENT MEDICINES.

"No pent-up Utica contracts our powers,
For the whole boundless Continent is ours."

DR. ROBACK'S

BLOOD PURIFIER

and

BLOOD PILLS

have been introduced to the public for more than six years, and have acquired an

Immense Popularity,

far exceeding any Family Medicines of a similar nature in the market.

An appreciating public was not long in discovering they possessed remarkable

Curative Properties,

and hence their

Rapid Sale

and consequent profit to the Proprietor, thus enabling him to expend

Many Thousands

of dollars each year in advertising their merits, and publishing the

Numerous Certificates

which have been showered upon him from

All parts of the Country.

The peculiarity of the

Blood Purifier and Pills

is that they strike at the root of Disease, by eradicating every particle of impurity

In the Blood,

for the life and health of the body depends upon the purity of the blood.

If the blood is poisoned, the body drags out a miserable existence. These medicines

Are Unequaled

for curing

Scrofula,	*Liver Complaint,*
Skin Diseases,	*Female Complaints,*
Salt Rheum,	*Rheumatism,*
Dyspepsia,	*Debility,*
Old Sores,	*Fever and Ague,*
Leucorrhœa,	*Sick Headache,*
Erysipelas,	*St. Anthony's Fire,*
Tumors,	*Eruptions.*

Fits, Scrofulous Consumption, etc.

ONE person writes, her daughter was cured of fits of nine years' standing, and St. Vitus' dance of two years.

ANOTHER writes, his son was cured after his flesh had almost wasted away.

The doctors pronounced the case incurable.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever and Ague after trying every medicine in his reach.

ANOTHER was cured of Fever Sore which had existed fourteen years.

ANOTHER of Rheumatism of eight years.

Cases innumerable of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint could be mentioned in which the Purifier and Pills

Work like a Charm.

The Blood Pills

are the most active and thorough pills that have ever been introduced.

They act so directly upon the Liver, exciting that organ to such an extent as that the system does not relapse into its former condition, which is too apt to be the case with simply a purgative pill.

They are really a

Blood and Liver Pill,

which, in conjunction with the

Blood Purifier,

will cure all the aforementioned diseases, and, of themselves, will relieve and cure

Headache,	*Costiveness,*
Colic Pains,	*Cholera Morbus,*
Indigestion,	*Pain in the Bowels,*
	Dizziness, etc.

Try these medicines, and you will never regret it.

Ask your neighbors, who have used them, and they will say they are

Good Medicines,

and you should try them before going for a physician.

Get a Pamphlet or Almanac of my local agent, and read the certificates, and if you have ever doubted you will

Doubt no more.

As a proof that the Blood Purifier and Pills are purely vegetable, I have the certificates of three eminent chemists, Professors Chilton of New York, and Locke of Cincinnati.

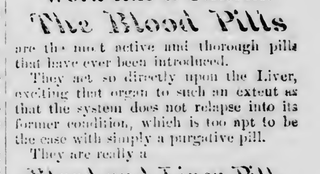
Read Dr. Roback's Special Notices and Certificates published in a conspicuous part of this Paper from time to time.

Price of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle, or $5 per half dozen. Of the Scandinavian Vegetable Blood Pills, 25 cents per box, or 5 boxes for $1.

Principal Office and Salesroom, No. 6 East Fourth St., 3d Building from Main St., Cincinnati, O. Laboratory, No. 18 Hammond Street.

FOR SALE BY

A. M. Pett, Hastings, J. R. Tinkcom, Mankato, W. H. McCollum, Mankato, and by druggists and merchants generally throughout the United States, Canadas and Brazil.



For Rats, Mice Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs Woolens, etc., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, etc. Put up in 25c, 50c, and $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks. $88 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, etc.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all druggists and retailer. every where.
Beware! of all worthless imitations.
See that COSTAR'S name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask before you buy.
Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
Principal depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by A. M PETT,
Wholesale and Retail Agent.
51-10m Hastings, Minn.

OLD PAPERS, SUITABLE FOR WRAPpers, for sale at this office at 50 cents per hundred. IRVING TODD.

Sept. 22, 1863. 24-tf

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CONSERVER.

The National Thanksgiving day.—A Proclamation by the President of the United States of America.

The year now drawing toward its close has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties, which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of so extraordinary a nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever watchful providence of Almighty God.

In the midst of a civil war of unequaled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to invoke the aggressions of foreign states, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere, except in the theater of military conflict; while that theater has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union.

The needful diversions of wealth and strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the national defense have not arrested the plow, the shuttle or the ship. The axe has cleared the borders of our settlements, and the mines, as well of iron and coal as of the precious metals, have yielded even more abundantly than heretofore. Populations has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege and the battlefield, and the country rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor is permitted to expect continuance of years with large increase of freedom.

No human counsel hath devised, nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, hath nevertheless remembered mercy.

It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemn, reverent, and gratefully acknowledged as with one heart and voice by the whole American people; I do therefore, invite my fellow-citizens in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea and those who are sojourning in foreign lands, to set apart and observe the last Thursday of November next as a Day of Thanksgiving and prayer to our beneficent Father who dwelleth in the heavens. And I recommend to them that while offering up the ascriptions justly due to Him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our national perverseness and disobedience, commend to His tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners, or sufferers, in the lamentable civil strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty hand to heal the wounds of the nation and to restore it, as soon as may be consistent with divine purposes, to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquility, and union.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this third day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sec. of State.

Mrs. C. P. Brister, editress of Newark (O.) *Times*, writes in her paper of January 29, 1859, as follows:

We know Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Remedies are all they claim to be. The Dr. presented us with a few bottles of his Scandinavian Blood Purifier and box of his Blood Pills last summer. Both put new life into us. They invigorate, strengthen, and leave the system in a better condition than stimulants usually do, and have no depressing effect. We feel safe in recommending the Blood Purifier to all suffering from debility, be the cause what it may, the pills have this peculiarity, they are powerfully active, and at the same time leave the patient stronger and in an improved condition, different from most drastic remedies. Try them with the Blood Purifier and you will feel like many who have been relieved and willing to add your testimony to their efficacy.

See advertisement.

One day last week a fine looking Ohio soldier in the army of the Cumberland entered the postoffice headquarters with two packages, both to the same address. An inquiry from a comrade elicited the fact that they were portraits of the girl he left behind him; that he had reason to believe, from a letter just received, that she was "a Vallandigham girl" and so, after an attachment antedating the war, he was transmitting the pictures to her without a word, and breaking off an attachment that would have been life long. "In it," he said, and as he looked up at expression of pain pass over his frank, manly face, "it is a little too much for me." There was a slightly perceptible quiver in his voice as he ended; then laying down the once cherished shadows he left the tent. Such incidents speak volumes.

Don't keep a solitary parlor, into which you go but once a month with your parson or sewing society. Hang around your walls pictures which shall tell stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith and charity. Make your living room the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when, perhaps, he clings to a single plank in the waters of the wide ocean, the thought of the old homestead shall come to him in his desolation, bringing always light, hope, and love. Have no dungeon about your house—no room you never open—no blinds that are always shut.

EDUCATIONAL.

BY PROF. T. F. THICKSTUN.

Letters of inquiry, bearing the same date, and containing the same interrogatories, were addressed to all the legislative candidates. The subject of the communications will be seen by the letters below. We shall give the replies of the other candidates as fast as they arrive.

One expression in Mr. Thompson's letter we do n't quite understand. We don't see why under our present economy the school system cannot receive the attention which the importance of the subject demands. We can conceive of no economy, operating in any honorable way or tending to any honorable result, with which a good school system will not harmonize. We believe the subject *can*, and we believe the subject *ought*, to receive a large share of the attention of our public servants till the right system is inaugurated.

GREENVALE, Sept. 30th, 1863.

Messrs. T. F. Thickstun and H. Hatch:

Dear Sirs:—Yours of the 22d inst. came to hand to day. I have examined its contents, and now proceed to answer your interrogatories.

You ask first if I am in favor of a complete, efficient school system in place of the one which is now upon the statute books of the state? Second, As items in such a school system am I in favor of the re establishment of the superintendency of public instruction as a separate department of the government, and believe the organization of normal schools for the professional training of teachers? Third. If elected to the legislature will I use my best endeavors to secure the interposition of the foregoing items in the general school laws of the state.

To all the foregoing questions I answer affirmatively, and shall favor anything further that in my opinion will advance the cause of education should I be honored with a seat in the legislature of our state. Very respectfully your ob't serv't,

S. C. HOWELL.

WEST ST. PAUL, Oct 2, 1863.

Messrs. Thickstun and Hatch:

Dear Sirs:—I have the honor of acknowledging the receipt of your communication of Sept. 22d, and am highly gratified to see citizens of Dakota Co. interested in the educational system, and in answer to your first interrogation which is as follows: Are you in favor of a complete, efficient, school system in place of the one which is now upon the statute books of the state? My answer is in the affirmative, I am Second. I am in favor of the re establishment of the superintendency of public instruction as a separate department of the government, and believe the organization of normal schools for the professional teaching and training of teachers well calculated to advance the interests and promote the cause of the all important system of education. I will, therefore, in the event of my election, do what I can, in my weakness, with the aid and sympathy of those who take an interest in the dissemination of knowledge throughout our state, to secure the incorporation of the items mentioned in our general school laws of the state.

My convictions are that the school system does not, and, can not, receive that attention under the present economy which the importance of the subject demands. Our government has dealt with us bountifully in the donation of land for the encouragement of this system. Now let us improve upon the advantages given for the general diffusion of knowledge, the greatest safeguard and guarantee to our civil and religious institutions. Very respectfully your ob't serv't,

N. N. THOMPSON.

The University is indebted to Mr. Stanley, bookseller on Ramsey Street, for a Sander's Chart of the Elementary sounds of the English language. The gift was most opportune. He has our warmest thanks.

WILKES' SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

Office 201 William-st., New York.

George Wilkes, Ed. and Pro.

Four Dollars a Year in Advance.

To Clubs—5 Copies. - - - $17 00
" 9 " - - - 30 00

No subscriptions received for less than three months.

Rates of Advertising.

15 cts per line each single insertion.
$8 " " " One month.
$1 25 " " Three months.
$2 00 " " Six months.

Sinclair Tousey, No. 121 Nassau Street, New York, general wholesale agents for supplying dealers. T. R. Callender, agent for Philadelphia.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents, and retain 20 per cent for their trouble. This percentage is, however, not to be deducted from club rates.

OLD PAPERS, SUITABLE FOR WRAPpers, for sale at this office at 50 cents per hundred.

IRVING TODD.

Sept. 22, 1863. 24-tf

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Hatue's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Scythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.

Hastings, May 11, 1863. 5-tf

THE GREAT

American Tea Company,

51 Vesey Street, New York,

since its organization has created a new era in the history of wholesaling teas in this country. They have introduced their selections of teas, and are selling them at not over

Two Cents (.02 Cents) per Pound above Cost,

never deviating from the one price asked. Another peculiarity of the company is that their tea taster not only devotes his time to the selection of their teas as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country, but he helps the tea buyer to chose out of their enormous stock such teas as are best adapted to his particular wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable advantage a tea buyer has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of tea or the market—if his time is valuable—he has all the benefits of a well organized system of doing business, of an immense capital, of the judgment of a professional tea taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen. This enables all tea buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York merchants.

Parties can order teas and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weight and tares; and the teas are warranted as represented. We issue a price list of the company's teas, which will be sent to all who order it, comprising

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder, Twankay and Skin, Oolong, Souchong, Orange, and Hyson Pekoe.

Japan Tea of every description, colored and uncolored. This list has each kind of tea divided into four classes, namely: Cargo, high Cargo, Fine, Finest, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the company are determined to undersell the whole tea trade.

We guarantee to sell all our teas at not over *Two Cents* per pound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers,
26-3m 51 Vesey Street, New York.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS of Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed at the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, P. By order of the Director

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all family sewing machines yet offered to the public. No other family sewing machine has so many useful appliances for hemming, binding, felling, tucking, gathering, guaging, braiding, embroidering, cording, etc. No other family sewing machine has so much capacity for so great a variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our family sewing machine most reliable and most durable and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our family sewing machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding case of the family machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substanstial table to sustain the work.

While one of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superior manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the family machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality

Send for a pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
458 Broadway, New York.

St. Paul Office, 250 Third Street.
Milwaukee Office, No 17 Newhall House.
J. N. Bill agent in Hastings. 20-tf

FINKLE & LYON'S

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread or loop-stitch machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, etc., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of Machine whatever!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident it is readily replaced.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

Please call and examine, or send for circular.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,

FINKLE & LYON S. M. CO.,
No. 538 Broadway,
New York.

PRINTING TYPES.

AND ALL OTHER

PRINTING MATERIALS,

Are offered for sale at

BRUCE'S NEW YORK

Type-Foundry,

At the Lowest Prices.

Roman type, Fancy type, Script type, German type, Music type, Chess and Checker type, Brass and Metal Rules, Brass and Electro Circles and Ellipses, Labor-Saving Rules, Labor-Saving Leads, Labor-Saving Slugs, Wood type, Labor-Saving Quotations, Borders, Ornaments, Leads, Brass Dashes, Circular Quads, Corner Quads, Ornamental Corners, Metal Furniture, Brass Galleys, Compositor's Numbered Slugs, etc.

Printers can also be supplied with Presses from all the different manufactures.

Printing Ink of all colors, Composing Sticks, Stands, Cases, Imposing Stones, Chases, and all other printing materials, at the manufacturer's prices.

Any publisher of a newspaper who chooses to publish the advertisement, including this note, three times before the first of December, 1863, and forward me one copy of the papers containing it, will be allowed his bill at the time of making a purchase from me of my own manufactures of five times the amount of said bill.

GEORGE BRUCE,
24-3t No. 13, Chamber-st., N. Y.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT,

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M., and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The charge from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN ATTEN & LANGLEY,
Agents, on Levee.
2-tf

BATCHELDER'S COLUMN.

Fall Goods. Winter Goods.

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

HASTINGS.

A

FRESH STOCK

OF

ALL KINDS.

[N. B. We have spent some months in the Eastern markets, taking great pains to secure the best qualities and styles. And having bought two large stocks (for Faribault and Hastings) before the late advance, have secured them at the lowest prices. We have also procured contracts for freight at about half the usual rates. These advantages enable us to offer our new goods at about Eastern prices.]

We are selling *best Prints,*	20c
Delaines,	20 @ 30c
Stripes and Denims,	25c
Ticks,	25c
Men's double-soled Boots,	$3 00
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 25
—— Balmoral Boots,	1 40
Good all wool Cassimeres,	1 25
Heavy Wool Long Shawls,	5 00
Men's Fur Caps,	1 50
Good warm Overcoats,	6 00

☞We sell only for Ready Pay.
☞Each article is plainly marked in figures its lowest and only price.
☞All goods sold by us are warranted as represented.
☞We have secured the services of attentive clerks, who will always deem it a pleasure to display their goods whether customers purchase or not.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

North & Carll's Old Stand, Hastings.

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings,
Denims, Stripes,
Cottonad's, Ticks.
Cassimeres, Sattinettes.
Jeans, Doeskins,
Broadcloths, Cloakings,
Flannels, Lindseys,
Prints, Delaines,
Broche Velours,
Alpaccas, Merinoes,
Thibets, Plaids,
Silks, Worsteds,
Linens, Woolens.
Trimmings, Notions,
Hoods, Nubias,
Sontags, Shawls.
Skirts, Yarns,
Hose, Gloves,
Blankets, Table
Covers, Diaper,
Velvets, Crash,
Fancy Articles.
Etc., Etc., Etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR LADIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MISSES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BOYS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BABES.

From the finest Gaiters to the heaviest thick Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, and WARRANTED.

WINTER CLOTHING

OVER COATS,	UNDER COATS,
SACK COATS,	FROCK COATS,
LONG COATS,	SHORT COATS,
WOOKEN COATS,	COTTON COATS,
COARSE COATS,	FINE COATS,
HEAVY COATS,	LIGHT COATS,
MEN'S COATS,	BOY'S COATS.

ALL SORTS OF PANTS.
ALL SORTS OF VESTS.
ALL SORTS OF SHIRTS.
ALL SORTS OF DRAWERS.

Under Clothing for Everybody at

BATCHELDER'S.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Buckskin, Patent,
Kid, Woollen,
Cotton, Silk,
Cashmere, Otter,
Beaver, Nutria,
Seal, Sheep,
and Dog Skin.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Lined and unlined, large and small, at

BATCHELDER'S.

HATS AND CAPS,

In great variety.

Fur, Cloth, Wool, Felt, Fine Otter and Beaver at

BATCHELDER'S.

HOSIERY.

Ladies', Miss's, and Children's, Woolen, Cotton, and Fluey Lined, Worsted, Cashmere, Merino, Colored and White,

HOSE.

Gent's home-made *WOOL SOCKS.*
Gent's worsted, cotton, and cashmere half hose, at

BATCHELDER'S.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

New stock at

BATCHELDER'S.

HARDWARE.

Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cordage, Tools, Nails and Glass, Powder and Shot, House Trimmings, Shovels and Hoes, Spades and Forks, Chains and Traps, Axes, Butts and Screws, Etc., Etc., at

BATCHELDER'S.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Syrup, Spices, Fruits, Fish, Soap, Candles, Oil, Soda, Saleratus, Tobacco, Starch, Wooden Ware, etc., cheap for Cash, at

BATCHELDER'S.

Hastings, Oct. 6, 1863. 26-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1852, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App. val. pr acre.	App. val of improvements
		DOUGLASS.			
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	26	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	26	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	26	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	26	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	26	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	26	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	26	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	26	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	26	113	17	5 00	
		MARSHAN.			
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
		RANDOLPH—HAMPTON.			
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
		INVER GROVE.			
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	6 50	
		VERMILLION.			
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
		WATERFORD.			
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
		CASTLE ROCK.			
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	26	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	26	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	26	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	26	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	26	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	26	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	26	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	26	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	26	113	19	5 00	282 50
		EMPIRE CITY.			
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
		ROSEMONT.			
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	73 50
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
		EUREKA.			
ne qr of sw qr	16	112	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	112	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	112	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	112	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	26	112	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	26	112	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	26	112	20	5 00	42 00
sw qr of se qr	26	112	20	5 00	147 00
se qr of se qr	26	112	20	5 00	
		LAKEVILLE.			
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
		LEBANON.			
sw qr of ne qr	26	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	26	115	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	26	115	20	5 00	
		LAKEVILLE.			
ne qr of sw qr	26	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	26	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	26	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	26	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	26	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	26	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
		EAGAN.			
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
		MENDOTA.			
sw qr of ne qr	26	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	26	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	26	28	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	26	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

lot 6, 10.60a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 8 7.4 12.30a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 14, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4, 10 30a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.83a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15, 5.40a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10 80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1, 8.80a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16, 5.71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 20a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.23a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.84a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8, 9.30a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.32a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.66a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 13, 10a	16	114	16	8 00	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser, if interest at seven per cent per annum is annually paid in advance.

Interest to the first day of June, 1864, must be paid at the time of purchase.

Persons purchasing land upon which other parties have made improvements will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of his improvements, one half to be paid at the time of the sale and the balance six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent per annum.

In case the person owning, or improving the land has damaged the same, the appraised amount of damage will be deducted from his improvements, and when the occupant is the purchaser the damage will be added to the price of the land.

No lands will be sold for less than the appraised value.

Purchase money payable in specie and legal tender notes.

CHAS. McELRATH,
22-6 Commissioner of State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS DEfault has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, executed by Alexander Rey and Elizabeth Rey, his wife, both of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, to Horace Smith and Samuel F. Harris, both of Bennington, in the county of Pennington and state of Vermont, which said mortgage was acknowledged on the said 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, 1857, at 12 o'clock at noon, in Book D of mortages, on pages 291 and 292, by which said mortgage the said Alexander Rey and Elizabeth, his wife, granted, bargained, sold

THE CONSERVER.

The National Thanksgiving day.—A Proclamation by the President of the United States of America.

The year now drawing toward its close has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties, which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of so extra ordinary a nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever-watchful providence of Almighty God.

In the midst of a civil war of unequaled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to invoke the aggressions of foreign states, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere, except in the theater of military conflict; while that theater has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union.

The needful diversions of wealth and strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the national defense have not arrested the plow, the shuttle or the ship. The ax has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines, as well of iron and coal as of the precious metals, have yielded ever more abundantly than heretofore. Populations has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege and the battlefield, and the country rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor is permitted to expect continuance of years with large increase of freedom.

No human counsel hath devised, nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, hath nevertheless remembered mercy.

It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemn, reverent, and gratefully acknowledged as with one heart and voice by the whole American people; I do, therefore, invite my fellow-citizens in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea and those who are sojourned in foreign lands, to set apart and observe the last Thursday of November next as a Day of Thanksgiving and prayer to our beneficent Father who dwelleth in the heavens. And I recommend to them that, while offering up the ascriptions justly due to him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our national perverseness and disobedience, commend to his tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners, or sufferers, in the lamentable civil strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty hand to heal the wounds of the nation and to restore it, as soon as may be consistent with divine purposes, to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquility, and union.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this third day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sect. of State.

Mrs C. P. Bristor, editress of Newark (O.) *Times*, writes in her paper of January 29, 1859, as follows:

We know Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Remedies are all they claim to be. The Dr. presented us with a few bottles of his Scandinavian Blood Purifier and boxes of his Blood Pills last summer, which put new life into us. They invigorate, strengthen, and leave the system in a better condition that stimulants usually do, and have no depressing effect. We feel safe in recommending the Blood Purifier to all suffering from debility, be the cause what it may, the pills have this peculiarity, they are powerfully active, and at the same time leave the patient stronger and in an improved condition, different from most drastic remedies. Try them with the Blood Purifier and you will feel like many who have been relieved, and willing to add your testimony to their efficacy.

See advertisement.

One day last week a fine looking Ohio soldier in the army of the Cumberland entered the postoffice headquarters with two packages, both to the same address. An inquiry from a comrade elicited the fact that they were portraits of the girl he left behind him; that he had reason to believe, from a letter just received, that she was "a Vallandigham girl" and so, after an attachment antedating the war, he was transmitting the pictures to her without a word, and breaking off an attachment that would have been life long. "In it," he said, and as he looked up at expression of pain pass over his frank, manly face, "it is a little too much for me." There was a slightly perceptible quiver in his voice as he ended; then laying down the once cherished shadows he left the tent. Such incidents speak volumes.

Don't keep a solitary parlor, into which you go but once a month with your parson or sewing society. Hang around your walls pictures which shall tell stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith and charity. Make your living room the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when, perhaps, he clings to a single plank in the waters of the wide ocean, the thought of the old homestead shall come to him in his desolation, bringing always light, hope, and love. Have no dungeon about your house—no room you never open—no blinds that are always shut.

EDUCATIONAL.

BY PROF. T. F. THICKSTUN.

Letters of inquiry, bearing the same date, and containing the same interrogatories, were addressed to all the legislative candidates. The subject of the communications will be seen by the letters below. We shall give the replies of the other candidates as fast as they arrive.

One expression in Mr. Thompson's letter we do n't quite understand. We do n't see why under our present economy the school system cannot receive the attention which the importance of the subject demands. We can conceive of no economy, operating in any honorable way or tending to any honorable results, with which a good school system will not harmonize. We believe the subject *can*, and we believe the subject *ought*, to receive a large share of the attention of our public servants till the right system is maugurated.

GREENVALE, Sept. 30th, 1863.

Messrs. T. F. Thickstun and H. Hatch:

Dear Sirs:—Yours of the 22d inst. came to hand to-day. I have examined its contents, and now proceed to answer your interrogatories.

You ask first if I am in favor of a complete, efficient school system in place of the one which is now upon the statute books of the state? Second. As items in such a school system am I in favor of the re establishment of the superintendency of public instruction as a separate department of the government, and the organization of normal schools for the professional training of teachers? Third. If elected to the legislature will I use my best endeavors to secure the interposition of the foregoing items in the general school laws of the state.

To all the foregoing questions I answer affirmatively. and shall, favor anything further that in my opinion will advance the cause of education should I be honored with a seat in the legislature of our state. Very respectfully your ob't serv't,

S. C. HOWELL.

WEST ST. PAUL, Oct 2, 1863.

Messrs. Thickstun and Hatch:

Dear Sirs:—I have the honor of acknowledging the receipt of your communication of Sept. 22d, and am highly gratified to see citizens of Dakota Co. interested in the educational system, and in answer to your first interrogation which is as follows: Are you in favor of a complete, efficient, school system in place of the one which is now upon the statute books of the state? My answer is in the affirmative, I am Second. I am in favor of the re establishment of the superintendency of public instruction as a separate department of the government, and believe the organization of normal schools for the professional teaching and training of teachers well calculated to advance the interests and promote the cause of the all important system of education. I will, therefore, in the event of my election, do what I can, in my weakness, with the aid and sympathy of those who take an interest in the dissemination of knowledge throughout our state, to secure the incorporation of the items mentioned in our general school laws of the state.

My convictions are that the school system does not, and, can not, receive that attention under the present economy which the importance of the subject demands. Our government has dealt with us bountifully in the donation of land for the encouragement of this system. Now let us improve upon the advantages given for the general diffusion of knowledge, the greatest safeguard and guarantee to our civil and religious institutions. Very respectfully your ob't serv't,

N. N. THOMPSON.

The University is indebted to Mr. Stanley, bookseller on Ramsey Street, for a Sander's Chart of the Elementary sounds of the English language. The gift was most opportune. He has our warmest thanks.

WILKES' SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

Office 201 William-st., New York.

George Wilkes, Ed. and Pro.

Four Dollars a Year in Advance.

To Clubs—5 Copies. - - - $17 00
" 9 " - - - - 30 00

No subscriptions received for less than three months.

Rates of Advertising.

15 cts per line each single insertion.
48 " " " One month.
$1 26 " " Three months.
$2 00 " " Six months.

Sinclair Tousey, No. 121 Nassau Street, New York, general wholesale agents for supplying dealers. T. R. Callender, agent for Philadelphia.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents, and retain 20 per cent for their trouble. This percentage is, however, not to be deducted from club rates.

OLD PAPERS, SUITABLE FOR WRAPpers, for sale at this office at 50 cents per hundred. IRVING TODD.
Sept. 22, 1863. 21-tf

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Haine's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Sythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

THE GREAT

American Tea Company,

51 Vesey Street, New York,

since its organization has created a new era in the history of wholesaling teas in this country. They have introduced their selections of teas, and are selling them at not over

Two Cents (.02 Cents) per Pound above Cost.

never deviating from the one price asked. Another peculiarity of the company is that their tea taster not only devotes his time to the selection of their teas as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country, but he helps the tea buyer to chose out of their enormous stock such teas as are best adapted to his particular wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable advantage a tea buyer has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of tea or the market—if his time is valuable—he has all the benefits of a well organized system of doing business, of an immense capital, of the judgment of a professional tea taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen. This enables all tea buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York merchants.

Parties can order teas and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weight and tares: and the teas are warranted as represented. We issue a price list of the company's teas, which will be sent to all who order it, comprising

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder, Twankay and Skin, Oolong, Souchong, Orange, and Hyson Pekoe.

Japan Tea of every description, colored and uncolored. This list has each kind of tea divided into four classes, namely: Cargo, high Cargo, Fine, Finest, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the company are determined to undersell the whole tea trade.

We guarantee to sell all our teas at not over *Two Cents* per pound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers.
26-3m 51 Vesey Street, New York.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, P. By order of the Director

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all family sewing machines yet offered to the public. No other family sewing machine has so many useful appliances for hemming, binding, felling, tucking, gathering, guaging, braiding, embroidering, cording, etc. No other family sewing machine has so much capacity for so great a varietyof work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our family sewing machine most reliable and most durable and most certain in action at allrates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our family sewing machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding case of the family machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substanstial table to sustain the work. While ome of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superior manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the family machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality

Send for a pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
458 Broadway. New York.
St. Paul Office, 250 Third Street.
Milwaukee Office, No 17 Newhall House.
J. N. Bill agent in Hastings. 20-tf

FINKLE & LYON'S

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread or loop-stitch machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, etc., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of Machine whatever!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident it is readily replaced.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

Please call and examine, or send for circular.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,
FINKLE & LYON S. M. Co.,
17-1y No. 538 Broadway. New York.

PRINTING TYPES.

AND ALL OTHER

PRINTING MATERIALS,

Are offered for sale at

BRUCE'S NEW YORK Type-Foundry,

At the Lowest Prices.

Roman type, Fancy type, Script type, German type, Music type, Chess and Checker type, Brass and Metal Rules, Brass and Electro Circles and Ellipses, Labor-Saving Rules, Labor-Saving Leads, Labor-Saving Slugs. Wood type, Labor-Saving Quotations. Borders, Ornaments. Leads. Brass Dashes, Circular Quads, Corner Quads, Ornamental Corners, Metal Furniture, Brass Galleys, Compositor's Numbered Slugs, etc.

Printers can also be supplied with Presses from all the different manufactures.

Printing Ink o' all colors, Composing Sticks, Stands, Cases, Imposing Stones, Chases, and all other printing materials, at the manufacturer's prices.

Any publisher of a newspaper who chooses to publish the advertisement, including this note, three times before the first of December, 1863, and forward me one copy of the papers containing it, will be allowed his bill at the time of making a purchase from me of my own manufactures of five times the amount of said bill.

GEORGE BRUCE,
24-3t No. 13, Chamber-st., N. Y.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT,

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M., and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The change from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours earlier than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route.

VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,
9-tf Agents, on Levee.

BATCHELDER'S COLUMN.

Fall Goods. Winter Goods.

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

HASTINGS.

A FRESH STOCK OF ALL KINDS.

[N. B. We have spent some months in the Eastern markets, taking great pains to secure the best qualities and styles. And having bought two large stocks (for Faribault and Hastings) before the late advance, have secured them at the lowest prices. We have also procured contracts for freight at about half the usual rates. These advantages enable us to offer our new goods at about Eastern prices.]

We are selling *best Prints,*	20c
Delaines,	20 @ 30c
Stripes and Denims,	25c
Ticks,	25c
Men's double-soled Boots,	$3 00
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 25
—— Balmoral Boots,	1 40
Good all wool Gassimeres,	1 25
Heavy Wool Long Shawls,	5 00
Men's Fur Caps,	1 50
Good warm Overcoats,	6 00

☞We sell only for Ready Pay.
☞Each article is plainly marked in figures its lowest and only price.
☞All goods sold by us are warranted as represented.
☞We have secured the services of attentive clerks, who will always deem it a pleasure to display their goods whether customers purchase or not.

CALL AND EXAMINE,
AT
BATCHELDER'S,
North & Carll's Old Stand, Hastings.

STAPLE DRY GOODS,
AT
BATCHELDER'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings, Denims, Stripes, Cottonade's, Ticks. Cassimeres, Sattinettes, Jeans. Doeskins, Broadcloths, Cloakings, Flannels, Lindseys, Prints, Delaines, Broche Veleurs, Alpaccas, Merinoes, Thibets, Plaids, Silks, Worsteds, Linens, Woolens, Trimmings, Notions, Hoods, Nubias, Sontags, Shawls, Skirts, Yarns, Hose, Gloves, Blankets, Table Covers, Diaper, Velvets, Crash, Fancy Articles, Etc., Etc., Etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR LADIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MISSES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BOYS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BABES.

From the finest Gaiters to the heaviest thick Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, and WARRANTED.

WINTER CLOTHING

OVER COATS,	UNDER COATS,
SACK COATS,	FROCK COATS,
LONG COATS,	SHORT COATS,
WOOKEN COATS,	COTTON COATS,
COARSE COATS,	FINE COATS,
HEAVY COATS,	LIGHT COATS,
MEN'S COATS,	BOY'S COATS.

ALL SORTS OF PANTS.
ALL SORTS OF VESTS.
ALL SORTS OF SHIRTS.
ALL SORTS OF DRAWERS.

Under Clothing for Everybody at
BATCHELDER'S.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Buckskin, Patna, Kid, Woollen, Cotton, Silk, Cashmere, Otter, Beaver, Nutria, Seal, Sheep, and Dog Skin.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Lined and unlined, large and small, at

BATCHELDER'S.

HATS AND CAPS,

In great variety.

Fur, Cloth, Wool, Felt, Fine Otter and Beaver at

BATCHELDER'S.

HOSIERY.

Ladies', Miss's, and Children's, Woolen, Cotton, and Flucy Lined, Worsted, Cashmere, Merino, Colored and White,

HOSE.

Gent's home-made *WOOL SOCKS,* Gent's worsted, cotton, and cashmere half hose, at

BATCHELDER'S.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

New stock at

BATCHELDER'S.

HARDWARE.

Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cordage, Tools, Nails and Glass, Powder and Shot, House Trimmings, Shovels and Hoes, Spades and Forks, Chains and Traps, Axes, Butts and Screws, Etc., Etc., at

BATCHELDER'S.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Syrup, Spices, Fruits, Fish, Soap, Candles, Oil, Soda, Saleratus, Tobacco, Starch, Wooden Ware, etc., cheap for Cash, at

BATCHELDER'S.

Hastings, Oct. 6. 1863. 26-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1862, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range	App. val. pr acre	App. val. of improve'ts
DOUGLASS.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
MARSHAN.					
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
RANDOLPH—HAMPTON.					
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
INVER GROVE.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
VERMILLION.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
WATERFORD.					
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
CASTLE ROCK.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 60	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	232 50
EMPIRE CITY.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 25	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 25	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	371 25
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	259 50
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ROSEMONT.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	50 00
sw qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	73 50
se qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	
EUREKA.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	405 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	118 00
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	42 00
nw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	147 00
sw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
LEBANON.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
EAGAN.					
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
MENDOTA.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range	App. val. pr acre	App. val. of improve'ts
lot 6, 10.69a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lots 7 & 10,10a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4, 10 30a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.83a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15, 3.40a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10 80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1, 8.86a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16, .71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 20a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.20a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.84a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8, 9.39a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.13a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.66a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 13, 10a	16	114	16	8 00	
HASTINGS.					
lot 2, 10a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 3, 9.71a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 8, 5.25a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 13, 3.65a ne qr	36	115	17	9 00	
INVER GROVE.					
lot 7, 10.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 14.21a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 9, 10.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 10, 9 97a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 11, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 13, 9.98a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 14, 9.95a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 15, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 16, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10.21a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10.15a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 10.58a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10.09a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10.63a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 9 79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 9.79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10 29a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 42a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 10.14a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10.33a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10 27a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 10.58a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lots 5,8,9 ne qr	16	27	22	6 50	
lots 6,7 ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 10,11,12 ne qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 1—12 inc se qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 13—16 inc ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 16 nw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lot 9 nw qr	16	27	22	5 00	
lot 10	16	27	22	5 50	
lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 15 sw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 13,14,16 sw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
WEST ST. PAUL.					
lot 1 ne qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 2, 5 50a se qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 3, 11.15a se qr	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 5, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 7, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 8, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 9, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 10, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lot 12, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 13, 4 07a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 14, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lots 2—14 inc 10a sw qr	16	28	22	6 00	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser, if interest at seven per cent per annum is annually paid in advance.

Interest to the first day of June, 1864, must be paid at the time of purchase.

Persons purchasing land upon which other parties have made improvements will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of his improvements, one half to be paid at the time of the sale and the balance six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent per annum.

In case the person occupying or improving the land has damaged the same, the appraised amount of damage will be deducted from his improvements, and when the occupant is the purchaser the damage will be added to the price of the land.

No lands will be sold for less than the appraised value.

Purchase money payable in specie and legal tender notes.

CHAS. McILRATH,
22-3d Commissioner of State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS DEfault has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, executed by Alexander Rey and Elizabeth Rey, his wife, both of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, to *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, both of Bennington, in the county of Pennington and state of Vermont, which said mortgage was acknowledged on the said 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, 1857, at 12 o'clock at noon, in Book D of mortgages, on pages 291 and 292, by which said mortgage the said Alexander Rey and Elizabeth, his wife, granted, bargained, sold, and conveyed unto the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, forever, all those certain tracts or pieces of land, lying and being in said county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to wit: Lot no 4 in section no. twenty-two (22), and lot no. 4 in section no. twenty three (23), all in township no twenty eight (28), range no. twenty two (22), together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining, which said mortgage was given to secure to the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, the payment of the sum of thirty-three hundred (3300) dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of a certain mortgage bond, given by said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley to said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, payable in one year from the date thereof, with interest thereon payable semi annually at the rate of thirty per cent per annum, and five per cent a month after due upon both principal and interest, and bearing even date with said mortgage. And whereas there is now claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, on said bond and mortgage the sum of five thousand eight hundred and eighty (5880) dollars. And whereas a suit at law was commenced and a judgment recovered on said bond against the said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley, defendants, and in favor of the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, plaintiffs, in the district court for the second judicial district of the state of Minnesota, in the county of Ramsey, which judgment was docketed in said county of Ramsey on the 19th day of March, 1859, and whereas an execution was issued on said judgment to the sheriff of said county of Ramsey and by him returned wholly unsatisfied, and whereas nothing has ever been paid on said bond or on said judgment—

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court-house in Hastings, in said county of Dakota, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1863, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, by the sheriff of said county of Dakota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said bond and mortgage. together with the costs of such sale so far as the proceeds of said sale will satisfy the same.

Dated at St. Paul, Sept. 21, 1863.

HORACE SMITH.
SAMUEL F. HARRIS,
25-7w Mortgagees.
H. Hale, Atty. for Mortgagees.

WINONA AND HASTINGS

MARBLE WORKS.

The subscriber would respectfully give notice to the people of Hastings and elsewhere that he has constantly on hand the largest stock of Foreign and American Marbles ever brought west of Lake Michigan, consisting of all kinds of

LARGE SPIRE MONUMENTS,
SKELETON MONUMENTS,
GRAVE STONES, MANTELS,
FURNITURE MARBLE, ETC.,

which he will finish to order in the most approved styles and for the lowest cash price. Parties wishing to purchase will do well to wait till my agent comes around or to write to me, before purchasing elsewhere. C. J. ALDRACH.

Shop opposite the court-house, Winona, and on Second Street, below Tyler, Hastings, Minn. 18-tf

---

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon.

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel

HASTINGS, MINN.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

THE CONSERVER.

The National Thanksgiving day.—A Proclamation by the President of the United States of America.

The year now drawing toward its close has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties, which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of so extraordinary a nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever-watchful providence of Almighty God.

In the midst of a civil war of unequaled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to invoke the aggressions of foreign states, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere, except in the theater of military conflict; while that theater has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union.

The needful diversions of wealth and strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the national defense have not arrested the plow, the shuttle or the ship. The ax has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines, as well of iron and coal as of the precious metals, have yielded ever more abundantly than heretofore. Populations has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege and the battlefield, and the country rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor is permitted to expect continuance of years with large increase of freedom.

No human counsel hath devised, nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, hath nevertheless remembered mercy.

It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemn, reverent, and gratefully acknowledged as with one heart and voice by the whole American people; I do, therefore, invite my fellow-citizens in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea and those who are sojourned in foreign lands, to set apart and observe the last Thursday of November next as a Day of Thanksgiving and prayer to our bounteous Father who dwelleth in the heavens. And I recommend to them that, while offering up the ascriptions justly due to him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our national perverseness and disobedience, commend to his tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners, or sufferers, in the lamentable civil strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty hand to heal the wounds of the nation and to restore it, as soon as may be consistent with divine purposes, to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquility, and union.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this third day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sect. of State.

Mrs C. P. Brister, editress of Newark (O.) *Times*, writes in her paper of January 29, 1859, as follows:

We know Dr. Roback's Scandinavian Remedies are all they claim to be. The Dr. presented us with a few bottles of his Scandinavian Blood Purifier and boxes of his Blood Pills last summer, which put new life into us. They invigorate, strengthen, and leave the system in a better condition that stimulants usually do, and have no depressing effect. We feel safe in recommending the Blood Purifier to all suffering from debility, be the cause what it may, the pills have this peculiarity, they are powerfully active, and at the same time leave the patient stronger and in an improved condition, different from most drastic remedies. Try them with the Blood Purifier and you will feel like many who have been relieved, and willing to add your testimony to their efficacy.

See advertisement.

One day last week a fine looking Ohio soldier in the army of the Cumberland entered the postoffice headquarters with two packages, both to the same address. An inquiry from a comrade elicited the fact that they were portraits of the girl he left behind him; that he had reason to believe, from a letter just received, that she was "a Vallandigham girl" and so, after an attachment antedating the war, he was transmitting the pictures to her without a word, and breaking off an attachment that would have been life long. "In is," he said, and as he looked up at expression of pain pass over his frank, manly face, "it is a little too much for me." There was a slightly perceptible quiver in his voice as he ended; then laying down the once cherished shadows he left the tent. Such incidents speak volumes.

Don't keep a solitary parlor, into which you go but once a month with your parson or sewing society. Hang around your walls pictures which shall tell stories of mercy, hope, courage, faith and charity. Make your living room the house. Let the place be such that when your boy has gone to distant lands, or even when, perhaps, he clings to a single plank in the waters of the wide ocean, the thought of the old homestead shall come to him in his desolation, bringing always light, hope, and love. Have no dungeon about your house—no room you never open—no blinds that are always shut.

EDUCATIONAL.

BY PROF. T. F. THICKSTUN.

Letters of inquiry, bearing the same date, and containing the same interrogatories, were addressed to all the legislative candidates. The subject of the communications will be seen by the letters below. We shall give the replies of the other candidates as fast as they arrive.

One expression in Mr. Thompson's letter we do n't quite understand. We do n't see why under our present economy the school system cannot receive the attention which the importance of the subject demands. We can conceive of no economy, operating in any honorable way or tending to any honorable results, with which a good school system will not harmonize. We believe the subject *can*, and we believe the subject *ought*, to receive a large share of the attention of our public servants till the right system is inaugurated.

GREENVALE, Sept. 30th, 1863.

Messrs. T. F. Thickstun and H. Hatch:

Dear Sirs:—Yours of the 22d inst. came to hand to-day. I have examined its contents, and now proceed to answer your interrogatories.

You ask first if I am in favor of a complete, efficient school system in place of the one which is now upon the statute books of the state? Second. As items in such a school system am I in favor of the re establishment of the superintendency of public instruction as a separate department of the government, and believe the organization of normal schools for the professional teaching and training of teachers well calculated to advance the interests and promote the cause of the all important system of education. I will, therefore, in the event of my election, do what I can, in my weakness, with the aid and sympathy of those who take an interest in the dissemination of knowledge throughout our state, to secure the incorporation of the items mentioned in our general school laws of the state.

My convictions are that the school system does not, and, can not, receive that attention under the present economy which the importance of the subject demands. Our government has dealt with us bountifully in the donation of land for the encouragement of this system. Now let us improve upon the advantages given for the general diffusion of knowledge, the greatest safeguard and guarantee to our civil and religious institutions. Very respectfully your ob't serv't,

N. N. THOMPSON.

The University is indebted to Mr. Stanley, bookseller on Ramsey Street, for a Sander's Chart of the Elementary sounds of the English language. The gift was most opportune. He has our warmest thanks.

WILKES' SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.
Office 201 William-st., New York.

George Wilkes, Ed. and Pro.

Four Dollars a Year in Advance.

To Clubs—5 Copies. - - $17 00
" 9 " - - - 30 00

No subscriptions received for less than three months.

Rates of Advertising.

15 cts per line each single insertion.
48 " " " One month.
$1 25 " " " Three months.
$2 00 " " " Six months.

Sinclair Tousey, No. 121 Nassau Street, New York, general wholesale agents for supplying dealers. T. R. Callender, agent for Philadelphia.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents, and retain 20 per cent for their trouble. This percentage is, however, not to be deducted from club rates.

OLD PAPERS, SUITABLE FOR WRAPPERS, for sale at this office at 50 cents per hundred. IRVING TODD.
Sept. 22, 1863. 21-tf

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Haine's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Scythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

THE GREAT

American Tea Company,

51 Vesey Street, New York,

since its organization has created a new era in the history of wholesaling teas in this country. They have introduced their selections of teas, and are selling them at not over

Two Cents (.02 Cents) per Pound above Cost,

never deviating from the one price asked. Another peculiarity of the company is that their tea taster not only devotes his time to the selection of their teas as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country, but he helps the tea buyer to chose out of their enormous stock such teas as are best adapted to his particular wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable advantage a tea buyer has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of tea or the market—if his time is valuable—he has all the benefits of a well organized system of doing business, of an immense capital, of the judgment of a professional tea taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen. This enables all tea buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York merchants.

Parties can order teas and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weight and tares; and the teas are warranted as represented. We issue a price list of the company's teas, which will be sent to all who order it, comprising

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder, Twankay and Skin, Oolong, Souchong, Orange, and Hyson Pekoe.

Japan Tea of every description, colored and uncolored. This list has each kind of tea divided into four classes, namely: Cargo, high Cargo, Fine, Finest, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the company are determined to undersell the whole tea trade.

We guarantee to sell all our teas at not over *Two Cents* per pound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers,
26-3m 51 Vesey Street, New York.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed Letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps, to defray postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, P. By order of the Director

---

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all family sewing machines yet offered to the public. No other family sewing machine has so many useful appliances for hemming, binding, felling, tucking, gathering, guaging, braiding, embroidering, cording, etc. No other family sewing machine has so much capacity for so great a variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our family sewing machine most reliable and most durable and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our family sewing machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding case of the family machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substanstial table to sustain the work.

While one of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superior manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the family machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality

Send for a pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
458 Broadway, New York.

St. Paul Office, 250 Third Street.
Milwaukee Office, No 17 Newhall House.
J. N. Bill agent in Hastings. 20-tf

FINKLE & LYON'S

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread or loop-stitch machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, etc., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of Machine whatever!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident it is readily replaced.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

Please call and examine, or send for circular.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,

FINKLE & LYON S. M. CO.,
17-1y No. 538 Broadway, New York.

PRINTING TYPES.

AND ALL OTHER

PRINTING MATERIALS,

Are offered for sale at

BRUCE'S NEW YORK Type-Foundry,

At the Lowest Prices.

Roman type, Fancy type, Script type, German type, Music type, Chess and Checker type, Brass and Metal Rules, Brass and Electro Circles and Ellipses, Labor-Saving Rules, Labor-Saving Leads, Labor-Saving Slugs, Wood type, Labor-Saving Quotations, Borders, Ornaments, Leads, Brass Dashes, Circular Quads, Corner Quads, Ornamental Corners, Metal Furniture, Brass Galleys, Compositor's Numbered Slugs, etc.

Printers can also be supplied with Presses from all the different manufactures.

Printing Ink of all colors, Composing Sticks, Stands, Cases, Imposing Stones, Chases, and all other printing materials, at the manufacturer's prices.

Any publisher of a newspaper who chooses to publish the advertisement, including this note, three times before the first of December, 1863, and forward me one copy of the papers containing it, will be allowed his bill at the time of making a purchase from me of my own manufactures of five times the amount of said bill.

GEORGE BRUCE,
24-3t No. 13, Chamber-st., N. Y.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT,

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M., and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The charge from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN ATKEN & LANGLEY,
9-1f Agents, on Levee.

BATCHELDER'S COLUMN.

Fall Goods. Winter Goods.

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

HASTINGS.

A

FRESH STOCK

OF

ALL KINDS.

[N. B. We have spent some months in the Eastern markets, taking great pains to secure the best qualities and styles. And having bought two large stocks (for Faribault and Hastings) before the late advance, have secured them at the lowest prices. We have also procured contracts for freight at about half the usual rates. These advantages enable us to offer our new goods at about Eastern prices.]

We are selling *best Prints,*	20c
Delaines,	20 @ 30c
Stripes and Denims,	25c
Ticks,	25c
Men's double-soled Boots,	$3 00
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 25
—— Balmoral Boots,	1 40
Good all wool Cassimeres,	1 25
Heavy Wool Long Shawls,	5 00
Men's Fur Caps,	1 50
Good warm Overcoats,	6 00

☞We sell only for Ready Pay.
☞Each article is plainly marked in figures its lowest and only price.
☞All goods sold by us are warranted as represented.
☞We have secured the services of attentive clerks, who will always deem it a pleasure to display their goods whether customers purchase or not.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

North & Carll's Old Stand, Hastings.

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings,
Denims, Stripes,
Cottonad's, Ticks,
Cassimeres, Sattinettes,
Jeans, Doeskins,
Broadcloths, Cloakings,
Flannels, Lindseys,
Prints, Delaines,
Broche Veleurs,
Alpaccas, Merinoes,
Thibets, Plaids,
Silks, Worsteds,
Linens, Woolens,
Trimmings, Notions,
Hoods, Nubias,
Sontags, Shawls,
Skirts, Yarns,
Hose, Gloves,
Blankets, Table
Covers, Diaper,
Velvets, Crash,
Fancy Articles,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR LADIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MISSES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BOYS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BABES.

From the finest Gaiters to the heaviest thick Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, and WARRANTED.

WINTER CLOTHING

OVER COATS,	UNDER COATS,
SACK COATS,	FROCK COATS,
LONG COATS,	SHORT COATS,
WOOKEN COATS,	COTTON COATS,
COARSE COATS,	FINE COATS,
HEAVY COATS,	LIGHT COATS,
MEN'S COATS,	BOY'S COATS.

ALL SORTS OF PANTS.
ALL SORTS OF VESTS.
ALL SORTS OF SHIRTS.
ALL SORTS OF DRAWERS.

Under Clothing for Everybody at

BATCHELDER'S.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Buckskin, Patent,
Kid, Woollen,
Cotton, Silk,
Cashmere, Otter,
Beaver, Nutria,
Seal, Sheep,
and Dog Skin.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Lined and unlined, large and small, at

BATCHELDER'S.

HATS AND CAPS,

In great variety.

Fur, Cloth, Wool, Felt, Fine Otter and Beaver at

BATCHELDER'S.

HOSIERY.

Ladies', Miss's, and Children's, Woolen, Cotton, and Flucy Lined, Worsted, Cashmere, Merino, Colored and White,

HOSE.

Gent's home-made *WOOL SOCKS,* Gent's worsted, cotton, and cashmere half hose, at

BATCHELDER'S.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE

New stock at

BATCHELDER'S.

HARDWARE.

Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cordage, Tools, Nails and Glass, Powder and Shot, House Trimmings, Shovels and Hoes, Spades and Forks, Chains and Traps, Axes, Butts and Screws, Etc., Etc., at

BATCHELDER'S.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Syrup, Spices, Fruits, Fish, Soap, Candles, Oil, Soda, Saleratus, Tobacco, Starch, Wooden Ware, etc., cheap for Cash, at

BATCHELDER'S.

Hastings, Oct. 6, 1863. 26-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1862, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App. val. pr acre.	App. val of improvements
DOUGLASS.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
MARSHAN.					
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
RANDOLPH—HAMPTON.					
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
INVER GROVE.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
VERMILLION.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
WATERFORD.					
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
CASTLE ROCK.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 00	292 50
EMPIRE CITY.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 25	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 25	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ROSEMONT.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
EUREKA.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	405 00
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	118 00
nw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	26	113	20	5 00	42 00
nw qr of ne qr	26	113	20	5 00	147 00
sw qr of ne qr	26	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	26	113	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
LEBANON.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
EAGAN.					
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
MENDOTA.					
ne qr of ne qr	26	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	26	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	26	28	23	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	26	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	26	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

lot 6, 10.09a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lots 7 & 10.16a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4, 10 20a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.82a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15, 5.40a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10 80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1, 8.80a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16, .71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 20a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.32a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.84a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8, 9.30a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.32a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.66a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 13, 10a	16	114	16	8 50	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser, if interest at seven per cent per annum is annually paid in advance.

Interest to the first day of June, 1864, must be paid at the time of purchase.

Persons purchasing land upon which other parties have made improvements will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of his improvements, one half to be paid at the time of the sale and the balance six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent per annum.

In case the person occupying or improving the land has damaged the same, the appraised amount of damage will be deducted from his improvements, and when the occupant is the purchaser the damage will be added to the price of the land.

No lands will be sold for less than the appraised value.

Purchase money payable in specie and legal tender notes. CHAS. McILRATH,
22-td Commissioner of State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, executed by Alexander Rey and Elizabeth Rey, his wife, both of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, to Horace Smith and Samuel F. Harris, both of Bennington, in the county

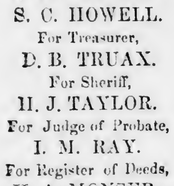
State Librarian.

THE HASTINGS CONSERVER.

VOLUME III.---NO. 28. HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20. 1863. $2 00 PER YEAR.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.



TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1863.

Single copies of the CONSERVER may be obtained at this office, or at the Bookstore. Price Five Cents.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McILRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE,
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court.
GOERGE F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

Union County Ticket.

For Senator,
N. N. THOMPSON.

For Representatives,
P. VAN AUKEN.
S. C. HOWELL.

For Treasurer,
D. B. TRUAX.

For Sheriff,
H. J. TAYLOR.

For Judge of Probate,
I. M. RAY.

For Register of Deeds,
H. A. MONSER.

For District Attorney,
R. W. MONTGOMERY.

For Surveyor,
C. B. LOWELL.

For Coroner,
P. HARTSHORN.

For Commissioner—2d District,
HENRY SPRAGUE.

For Commissioner—3d District.
JOSIAH BURWELL.

The Elections.

"We have met the enemy and they are ours." The results of the recent elections are most gratifying to the heart of every loyal man. Brough's majority will reach 60,000, Curtins, 20,000, and Stone's a very flattering one. Indiana, also, shows herself on the right side. Thus the ball rolls on, gathering force at every turn, and on the 3d of November next will present an overwhelming aspect to traitors and their sympathizors. Let every true friend of liberty bestir himself to this end.

A Consistent Failure.

Ten cent Mac, not satisfied with his brilliant career as a military man, having been made in a few short weeks without ever gaining a victory, a second Napoleon, the equal of Cæser, the superior of Hannibal, has tried his strategetic hand as a general in political moves; but in this case, as in all others, instead of being master of the situation the situation was master of him.

A report having been circulated that he was favorable to the re-election of Gov. Curtin, he came out with a disclaimer denying the statement alledging that his views agreed with Judge Woodward's—the copperhead candidate—and that he regarded "his election as governor of Pennsylvania called for by the interests of the nation."

Mac, doubtless, having read the *World* and a few other copperhead sheets, had come to the conclusion that he was so popular among the people that it would only be necessary for him to announce his wish, and it would be complied with omid the shouts and hosannas of an overjoyed people. Poor man! How very illmannered are the Pennsylvanians! They disregard the mandates of their idol, and cast a majority vote of thousands for the union republican-abolition candidates!

Says Judge Woodward: "It is not by fighting that the Union is to be restored." McClellan says: "My views agree with Judge Woodward's."

Thus they went before the people of the Keystone State, but most gloriously was the one defeated and the other rebuked.

The draft in this state has been postponed until the 25th inst.

Public Speaking.

H. S. Jennings, union, and Seagrave Smith, dem., will discuss the topics of the day and political questions generally in various towns of this county according to the following list of appointments, agreed upon by the speakers:

Lewiston,	Monday Eve,	Oct. 19.
Greenvale,	Tuesday Eve,	Oct. 20.
Poplar Grove,	Wednesday Eve,	Oct. 21.
Lakeville,	Thursday Eve,	Oct. 22.
Prairie House,	Friday Eve,	Oct. 23.
West St. Paul,	Saturday Eve,	Oct. 24.
Hastings,	Monday Eve,	Oct. 26.

The conditions of speaking are that Mr. Jennings opens the first night with a half-hour speech, Mr. Smith has an hour to reply, and Mr. Jennings closing with another half hour, alternating each night.

Local committees of both parties are requested to make all necessary arrangements for securing places of meeting, and to notify the people. Every body is invited to attend.

Rather Mean.

The Hastings *Conserver*, in giving a list of those who took premiums at the state fair, wilfully neglects to mention the fact that Joshua Ashton, of Red Wing, took the first premium for the best fanning mil, but meanly thrusts forward the names of Montgomery & Thompson, as having received the second premium. This is done to keep the farming pubic in ignornace of the fact that they can buy the best fanning mill in Red Wing that can be bought in the whole state.—*Volunteer.*

A slight mistake, Mr. *Volunterr.* We did *not* attempt to give a list of the premiums awarded at the premiums awarded at the state fair, only those from our *own county*. Red Wing being in Goodhue, consequently was omitted. As to the best mill in the state, there seems still to be some dispute. All are aware that premiums, like kisses, often go by favor, and it is not clear that the present instance is an exception.

A new bank of issue has gone into operation in Hastings, styled Thorne's Bank.—*Ex.*

Banks generally prove to be thorns.—*Hokah Chief.*

The people in this vicinity are not afraid of carrying such Thornes in their pockets, and handle them readily without gloves.

The *Evening Democrat* is the title of a new daily recently started in St. Paul, devoted to the copperhead interests of the state. It is a neatly printed six-column sheet, and will probably run until after election. J. L. McDonald, esq., is editor.

The New York *Argus*, a regular visitor to our table, has been merged into the *World*. It will have to be merged and submerged several times before it becomes a loyal newspaper.

A western newspaper says that "the difference between a copperhead and a rebel ram is that one goes for the Union with an if, the other goes against the Union with a but."

BOY WANTED.—A steady, industrious lad, about fifteen years of age, and possessing a tolerable English education can have a good opportunity of learning the printing business by applying at this office immediately. He must be quick, and willing to learn.

Speech of Hon. I. Donnelly.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly recently made a speech at St. Cloud, in this state, and the *Democrat* speaks of it as follows:

"In accordance with a very short notice, Lieut. Gov. Donnelly addressed the citizens of this place upon the all absorbing topic of the War, its causes and its effects. Broker's Hall was well filled by both ladies and gentlemen, and all listened—with few exceptions—with marked attention to the talented gentleman's telling and eloquent speech. The address was one of that character so peculiar to the young statesman, that to point out the striking points would be but to publish his entire discourse. It was a production replete with pathos and eloquence, rehearsing facts in such strong language, that few, if any, left the hall with any other opinion than that the man was right, and nobly defending the right!"

The Northwestern *Democrat*, published at Hastings, raises the copperhead ticket this week without note or comment. The whippers-in have labored effectually and have now succeeded in restoring all the bolting papers to the copperhead fold. These papers have made many wry faces and have swallowed the dose as a bitter pill, making generally but a word of remark, and that word has failed to give any adequate reason for the change of tactics. They have been forced into the support of copperhead traitors and feeling that they are engaged in a very bad grace, but if their forced conversing continues, under the same pressure that has already been brought into requisition, we may expect that they will soon be ardent supporters of their new found loves.—*Press.*

The National Thanksgiving day.—A Proclamation by the President of the United States of America.

The year now drawing toward its close has been filled with the blessings of fruitful fields and healthful skies. To these bounties, which are so constantly enjoyed that we are prone to forget the source from which they come, others have been added, which are of so extraordinary a nature that they cannot fail to penetrate and soften the heart which is habitually insensible to the ever-watchful providence of Almighty God.

In the midst of a civil war of unequaled magnitude and severity, which has sometimes seemed to invoke the aggressions of foreign states, peace has been preserved with all nations, order has been maintained, the laws have been respected and obeyed, and harmony has prevailed everywhere, except in the theater of military conflict; while that theater has been greatly contracted by the advancing armies and navies of the Union.

The needful diversions of wealth and strength from the fields of peaceful industry to the national defense have not arrested the plow, the shuttle or the ship. The ax has enlarged the borders of our settlements, and the mines, as well of iron and coal as of the precious metals, have yielded ever more abundantly than heretofore. Populations has steadily increased, notwithstanding the waste that has been made in the camp, the siege and the battlefield, and the country rejoicing in the consciousness of augmented strength and vigor is permitted to expect continuance of years with large increase of freedom.

No human counsel hath devised, nor hath any mortal hand worked out these great things. They are the gracious gifts of the Most High God, who, while dealing with us in anger for our sins, hath nevertheless remembered mercy.

It has seemed to me fit and proper that they should be solemn, reverent, and gratefully acknowledged as with one heart and voice by the whole American people; I do, therefore, invite my fellow-citizens in every part of the United States, and also those who are at sea and those who are sojourned in foreign lands, to set apart and observe the last Thursday of November next as a Day of Thanksgiving and prayer to our beneficent Father who dwelleth in the heavens. And I recommend to them that, while offering up the ascriptions justly due to him for such singular deliverances and blessings, they do also, with humble penitence for our national perverseness and disobedience, commend to his tender care all those who have become widows, orphans, mourners, or sufferers, in the lamentable civil strife in which we are unavoidably engaged, and fervently implore the interposition of the Almighty hand to heal the wounds of the nation and to restore it, as soon as may be consistent with divine purposes, to the full enjoyment of peace, harmony, tranquility, and union.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this third day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Sect. of State.

NEW TOWN.—Mr. J. W. Davis, of Fox Lake, Wis., and others, have purchased several hundred acres of land at the junction of the Judson and Garden City roads about a mile above South Bend, where they intend starting a new town to be called Minneinepa, after the beautiful falls in the same vicinity. Rumor says that the hotel building and a store from South Bend are to be removed there, and several merchants from Wisconsin also intend locating upon the new town-site.—*Mankato Record.*

MONETARY QUOTATIONS OF FOLLETT & RENICK.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Bankable Funds.

New England,	Bank State of Indiana.
New York.	Iowa,
New Jersey,	Michigan,
Ohio,	U. S Demand Notes.
Canada.	Wisconsin,
Philadelphia,	Bank of Minnesota,
Marine Bank. Minn.,	Winona Co. Bank,
Bank of Chatfield,	State Bank of Minn.,
Peoples' Bank,	Pittsburg.

Exchange.

FOR BANKABLE FUNDS.

	Buying.	Selling
New York, Philadelphia, Boston,	¼ prem.	½ prem.
Chicago and Milwaukee,	par.	¼ prem.

PREMIUM FUNDS.

Gold,	40	50
Silver (large),	30	40
U. S. Demand Notes,	40	50
Canada,	35	45

RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY G. F. BATCHELDER.

HASTINGS, Oct. 13, 1863.

FLOUR, per sack,	$2 50
WHEAT, per bushel,	70@72
CORN, do	40@45
OATS, do	40
POTATOES, do	50
BEANS, do	2 00
ONIONS, do	2 00
CRANBERRIES,	2 00
HAY, per ton,	6 00@8 00
WOOD, per cord,	3 00@4 00
SALT, per bbl	3 75
EGGS, per doz	12½
BUTTER, per lb,	12@18
CHEESE, per lb	8@10
PORK, per cwt,	3@4
BEEF, per cwt,	3 00
HAMS, per cwt,	8@9
SHOULDERS, per cwt,	5@6
DRIED APPLES,	10
DRIED PEACHES,	15@25
SUGARS, per lb	12@18
MOLASSES, per gal	70@1 00
COFFEE, Java,	40
do Rio,	35

BECKER & STOLTZ,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Second Street, - - Lowell's old stand.

Cash paid for second handed goods. Money advanced on consignments.

Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863. 27-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

A banking association organized under an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, entitled "An Act to Authorize and Regulate the Business of Banking," approved July 26, 1858, showing a statement of the following items on the morning of the first Monday of October, in the year 1863, before the transaction of any business on that day:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discount's, except to Stockholders and Brokers,	$34,279 33
Over Drafts,	2,971 66
Stocks on Deposit with State Auditor, at their par value,	25,000 00
Specie,	641 00
Cash Items, viz: County Orders at their cash value, $133 33; sight checks, $236,	669 66
Real Estate,	2,078 62
Office Fixtures,	500 00
Loss and Expense account,	440 41
Bills of Solvent Banks on hand,	17,597 00
Due from Banks,	9,801 17
	$93,960 83

LIABILITIES.

Capital,	$25,000 00
Registered Bank Notes received from Auditor and not returned, $22,500	
Deduct Registered Notes on hand, 6,300	
Leaves Registered Bank notes in circulation,	15,700 00
Due to Bank.,	2,032 91
Due Depositors on demand,	33,180 62
Due to others not included under either of the above heads,	843 52
Undivided Profits,	3 220 00
Due Stockholders,	13,063 78
	$93,960 83

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
Dakota County. }

S. G. RENICK, President, and L. S. FOLLETT, Cashier, of the above named Bank, being severally sworn, do say that they are respectively the president and cashier of said bank, and that the foregoing is, in all respects, a true and correct statement of the condition of said bank, on the first Monday, being the fifth day of October, 1863, before the transaction of any business of said bank, on the morning of that day, according to the best of their several and respective knowledge and belief; and that the place where the business of discount and deposit of said bank is carried on, is Hastings, in the said county of Dakota.

S. G. RENICK, President.
L. S. FOLLETT, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, before me, this fifth day of October, 1863. ELI ROBINSON,
28-1t Notary Public for Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.—DEFAULT HAS been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the twentieth day of Oct, A. D., 1859, executed and delivered by Edwin S. Doolittle and Philitta, his wife, of Northfield, in the county of Rice and state of Minnesita, to Edmund Wheeler, of Newport, in the state of New Hampshire, which said mortgage was filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1859, at six o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book H of mortgages, pages 538 and 539. Said mortgage was given to secure the payment of a note bearing even date therewith for the sum of one hundred and ninety-three dollars and interest at the rate of one per cent per month till paid, due one year from date.

There is claimed to be due at the date of this notice on said note and mortgage the sum of two hundred and fifty six dollars and sixty-nine cents ($256 69). No proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted for the recovery of said mortgage debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage, to-wit: The east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-two (22), in township one hundred and twelve (112), north of range twenty (20) west, containing eighty (80) acres of land, lying and being in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota aforesaid.

Said sale will be made at public vendue to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the second day of December, A. D. 1863, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the post-office in the city of Hastings, in said Dakota County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the legal costs of sale, together with the sum of twenty-five dollars and ninety-two cents paid for taxes on said premises by said mortgagee and interest thereon to this date.

Dated Northfield, Oct. 20, 1863.

EDMUND WHEELER, Mortgagee.
D. H. Frost, Atty. for Mortgagee, Northfield, Minn. 28-7w

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feel confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.

CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.
Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

HASTINGS CIGAR STORE.

M. SIMON,

Manufacturer of all kinds of Cigars and Tobacco, and Dealer in smoking and chewing

Tobacco and Snuff.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. Store on Second Street, near Vermillion. Hastings, Minn. 27-tf

---

NOTICE.

For Sale,

My stock of Goods, and Storehouse for rent or sale. THEODORE GARDNER.
Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863.

WANTED.

Two Marble Workers immediately. Apply at the Winona Marble Works, or at this office.

Hastings, Aug. 18, 1863. 19-tf

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

P. O. Notice.—Summer Arrangement.

Mail going East closes at 11 o'clock, A. M.
Way mail down closes at 8 o'clock, P. M.
Mail for St. Paul closes on the arrival of the boat from below in the afternoon.
Faribault mail leaves at 6 o'clock A. M., closes at 9 o'clock P. M.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
WM. H. SKINNER, Post-Master.

THANKS.—We are under great obligations to Hon. I. DONNELLY for valuable pub. does.

SOLD.—TINKLEPAUGH & FILKINS have sold their store to GREENBURG & FITCH, who will carry on the business at the old stand.

The Young People's Prayer Meeting will be held at the University next Sunday at 3½ P. M. Hope to see *all* interested.

CHEAP.—E. A. BEACH, artist over THORNE & NORRISH'S store has greatly reduced his price for taking pictures, and will give four for fifty cents. Call in and examine specimens.

MILITARY ELECTION.—A new election for field officers of the 23d Regiment of State Militia, in this county, has been ordered, to be held at Prairie House, town of Rosemount, on Saturday, Oct. 24th.

ENGRAVING.—ANDREWS', on Second Street, is the place to get all sorts of engraving and repairing done at short notice and low rates, for he is not excelled in the North-West. Call in and see specimens of his workmanship.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—Mr. GREENBURG has disposed of his interest in the variety store to D. E. SYME, the firm now bearing the name of TWITCHELL & Co. Mr. SYME left on Saturday last for New York.

OYSTER SUPPER.—The ladies of the Presbyterian Church of Prescott will furnish an oyster supper at the basement of the Brick Church, Friday evening, Oct. 23d. The people of Hastings, as well as those of Prescott and vicinity, are cordially invited.

STATIONARY.—Go to STANLEY'S for for stationary, blank books, envelops, etc., and you will have the best assortment in town to select from. He has also a very large lot of school books, such as are in our schools, miscellaneous books, photographic albums, etc. Call and see.

ON EXHIBITION.—DRAPER & BALLARD have in their window one of the identical shoes worn by Mrs. Tom Thumb during the marriage ceremony, the other being retained by Barnum. It was presented to them as a premium for having one of the largest stock of clothing, boots and shoes, etc., in Hastings. If you don't believe it, call and see.

TAXES ARE HIGH.—Taxes are high on Saleratus as well as on every other article that a family consumes, but they are not as high on the chemical saleratus, as the saleratus will rise your buiscuit, etc. If you do n't believe us try it. It is put up in bright red papers called "Chemical Saleratus, or Housewife's Favorite."

SICK.—We learn that Mr. NEWMAN is confined to the house by a severe attack of rheumatism. Notwithstanding his absence his business prospers finely, and customers have no difficulty in finding what they want by calling at the new store on Second Street. His clerks are very accommodating, and take pleasure it attending to the wants of those who come in.

SCHOOL CHILDREN.—We are indebted to J. H. ETHERIDGE, esq., for the number of persons in this city between the ages of five and twenty one, on the 30th day of September, 1863, as follows:

1st Ward,	106
2d Ward,	342
3d Ward,	251
Total,	699

HIGH PRESSURE.—PRATT & Co. have been compelled to add another hand to their force in order to keep pace with the demands of customers. Their work now is chiefly in repairing button holes which have been demolished by the democratic candidates for office. They are indefatigable in their efforts, notwithstanding they well know their case is hopelesss. How much better it would be for them to haul off and save their credit ere it be too late.

PRACHING.—Rev. S. M CROOD, returned missionary, and agent of the American missionary union is expected to preach at the University at 10½ o'clock, A. E., on foreign missions, and in the evening, at the same place, will give a descriptive lecture on Burmah, with maps, idol and Burman books to illustrate. He will likewise address the Sabbath School. A general attendance solicited.

THE UNION MEETING on Thursday last was well attended and a complete success. The speeches of Col. MILLER and Hon. I. DONNELLY were of the most able character and elicited universal applause. The music of the Brass Band was in season and highly appreciated. Our limits will not admit of giving the extended notice of the meeting which we had intended.

AMUSING.—If you want to muse go to MUES' on Second Street, opposite the Treemont house; it's there where you can amuse your-self by taking a glimpse at the fine stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and Groceries. Ladies will please make a note and muse over those fine circulars, sacques, silk, plush, hoops, furs, shawls, and dress goods which have just been received. It is amusing to see how fast goods at this establishment are exchanged for FOLLETT & RENICK'S, THORNE'S, and U. S. Greenbacks, all we have to say is go a musing.

LARGE CROP.—We respectfully give the fact to our readers at large, also giving them the liberty to *beat it* if possible, viz: That Mr. KING, of Nininger Township, in this county, threshed the present year three hundred bushels of wheat from nine acres and sixty rods of land. We consider this an extraordinary yield considering the season in which less than an inch of water fell during the months of June and July and also that a large number of turkeys had free access to the field, trampling down and destroying what they naturally would, and eating up what they conveniently could, of the growing grain.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.—The following appointments have been made for the present canvass:—

F. M. CROSBY and S. G. RENICK at Dawson's school-house (Vermillion Town) Oct. 20; Hampton, (in the village) Oct. 22; Willoughby's (Inver Grove Town) Oct. 24; Cox's school house (Vermillion) Oct. 27; Norwegian school-house (Eureka) Oct. 29.

H. S. JENNINGS, ELI ROBINSON, and N. N. THOMPSON; German Settlement (West St. Paul), Oct. 27; Mendota City; Oct. 28; Wier's school house (Inver Grove) Oct 29; Pine Bend (Inver Grove) Oct. 30.

A. M. HAYES and R. W. MONTGOMERY, Lovejoy's school house, (Ravenna), Oct. 20, McLaughlin's (Douglas), Oct. 21; school-house in Randolph, Oct. 22; Sidwell's school-house (Sciota), Oct. 23; Nichol's school-house (Waterford), Oct. 24; Donaldson's school house (Lakeville), Oct. 27, Farmington, Oct. 28; South Branch Inn, (Vermillion) Oct. 29.

The meetings will open at 7 o'clock in the evening, and it is hoped the friends will exert themselves to secure a full attendance. The ladies are invited to be present.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 17th inst, by Rev. T. Thickstun, Mr. J. F. NEWTON and Miss HATTIE A. LANCASTER.

Why, JOHNNIE. Who'd ha' thought it Been and done it, sure. Well, well. If "fortune favors the brave," then how very brave thou art. And married a woman, too. We always suspected ye had a hankering after 'em, but ar quite excusable as thy mother wert a woman also. Success to thee and thine.

DIED.

Of congestive chills, in Lakeville Township, Dakota County, Minn Monday night, Oct. 5th, 1863, SUMNER C. THURSTON, of Company C, 4th Regiment, Minn. Vols. Aged 27 years, 5 months, and 9 days.

The deceased was born in Portland, Maine. Sept. 25th, 1891, he enlisted with several of his neighbors in the 4th Minnesota Regiment, where he served his company in the capacity of sergeant till August, 1863, when he was detached as 1st sergeant in the 11th Regiment of Louisiana colored volunteers.

His former captain, R. S. Donaldson, now the Lieut. Col. of the 12th Regiment of Louisiana colored volunteers represents him as having been an excellent soldier, faithful and prompt in the discharge of all his duties, cheerful and lively in his disposition a boon companion, and for the last ten months a consistent professor of religion. He was with his company in all its marches, skirmishes, battles, and assaults, and through the whole of the siege of Vicksburg, and from the whole escaped without a wound. He came home on a furlough in poor health, to visit his family, and died in a few days after his arrival, lamented by his neighbors generally as a good citizen and a faithful soldier. JAS. PAGE.

Lakeville, Minn., Oct. 12th, 1863.

EDUCATIONAL.

BY PROF. T. F. [illegible]

More Testimony.

If there was any additional testimony needed to convince the citizens of this place that the people desire a thorough going system of public schools inaugurated at once, that testimony has been furnished during the last few weeks in the proceedings of the various educational and religious bodies which have held their anniversaries in this city. The State Teachers' Association first spoke on the subject boldly, unequivocally, and unanimously. Next came the Minnesota Baptist Association. Its position on this subject is equally explicit. The Presbyterian Synod is not a whit behind its neighbors in its desires for a good school system. And, finally, the Methodist Annual Conference, which has just closed its session here, took up the subject and disposed of it in an equally zealous and intelligent style.

We were fortunate in being present at all the educational discussions of each of these bodies. To us it has risen to a moral demonstration, that all the christian and most intelligent of the people are now calling for a complete system of public schools, with all the agencies and offices necessary for its entire success. Here were men from every walk of life—men among the most intelligent public spirited in the state—men of all shades of political and religious belief—men who have their share of taxes to pay, and a good portion of the general and local government to sustain—men who are in no sense of the term politicians, no friends to reward or enemies to punish—men who despise the advocacy of an idea for partisan purposes—honest men, true hearted and patriotic men, with one voice uniting in the demand for school; for the state that shall be an honor and a ble sing to all our citizens.

Here certainly is an expression of the people. Nothing better could be levised to find out what the state desires on educational matters. It is as if all the best, the most patriotic and intelligent of our citizens had come together in mass meeting, and declared in favor of the state superintendency, normal schools, and the other improvements of the times. Primary meetings may be ruled by the politician. These gatherings were behind his reach entirely; they represent just the voice of our citizenship.

We commend these facts to the state officers, both executive and legislative. No man who has been cognizant of all these transpiring events can plead ignorance of the wants of the people. The people themselves have spoken, plainly, positively. Their voice has been uttered with perfect unanimity. However widely they may differ on other points, they agree completely on the necessity of a *real school system with live agencies at the head of it to carry it on.* This, we say again, we regard as morally demonstrated.

We learn that B. F. Miller, teacher at Monticello, has an interesting class of six or eight young ladies, who are zealously pursuing their studies with reference to teaching as a business. We are glad to note the fact, and bid them and him God speed in the good work.

We are happy to learn also that Mr. Miller proposes to hold a teachers' institute this fall. Both these are steps in the right direction. Let the citizens support him right earnestly, and a day of rejoicing will visit Monticello at no distant day.

Institutes are all the fashion this fall. Stillwater holds one also during the month of November. Several prominent citizens have taken the enterprise in hand, and mean to carry it through to a successful issue.

That which seemed a little obscure to our mind last week in Mr. Thompson's letter has been made perfectly clear by a few words of explanation from that gentlemen. We commend him as sound on schools to the voters of the county. He will use all his influence in the right direction.

The nuisance of long dresses can be appreciated by those who attempt to walk out of the aisle of a church after the congregation is dismissed. Every other step the masculines take, they are apt to tread on some trailing dress. In these war times, when merchandize is so expensive, it seems not only absurd but criminal to sweep the streets with silks and merinoes. Though the North may conquer the rebels, it is quite certain that the whole power of the North is not sufficient to stand up against the decrees of King Fashion.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

Office Over the Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block, Second Street.

Our Platform.

Resolved, That we, chosen to represent in convention the unconditional union men of Minnesota, grateful to Almighty God for the success which has hitherto crowned the arms of our country and for the prospect thus opened of a speedy, honorable, and lasting peace, do hereby, for ourselves and our constituents, reaffirm our determination to support our government by every means in our power in the vigorous prosecution of this war, —on our part, holy, just, and forced upon us by the criminal acts of others,—until not an enemy in arms shall be found within our borders. And to this we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

2. That we tender our grateful thanks to the survivors of our glorious armies, and our warm sympathy to the relatives of their gallant dead, who have won for the country so glorious victories, for themselves imperishable renown, and for us all an assurance of liberty and safety, for ourselves and our children, under our beloved and now well-tried government.

3. That with especial pride we point to the gallant achievements on many a hard-fought battle-field, of our Minnesota regiments. Their bravery, discipline, and patriotism have won for them a name that shall never die, and made forever honorable to a citizen of Minnesota.

4. That, without claiming for it exemption from error, we heartily endorse the general policy and conduct of our national administration; and we point to the recent magnificent triumph of our armies as its best vindication from the charge of incapacity so freely brought against it by those who prefer national ruin to success under the present administration. Especially do we approve the emancipation proclamation, and the raising of black troops, as being among the best possible measures to weaken the enemy and strengthen ourselves.

5. That our state administration and congressional delegation deserve our hearty approbation for the zealous and efficient co-operation they have afforded the national authorities in carrying on the war.

6. That we call upon those in authority to take such measures, by retaliation or otherwise, as shall effectually prevent brutal and barbarous treatment by the enemy of our soldiers, of whatever color.

7. That it is due to our shattered armies in the field, as well as to the sacred cause which they uphold, that their ranks should as speedily as possible be filled up by every means in our power. It is due to the country that the mobs raised to resist and prevent the draft, should not even seem to have succeeded a day longer than is necessary to enforce the laws.

8. That the way to peace is, and ever has been, open to the rebels; the only condition we have ever sought to impose is that they should lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the general government. We protest against the making of any terms with them in advance as to their *status* in communities, when they shall have returned to their allegiance. Having been declared "public enemies" by a recent unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, they must accept the consequences that legitimately flow from having placed themselves in that position.

Address of H. S. Jennings, Esq., Before the County Fair at Hampton, Oct. 8th, 1863.

Mr. President, Ladies, and Gentlemen:

In selecting me as the speaker on the present occasion of the annual gathering of the producing classes of the county of Dakota your committee has not had reference to practical experience in the arts to be brought under discussion, and I can most truthfully and frankly say that I could have wished that some one of the many enlightened and practical farmers among you, who have devoted more time and thought to the subject of cultivating the soil than I have, had been selected in my stead. And while I appreciate the honor thus conferred upon, me I am not unmindful of the fact that the task to one of my pursuits is hedged about with many difficulties.

But begging the kind indulgence of my auditors and relying upon their gracious favor I may be permitted to hope that those who hear me may be able to cull from the crude ideas herein expressed something to interest, amuse, or perhaps to encourage, or at least to dispel from the mind of some young man or young woman that false notion of the relative position of the American farmer which they may now indulge.

There is much here, and in the times in which we live, the circumstances which surround us, the portion of God's great universe upon which we are assembled, to inspire one with both eloquence and patriotism. We stand in a central portion of this great productive and rapidly growing state, in one of its most fertile and populous counties.

The great river of the world, famous in history and celebrated in song, washes its north eastern boundary — the mighty Mississippi, which cools its head among the springs of the north and laves its feet in the tepid waters of the gulf, bearing upon its surface to the markets of the whole world the rich productions of a mighty empire. Under our feet is a soil unsurpassed in richness, from whose maternal bosom we draw our subsistence. Above us is the canopy of heaven, stretching over all and shedding upon all its beautiful sunshine and its refreshing showers. Around us as far as the eye can reach it is met by one broad beautiful expanse of gently undulating prairie, unequaled in beauty and unsurpassed in its fertility. This is a favored portion of that great temple of God dedicated to agriculture, at the raising of whose columns "the morning stars sang together and all the sons of God shouted for joy." But alas, ladies and gentlemen, the days of inspiration are past, or at least I do not possess the ability to draw inspiration from these surroundings, and I must crave your kindly consideration while I attempt a few plain, practical, and, I trust, not entirely unprofitable suggestions as to the relative position of the American farmer compared with that of the merchant, the lawyer, and the politician.

From the time that God ordained that the earth should bring forth fruit and herbs for the sustenance and support of man up to the present, the tillage of the soil has been of paramount importance. From the earth's bosom we derive all our real wealth, indeed, our very life, and subsistence. Ought, therefore, the farmer to be contented with his lot both for himself and for his children? And above all should the sons and daughters of the farmers of our land be satisfied to espouse the calling of their parents or should they leave it and adopt some other?

The great end and aim of life is happiness; for this we labor, for this we rise up early and sit up late, and eat the bread of sorrow; for this man compasses sea and land; endures cold and heat; risks health, and even life.

To the inquiry as to the chief object of man, history and revelation, the world around us and the spirit within us, all alike reply happiness; happiness here and happiness forever is the main object we seek. The security of that happiness consists in the diligent and proper exercise of the affections, faculties, and senses. And does the situation of the American farmer offer as fair an opportunity for securing this happiness as other pursuits. Happiness being the great end and aim of life, all the world can give is health and competence. And where is this health to be found? The bright eyes and the blooming cheeks, the strong arms and the untiring strength, tell us that earth's first blessing is bestowed upon those of her children who labor upon her bosom. Health is always under estimated and wealth over estimated. Health is never sufficiently appreciated until it is lost, while wealth is sought after eagerly and at the expense of both health and happiness. Speculations have lost more fortunes than they have made, and have caused more sleepless nights, more unhappy families, more suicides, filled more lunatic asylums, and ruined and shipwrecked more happiness generally than you or I can conceive.

It sometimes happens that the merchant makes more in one year than the farmer does in a life time, and this not unfrequently induces the farmer or his son to leave the smaller gains of the farm, though sure and certain, for the precarious chance of obtaining greater. But what is the price paid by the merchant for the chance of gaining this wealth? The price paid! Leave out of the account, if you please, the great exposure to moral corruption to which the commercial man is subjected; yet in a great majority of cases health of body and serenity of mind are sacrificed. Follow him into the crowded street or the close counting room. A strong constitution and energy of character may sustain him for a time; but confinement and bad air will soon destroy his buoyancy of spirit, and disease and premature decay too often mark him for a victim. He may secure riches but he too often "sows the wind to reap the whirlwind," and the constant fear of bankruptcy and ruin imbitters his days and renders his nights restless. The risks attendant upon rapid accumulation are always in proportion to the chances of success. The farmer sows his seed and has a reasonable certainty that he who has promised that "while the earth remaineth seed time and harvest, and cold and heat, and summer and winter, and day and night shall not cease" will crown his labor with a remunerating harvest. But he who embarks in speculations which promise sudden and great wealth knows that he may not only fail of success, but that his investment may sink him in deep, irretrievable pecuniary ruin, and the constant fear of such a result embitters his whole life. But even if wealth be obtained it gives but little satisfaction. The higher we rise the wider becomes the horizon, the greater the accumulation, the more inordinate the desire, and the more abject the slavery to avarice. The history of mercantile life shows that more than ninety out of every hundred engaged in the regular business of commercial life fail. "Wealth gotten by vanity," says Solomon, "shall be diminished; but he that gathereth by labors hall increase." But wealth even if attained is far from conferring happiness. You have all heard of the story of the man who did not wish to be rich but only comfortable. He became rich but never obtained comfort. John Jacob Astor once said that a man who was worth half a million of dollars was as well off as if he was rich. When the great Jewish banker, Baron Rothschild, was informed that the income of Louis Philippe was but fifty dollars a minute, he shed tears at the extreme poverty of the French monarch. "Remove far from me vanity and lies; give me neither poverty nor riches; feed me with food convenient for me," was the prayer of Israel's wisest sage and greatest king. Lord Bacon, perhaps the wisest man of modern times, says: "Seek not proud riches, but rather such as thou mayest get justly, use soberly, distribute cheerfully, and leave contentedly." It is said that the king of Persia once sent to bribe a Roman general, the messenger found him engaged in washing vegetables for his dinner. "Go tell your king," said he, "that all the gold in Persia can never bribe the man who can live contentedly upon turnips." "Godliness with contentment is great gain. For we brought nothing into this word and it is certain we can carry nothing out. And having food and raiment, let us be therewith content."

There is no greater independence than that possessed by the farmer. To secure happiness man must limit his desires, and when any one has sufficient for his needs, he should be satisfied and thank God that he is saved from the cares, temptations, and perplexities incident to over-grown wealth. The history of every age, our own observation, experience, and reason all alike testify that agricultural pursuits are most eminently calculated to insure that health of body and competence of estate which are the surest requisites for happiness. But let no other calling or pursuit of honest industry be either envied or despised. We are all mutually dependent upon, and should be useful, to each other. One cannot say to another "I have no need of thee;" but the farmer, though not entirely independent of other classes, is nearer so than any others. He can sing—

"I'll eat my own ham,
My own chicken and lamb,
I'll shear my own fleece and I'll wear it."

The educated farmer has more to ennoble the soul and to raise his mind from the grovelling things of time and sense, to nature and to nature's God than any other class or profession. He sees more of the beauties of nature; the bright sunrise and the gorgeous sunset are his. That bright and glorious sunset in the autumn evenings of which the poet thus sings:

"Behold the western evening light,
It melts in deepening gloom,
So calmly christians sink away
Descending to the tomb.

The winds breathe low, the withering leaf
Scarce whispers from the tree,
So gently flows the parting breath
When good men cease to be.

How beautiful on all the hills
The crimson light is shed,
'Tis like the peace the christian gives
To mourners round his bed.

How mildly on the wandering cloud
The sunset beam is cast,
'Tis like the memory left behind
When loved ones breathe their last.

And now above the dews of night
The yellow star appears;
So faith brings in the heart of those
Whose eyes are bathed in tears.

But soon the morning's happier light
Its glories shall restore,
And eyelids that are closed in death
Shall wake to close no more."

But one of the greatest impediments to agricultural progress is the prevalence of the idea among farmers that they have nothing more to learn, and the still more prevalent and fallacious opinion that education is not necessary to a successful cultivation of the soil. And the sooner these ideas are dispelled the better will it be for the country, and the interest and prosperity of the farmer.

Education is a friend that no misfortune can depress, and no enemy alienate. At home it is a companion, abroad it is an introduction, in society it is an ornament. It gives a grace and a character to the whole life. There is no branch of business but which can be more successfully carried on or prosecuted by its aid. The farmer at his plow, the shoemaker at his awl, the joiner at his bench, the merchant at his desk, as well as the lawyer at his brief; the woman at her needle, her churn, or her kneading trough, will all perform their task to better purpose if guided by education.

Educate your sons and your daughters; teach them to educate themselves —during the long winter evenings open the best room, too long and too frequently closed to your own family and opened only to company and strangers. Give it a cheerful aspect, draw up the table and the stand, light it cheerfully with plenty of light to take away the sombre gloom; place before your children agricultural and other papers and periodicals; furnish them with books of history and science; take turns with them in reading aloud, and then enter into a familiar discussion and conversation of the subjects read, thus rendering home both pleasant and profitable.

The great Dr. Franklin was the son of a poor, obscure tallow chandler in the city of Boston. He had fewer opportunities for education than any child, perhaps, in this state, yet he lived a philosopher to snatch lightning from Heaven, and as a statesman to wrest the sceptre from tyrants. One-half of the presidents of the United States, including the first and the present ones, possessed no uncommon or collegiate advantages of education. Elihu Burritt, or the learned blacksmith, once said that the alphabet was all a child ever need be taught to become a ripe scholar.

But agriculture is now demanding and is receiving that share of attention in the direction of schools and colleges devoted to the teaching of those sciences, bearing upon its progress which its importance demands. When we take into consideration the fact that agriculture, for nearly 6,000 years at least, has been the main dependence of the human race, we are astounded at the fact that the first effort to establish an agricultural school was made less than 90 years ago, to wit, in 1775, by Abbe Rosier, whose efforts, however, did not succeed, and the first school of the kind actually established was by Emmanuel Von Fellenberg, near Berne in Switzerland, in 1799. The same year the Prince Schwartzenberg founded a similar one in Bohemia, on a domain containing nearly three hundred thousand acres, which school is still in existence, and in the "full tide of successful operation." The means of instruction are very ample, and are constantly receiving additions and improvements. Their collections comprise models of agricultural implements, philosophical and chemical apparatus, fruits, insects, the cultivated plants of the country, minerals, a herbarium, etc. They have also a botanic garden, a conservatory, and an astronomical observatory. The instruction is gratuitous, and as practical as possible. The next agricultural school established was at Prague, in 1803, followed in 1806 by one at Moglin, in Prussia.

The seed thus sown and the example thus set has been ripened and followed until agricultural schools have been and are now being established in all parts of Europe and this country. The young state of Michigan has the honor of establishing and opening the first agricultural college in the United States, which is fully endowed and was opened with a full faculty and 61 pupils, in May, 1857. We may confidently hope that the day is not far distant when every state in this Union will be provided with at least one fully endowed and well patronized college devoted to agriculture alone, flanked by smaller schools all over the country, where the sons of the farmer, the artisan, the merchant, and the professional man may receive instruction in agricultural chemistry and its auxilliary sciences, so essential to the highest state of perfection in that important branch of industry. The history of agriculture would be a history of the labors and progress of man in the most important branch of his labor, and would of necessity, include a history of the gradual advancement of mankind in the arts of civilization. However interesting such a history might be to every intellectual friend of humanity, it is, of course, far beyond the time and limits of this address, and those who are willing to devote the time necessary to the examination are referred to that great history of the ancient world, the Holy Bible, also the Works and Days of Hesiod, the Treatise of Zenophen, the works of Cato, Varro, Virgil, Pliny, and others of ancient times. The Whole Art of Husbandry, by Barnaby Googe, The Jewel House of Art and Nature, by Sir Hugh Platto, The Improver Improved, by Walter Blithe, the works of Marshall, of Young, Johnstone, Davidson, Donaldson, Anderson, and many others of modern times. And to the more superficial scholar or reader we would say examine the reports of the various agricultural boards and the current papers of the day. The patent office reports on the subject of agriculture, though sometimes perhaps a little Utopian, contain much valuable information, and are by no means to be neglected. I am quite certain that no man of ordinary intelligence who will once commence a course of reading on this interesting science will be satisfied until he has drank deep at the fountains of agricultural knowledge.

The limits which I have set to this address will forbid any extended remarks as to the climate, soil, and productions of our young state, or any data as to its productions. Suffice it to say that in point of climate Minnesota is hardly second to any part of the habitable globe; in beauty, richness, and variety of scenery it will vie with any of the fabled places of the old world or the new; in extent of territory it ranks among the largest states, being far in advance of most of them; in the fertility of its soil it certainly is second to none; in the production of cereals it has no superior and very few equals, either in the amount produced or the quality of the grain. All the smaller fruits thrive here to an astonishing degree; and no one of scientific attainments or who has given the subject thought ever doubted that apples, the great staple fruit of America, could be raised here in abundance, and of the finest quality.

The almost inexhaustable quantities of wild plums and native grapes found everywhere in our forests are sure evidences that the tame or cultivated varieties can be successfully grown here. Apples, plums, pears, and grapes are already raised in the state to considerable extent. In short, we may confidently assert that a few years will see this young and fertile state not only one of the greatest grain growing districts in the union but one of the most successful fruit growing regions. And when the present accursed rebellion, now tottering to its foundation, shall have been crushed out by the loyal people of the union, and the federal constitution and authority shall again have rule over the whole of the United States; when our own state shall have been crossed and re-crossed by rail roads, and the shriek of the steam whistle and the neigh of the iron horse shall be heard from the British possessions and the Red River of the North to our southern boundary, and from Lake Superior to the Pacific coast,—then will begin to dawn the bright and glorious future of our state. Then we shall begin to enjoy the bright fruition of our present hopes. But to insure this future we want men, —educated men, true men, loyal men, working men.

"God gives us men: A time like this demands
Strong minds, great hearts, true faith, and ready hands,
Men whom the lust of office does not kill;
Men whome the spoils of office do not buy;
Men who possess opinion and a will;
Men who have honor; men who will not lie,
Men who can stand before a demagogue,
And face his treacherous flatteries without winking;
Tall men, sun crowned, who live above the fog
In public duty and in private thinking—
For while the rabble, with their thumb-worn creeds,
Their large professions and their little deeds,
Mingle in selfish strife, lo! Freedom weeps,
Wrong rules the land, and wailing Justice sleeps."

I should do injustice alike to my own feelings and to the gallantry for which my countryman are proverbial did I close this address without a direct allusion to the ladies. No where on the globe are the women treated with more tenderness and respect, and no where are they more worthy of it than in the United States. It is under the influence of their kind and genial smiles that the asperities of life are softened, and that the best part of our natures are brought out. If men have all the strength, women have all the loveliness. Loveliness and beauty are needed to adorn strength, and strength is necessary to protect loveliness. There must be wisdom to devise, strength to support, and beauty to adorn. Young women, you exercise a potent influence over the young men of the land. To you, therefore, I would address a kindly warning. Have you ever turned in disdain from the honest hard working sun browned young farmer to bestow your smiles upon a village dandy? Have you ever slighted the addresses of one of nature's noblemen, the working men of our country, that you might seek an alliance with some professional adventurer, or merchant's clerk, or city swell? If you have, the chances are ten to one that you have made a very great mistake. You have committed a great wrong to yourself, and to community. You have done more to cause that young man to despise his useful and honorable occupation than any thing else and every thing else could do. How many young ladies have been silly enough to do this wicked thing and have bewailed their folly through a life time of misery and want. And that young man who pretends to despise the society of virtuous females because they obey God's command and nature's laws, and "labor diligently with their hands," is not only unworthy of their society, but he feels in his very heart and conscience that he is unfit to associate with them.

Finally, farmers, ennoble your calling by pursuing it diligently and intelligently. Envy no one. Remember that the business of the farmer is one of the most independent and happy on earth. It is one to which the statesman and the warrior and man of letters have retired to enjoy life in their declining years. It is one to which a great majority of the merchants and professional men look forward to in earnest anticipation. It is peculiarly blessed by God. It is favorable to health and strength of body, and serenity and vigor of mind. Build up your noble young state, ever remembering—

"What constitutes a state is
Not high raised battlements nor labored mound,
Thick wall, nor moated gate
Nor cities proud with spires and turrets crowned,
Nor starred and spangled courts,
Where low-born basness wafts perfume to pride;
But MEN! high-minded men,
Who their duties know, but know their rights,
And knowing *dare* maintain them."

WILKES' SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

Office 201 William-st., New York.

George Wilkes, Ed. and Pro.

Four Dollars a Year in Advance.

To Clubs—5 Copies, - - $17 00
" 9 " - - - 30 00

No subscriptions received for less than three months.

Rates of Advertising.

15 cts per line each single insertion.
48 " " " One month.
$1 26 " " Three months.
$2 00 " " Six months.

Sinclair Tousey, No. 121 Nassau Street, New York, general wholesale agents for supplying dealers. T. R. Callender, agent for Philadelphia.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents, and retain 20 per cent for their trouble. This percentage is, however, not to be deducted from club rates.

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feel confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.

CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.
Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

W. P. STANLEY,

DEALER IN

Books and Stationery,

Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fixtures, Gord, and Tassels: buff and green Holland, oil green cloth for shades; Photographs of our generals and other distinguished individuals and albums to put them in; Yankee Notions, all the leading Magazines and Newspapers, Eastern and Western, St. Paul Dailies; agent for Prince & Sons Melodeons. 41-tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

FOLLETT & RENICK, Bankers. Dealers in domestic and Exchange, Foreign, State, and County Scrip, Exchange Block, Second street, Hastings, Minn.

THORNE'S BANK.

Transacts a general Banking Business, deals in Eastern and Sterling Exchange, Bank Notes, Gold, Silver, etc.
Special attention given to collections.
Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. J. L. THORNE, Banker. 43-tf

Attorneys.

ELI ROBINSON,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, Hastings, Minnesota. 13-tf

C. W. NASH. T. R. HUDDLESTON.
NASH & HUDDLESTON,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Corner of Sibley and Second streets, Hastings, Minn.

H. S. JENNINGS,

Attorney-at-Law. Office over A. M. Pett's drug store, Hastings, Minn.
June 30, 1863. 12-tf

A. M. HAYES. O. T. HAYES.
A. M. & O. T. HAYES,

Attorneys at Law, Vermillion street, near Second, Hastings, Minn.

S. SMITH. R. W. MONTGOMERY.
SMITH & MONTGOMERY.

Attorneys at Law, Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street, in Gardner's new Stone Block. 41-tf

P. HARTSHORN,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, Justice of the Peace, and Conveyancer. Office, on Ramsey street, over the Post Office, Hastings. 32

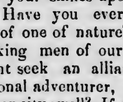
JNO. R. CLAGETT. F. M. CROSBY
CLAGETT & CROSBY,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Hastings Minnesota. Particular attention given to obtaining half-pay pensions for widows and minor children of deceased soldiers, invalid pensions by reason of disability incurred in the military service of the United States, and bounties and arrears of pay due relatives of deceased soldiers.
Hastings, Dec, 1, 1862. 34-tf

Physicians.

OTTO STANIS,

Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office on Second street, opposite Thorn, Norrish & Co's. Hastings.



H. O. MOWERS,

Surgeon Dentist, Hastings. Office—North side Second street, between Ramsey and Sibley, over Thorne & Norrish's store.

DR. J. E. FINCH,

Physician and Surgeon, Hastings, Minn. Office corner of Second and Sibley Streets, rear of Nash & Huddleston's law office.
Hastings, June 30, 1863. 12-tf

C. C. RIGHTER. Z. B. NICHOLS.
RIGHTER & NICHOLS,

Homeopathic Physicians, Hastings, Minn. Will attend promptly to all professional calls. Office over City Drug Store. 40-tf

Printing.

IRVING TODD,

Book and Job Printer, Second Street, Hastings, Minn. All kinds of plain and ornamental printing neatly and cheaply executed. The latest styles of type, cuts, and border on hand, and shall always keep up with the times. Particular attention given to orders from the country. Office over Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block.

Miscellaneous.

CHARLES B. LOWELL,

General Land Agent, Civil Engineer, and Deputy Co Surveyor of Dakota County.

P. B. COOK & CO.,

Auction and Commission Merchants, Hastings, Minn. Cash advanced on consignments. 16-tf

MRS. MARY TORRANCE,

Private Boarding House, has removed from Second Street to the stand formerly known as the City Hotel, Ramsey street, Hastings.

GEORGE KENNEDY,

Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, will attend promptly to all calls in his line. Ladies' hair cut and curled to order. Shop on Second Street, opposite Thorne & Norrish's.
Hastings, May 14th, 1863. 5-tf

WM. SMITH,

Carriage and Wagon Maker, corner Vermillion and Fourth streets, Hastings. I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage work in the best possible manner, and at short notice.

C. HALDEN

Painters and Paper Hangers, Shop, corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, Hastings, Minn. Carriage Painting done with neatness and dispatch.

CHARLES SCHROTH,

Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Meat. He would inform his old customers and all others, that he continues to keep the best and freshest meat of all sorts, at his old stand, one door below Edison Block. His customers will be sure to find everything all right. 22

GROFF & BAILEY,

Real Estate Agents, No. 134 Third Street, (under Thompson's Bank.) St. Paul, Minn. City and county property bought and sold. Collections made and taxes paid for non residents. Also will attend to collection of rents, renting houses and business property. 17-1y

JULIUS HOURIET

Offers the largest stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in town, which he will sell at lower prices than any other house. Repairing done of all kinds, and warranted for one year. Call in before purchasing elsewhere Shop on Ramsey Street, between 2d and 3d.
Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-1y

J. B. VANDERWERKER,

Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery Goods. Keeps constantly on hand Coarse and Fine Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Fly Netts, Horse Collars of extra quality. Particular attention paid to Repairing, on short notice. Carriages Trimmed in the latest style and finish. I would say to my customers that I am thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of their patronage. I will give them a better article and cheaper than they can buy in Minnesota.

MRS. MARY E. TAPLEY

Has just opened on Ramsey Street, at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bixby, a very choice and well selected stock of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this city and his vicinity. Having secured the services of a competent and fashionable milliner, and provided herself with the latest patterns, she is prepared to serve the ladies in millinery and dress making in the most approved and latest styles. Mrs. T. will keep her stock well replenished with such articles as may be called for in the market, and by employing none but the very best help, and a faithful attention to her business, she hopes to merit and receive the patronage of the public. 4-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.—WE are doing an auction and commission business in Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, and all kinds of property. We buy and sell goods on commission, loan and collect money, pay taxes for parties abroad, loan money on pledges, and advance money on property. We keep Watches, Jewelry, and Notions to sell the trade and pedlars. Business from the country promptly attended to. Auction sales every evening, special sales at 10 A. M. Second door from the Merchants' Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.
20-tf H. E. BAKER & Co.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP.

I HAVE just opened a new Blacksmith and Wagon Shop on the corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, where I am prepared to execute all kinds of work in my line, promptly, well, and as cheap as any body else. All who want a first rate wagon, or repairing, or blacksmithing of any sort, give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN STREET,
Hastings, June 17, 1862. 1y

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

GOOD NEWS TO THE INHABITANTS of Dakota and surrounding counties.

New Store in Hastings!

(Opposite the Tremont House.)

"This is the store ye long have sought,
And mourned because ye found it not."

JOHN H. MUES

Is now opening his large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting in part as follows:

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Yankee Notions, Etc., Etc.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as all the goods have been bought before the late advance, and I am willing to sell my articles for a very small profit. I would invite all to examine goods and prices. Remember

MUES' Cheap Cash Store.
Hastings, Sept. 29, 1863. 25-tf

THE NEW STORE.

DRAPER & BALLARD,

HASTINGS, MINN.,

Have opened in Exchange Block a large well selected assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

and solicit an examination of their goods and low prices.

We have in store

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SALT,
NAILS, GLASS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FARMING TOOLS, &c,

Our stock is large and complete, and will be sold at

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

We have made arrangements with Messrs. HARRISON to keep on hand a large supply of their excellent Flour
The celebrated Moline Plow for sale.
DRAPER & BALLARD.
May 1, 1863. 3-tf

1863. SPRING. 1863.

THORNE, NORRISH, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Again solicit public attention to their unusual large stock of new

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES, ETC.,
CROCKERY

all of which we have bought during the late panic in New York very low, and shall sell the same

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, would respectfully request a continuance of the same.

THORNE, NORRISH, & Co.
May 7th, 1863. 4-tf

GROCERIES, ETC.

W. D. FRENCH,

Wholesale & Retail

GROCER,

Union Block, - - Hastings, Minn

Having removed to the large new store two doors west of his old stand, will keep constantly on hand a

LARGE STOCK,

Which will be offered at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

Merchants, Farmers, and other purchasers are invited to call and examine his stock and prices.

W. D. FRENCH.
Sept. 15, 1863. 23-tf

BATCHELDER'S COLUMN.

Fall Goods. Winter Goods.

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

HASTINGS.

A

FRESH STOCK

OF

ALL KINDS.

[N. B. We have spent some months in the Eastern markets, taking great pains to secure the best qualities and styles. And having bought two large stocks (for Faribault and Hastings) before the late advance, have secured them at the lowest prices. We have also procured contracts for freight at about half the usual rates. These advantages enable us to offer our new goods at about Eastern prices.]

We are selling *best Prints*,	20c
Delaines,	20 @ 30c
Stripes and Denims,	25c
Ticks,	25c
Men's double-soled Boots,	$3 00
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 25
—— Balmoral Boots,	1 40
Good all wool Cassimeres,	1 25
Heavy Wool Long Shawls,	5 00
Men's Fur Caps,	1 50
Good warm Overcoats,	6 00

☞We sell only for Ready Pay.

☞Each article is plainly marked in figures its lowest and only price.

☞All goods sold by us are warranted as represented.

☞We have secured the services of attentive clerks, who will always deem it a pleasure to display their goods whether customers purchase or not.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

North & Carll's Old Stand, Hastings.

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings,
Denims, Stripes,
Cottonades, Ticks,
Cassimeres, Sattinettes,
Jeans, Doeskins,
Broadcloths, Cloakings,
Flannels, Lindseys,
Prints, Delaines,
Broche Velours,
Alpaccas, Merinoes,
Thibets, Plaids,
Silks, Worsteds,
Linens, Woolens,
Trimmings, Notions,
Hoods, Nubias,
Sontags, Shawls,
Skirts, Yarns,
Hose, Gloves,
Blankets, Table
Covers, Diaper,
Velvets, Crash,
Fancy Articles,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR LADIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MISSES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BOYS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BABIES.

From the finest Gaiters to the heaviest thick Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, and WARRANTED.

WINTER CLOTHING

OVER COATS,	UNDER COATS,
SACK COATS,	FROCK COATS,
LONG COATS,	SHORT COATS,
WOOKEN COATS,	COTTON COATS,
COARSE COATS,	FINE COATS,
HEAVY COATS,	LIGHT COATS,
MEN'S COATS,	BOY'S COATS.

ALL SORTS OF PANTS.
ALL SORTS OF VESTS.
ALL SORTS OF SHIRTS.
ALL SORTS OF DRAWERS.

Under Clothing for Everybody at

BATCHELDER'S.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Buckskin, Patna,
Kid, Woollen,
Cotton, Silk,
Cashmere, Otter,
Beaver, Nutria,
Seal, Sheep,
and Dog-Skin.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Lined and unlined, large and small, at

BATCHELDER'S.

HATS AND CAPS,

In great variety.

Fur, Cloth, Wool, Felt, Fine Otter and Beaver at

BATCHELDER'S.

HOSIERY.

Ladies', Miss's, and Children's, Woolen, Cotton, and Flucy Lined, Worsted, Cashmere, Merino, Colored and White,

HOSE.

Gent's home-made *WOOL SOCKS*, Gent's worsted, cotton, and cashmere half hose, at

BATCHELDER'S.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

New stock at

BATCHELDER'S.

HARDWARE.

Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cordage, Tools, Nails and Glass, Powder and Shot, House Trimmings, Shovels and Hoes, Spades and Forks, Chains and Traps. Axes, Butts and Screws, Etc., Etc., at

BATCHELDER'S.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Syrup, Spices, Fruits, Fish, Soap, Candles, Oil, Soda, Saleratus, Tobacco, Starch, Wooden Ware, etc., cheap for Cash, at

BATCHELDER'S.

Hastings, Oct. 6, 1863. 26-tf

THE CONSERVER.

Published every Tuesday Morning at

HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

Terms.

Single copy one year - - - -	$ 2 00
" " six months, - - - - -	1 00
" " three months, - - - - -	50
Five copies, to one address, - - - -	8 75
Ten " " " - - - - -	15 00
Twenty " " " and one to getter up of club, - - - - - -	30 00

Payment invariably in advance.

Address IRVING TODD, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

1 square	1 week	$1 00	2 squares	6 months	9 00
1 "	2 weeks	1 50	2 "	1 year	15 00
1 "	3 "	1 75	3 "	1 week	2 25
1 "	4 "	2 00	3 "	2 "	3 00
1 "	5 "	2 25	3 "	3 "	4 00
1 "	6 "	2 50	3 "	4 "	5 00
1 "	7 "	2 75	3 "	3 months	9 00
1 "	2 months	3 00	3 "	6 "	12 00
1 "	3 "	3 75	3 "	1 year	20 00
1 "	4 "	4 50	¼ col	6 months	15 00
1 "	5 "	5 25	¼ "	1 year	25 00
1 square	6 months	6 00	⅓ "	6 months	18 00
1 "	1 year	10 00	⅓ "	1 year	30 00
2 squares	1 week	1 75	½ "	6 months	25 00
2 "	2 "	2 50	½ "	1 year	40 00
2 "	3 "	3 00	¾ "	1 year	50 00
2 "	4 "	4 00	1 "	1 year	70 00
2 "	3 months	6 00			

One inch in space will be counted as a square of solid matter.

Business cards on second page, not exceeding seven lines, seven dollars per year; each additional line one dollar.

Legal advertisements inserted at the rates prescribed by statute, and attorneys ordering such advertisements will be held responsible.

Special notices 15 cents per line for first insertion and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements must be paid in advance —all others quarterly.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered, will be continued until they are ordered out, and charged accordingly.

Baby Sleeps.

The Baby wept;
The Mother took it from the Nurse's arms,
And hush'd its fears, and soothed its vain alarms,
And Baby sleeps.

Again it weeps;
And God doth take it from the Mother's arms—
From present griefs and future unknown harms,
And Baby sleeps.

—*London Athenæum.*

About Children.

The article in Harper's *Magazine* for October entitled Anti Herodism is an article full of tender regard for children. It is enough to annihilate the cruel (or facetious) gentleman, who at a small family party, toasted, "the memory of the good King Herod," and so we quote a few paragraphs indicative of the tone and spirit of the writer.

HOW THEY TREAT THEM.

Children—real, live, plump, jolly, rolypoly children—are as scarce as sensible grown up people. Little, thin, narrow-shouldered, angular, pale intellectualities are common enough. It is your healthy tom-boy that is the rarity. What woman ever was less delicate in soul and proud in heart because she tore her frocks and climbed trees when she was a child? Real, wild, childish romping, with ringing laughter and twinkling feet, merry dances, and family frolics—this is the stuff out of which wholesome manhood and womanhood is made. Children who are under conviction of sin at five years of age, die of brain disease, or live with hypochondria to tortment the life out of all around them. Sad is the family that has one or more of such. I don't doubt the mother of Gracchi was a sad romp, and I more than suspect Portia of immense tomboyhood. Such healthy natures could not have developed otherwise.

Pity and love the little children. Tolerate these pets. Comfort Nellie over her dead bird, and don't call Molly's "little white kitten" a "cat." It is enough to break a juvenile heart to have one's darlings snubbed. How would you like to hear your own Frederic Augustus called a "dirty young one." The little ones have their tragedies and comedies, and laugh and weep more sincerely than you do at Falstaff or Lear. They love, marry, keep house, have children, have weddings and funerals, and dig little graves for dead mice in the garden and mourn into small white handkerchiefs, and get brother Jim to write an appropriate inscription for its tiny head board. Is not this human nature in little, and in its small way, as deserving of a certain respect? You would not despise your own reflections in a concave mirror, you know.

No BETTER.—"Sam," said a minister to his man of all-work, "you must bottle the cask of whiskey this afternoon; but, if the vapor of the whiskey may be injurious, take a glass of it before you begin to prevent intoxication." Now Samuel was an old soldier, and never was in better spirits than when bottling whiskey; and, having received from his master a special license to taste, went to work most heartily. Some hours after the minister visited the cellar to inspect the progress, and was horrified to find Sam lying his full length on the floor, unconscious of all around. "Oh, Sam," said the master, "you have not taken my advice, and you see the consequences. Rise, Sam, and take a glass yet, it may restore you." Sam, nothing loth, took the glass, and having emptied it, said:—"Oh, sir, this is the thirteenth glass I've taken, but I'm no better."

BIBLE SCHOLARS.—An English school for poor children, having read in their chapter in the Bible the denumciation against hypocrites who "stain at a gnat and swallow a camel," were afterwards examined by the benevolent patroness Lady ——, as to their recollections of the chapter, "What, in particular, was the sin of the Pharisee children?" ask the lady. "Ating camels, my lady," was the prompt reply.

A late philosopher says: "Before people take the leap through the wedding ring, they should be quite certain that the blanket of connubial contentment is held tight on the other side."

Jerrold's notion of a wife at forty was, that a man should be able to change her like a bank note for two twenties.

HARDWARE.

ATTENTION EVERY BODY!

Buy Where You Can Buy Cheapest and get Good Articles.

If you want good hoes and forks, go to Thomas' Hardware Store.

If you want good scythes and snaths cheap, go to Thomas'.

HARDWARE,

If you want fine table and pocket cutlery, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want nails or iron cheap, go straight to Thomas', and no where else.

If you want any kind of tools cheap and good, go to Thomas.

If you want hatchets or axes of the best quality, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want kerosene oil cheap and good go to Thomas.

HARDWARE.

If you want stoves and tinware of the best quality and cheap as the cheapest, go to the cheap hardware store of John Thomas.

If you want locks, latches, butts and screws, or any kind of house trimmings, Thomas' is the place to buy.

If you want sheep shears, gopher traps, smooth irons, iron bench screws, augurs, augur bitts, hand bells, cow bells, or any article kept in a hardware store, go to Thomas' and get it cheap and of the best quality.

HARDWARE.

Try it and see if you cannot make money at it.

JOHN THOMAS.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

HARDWARE.

M. MC HUGH,

Dealer in

HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
STOVES, ETC.,

Corner of Second and Vermillion Streets, Hastings, Minnesota,

has on hand and is constantly receiving a general assortment and a full supply of

Iron,
Nails,
Tinware,
Glass,
Sash,
And
Putty,

Also the best stock of

CUTLERY

ever before exhibited in this market. These goods have been bought expressly for this trade, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

I am also agent for, and have on hand, the celebrated

STEWART COOKING STOVE,

known to be the best cooking stove manufactured.

Hastings, May 14, 1863, 5-tf

H. H. PRINGLE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Mechanics' Tools,

Building Materials,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, ETC

HASTINGS, MIN.

TIN,

SHEET IRON & COPPER W'K

ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

R. J. MARVIN,

Dealer in

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ETC., ETC.

On hand a large stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
COLORS,
GLASS, AND
PAINTERS'
STOCK GENERALLY.

Also

Garden and Field

SEEDS.

Please give me a call before purchasing. Try my goods and prices, which is a better test than *blowing*.

May 1, 1868. 3-tf

PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF

PRINTING

Neatly and Cheaply Executed

AT THE

CONSERVER OFFICE.

Cards,

Programmes,

Bill-Heads,

Circulars,

Posters,

Etc.,

Printed to Order and at

SHORT NOTICE.

Having received a choice supply of

NEW MATERIAL

from the East, am prepared to do

PLAIN AND FANCY WORK,

in styles to defy competition.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

IRVING TODD.

FURNITURE.

H. BUTTURFF,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY,

DOMESTIC WILLOW WARE,

CRIBS, HOBBY HORSES,

PROPELLERS, BABY-JUMPERS,

FEATHERS, PILLOWS, MATRESSES

COMFORTERS, WINDOW SHADES,

TABLE and FLOOR OIL CLOTH,

CARPETS, CURLED HAIR, etc. etc.

PARLOR FURNITURE,

Cane Seat and Common Chairs, Extention, Dining and Centre Tables, Rocking Chairs, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Tin Safes, Picture Frames and Looking glasses.

I keep employed the best of workmen, and manufacture to order, with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Coffins on hand and made to order.

Hastings, Nov. 20. 1862. 32-tf

THE LIVING AND THE DEAD CAN be supplied at

Herzog & Corson's

with all kinds of

Sash, Doors,
Blinds, Chairs,
Cabinet Ware,
Planing, Matching,
Sawing, Turning.
Etc., Etc.

Coffins of all kinds and styles, a large lot always on hand. Sole agents for

THE METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

Come and buy a good article cheap for cash or produce. Wood, Lumber, Pork, etc. taken in exchange for work.

Sale Rooms and Factory corner of Second and Eddy Streets, west of S. Roger's store. HERZOG & CORSON.

Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 38-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. VAN AUKEN. R. H. LANGLEY

VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,

STORAGE,

FORWARDING & COMMISS'N MERCHANTS,

Dealers in Produce, and Agents for

Threshing Machines and Reapers,

RAILROAD & STEAMBOAT

TICKET AGENTS.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - -	$100,000
NETT SURPLUS, - - - - -	$138,000

Dividends on capital limited by its charter to seven per cent per annum—the entire profits go to the policy holders.

R. W. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street in Gardner's new stone block. 42-1y

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

1863. THE 1863.

MILWAUKEE. WISCONSIN

Daily, Semi-Weekly, Weekly.

The proprietors of the *Wisconsin*, begs leave to announce that owing to increasing expenditures for Special Telegraphic and War Correspondence, together with various improvements in contemplation for the coming year, he has felt compelled to make some changes in the scale of prices at which it is furnished to subscribers. By comparison with the prices of other journals, it will be seen that the *Wisconsin* is still, as it ever has been, the cheapest paper in the North-West.

We shall continue to print the *Wisconsin* upon the plainest type and the finest paper that can be made, thus retaining the name of the "handsomest paper in the state."

The present proprietor has conducted the paper over fifteen years, and it is unnecessary for him to speak of his ability or enterprise as a Live Independent Newspaper. He will only say that his journal is faithfully pledged to the suppression of the rebellion and the destruction of the rebels in arms, by every means in the power of the Government, and to the most cordial and active support of the President in his Proclamation of Freedom.

Our list of correspondence embraces every regiment of Wisconsin soldiers, as well as the several grand divisions of the Union Army. The Local and Commercial Departments will receive the undivided attention of the most competent Editors and Reporters.

We call particular attention to the Semi-Weekly *Wisconsin*. It will be a large thirty-two column paper, without advertisements, made up expressly for country circulation. All matter of the Daily *Wisconsin* will appear in this sheet; thus the subscriber will receive all the news of a daily paper for the price of the semi-weekly.

DAILY WISCONSIN—BY MAIL.

Published every day (except Sundays,) at 9 A. M., 12 M,, and 3 P. M., at the following rates:

1 copy 12 months, in advance	$8 00
1 copy 6 months, "	4 00
1 copy 3 months, "	2 00

SEMI-WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Tuesday and Thursday morning, as follows:

1 copy 1 year, in advance	$3 00
1 copy 6 months, "	1 50
4 copies 1 year (in one order)	10 00
10 copies 1 year " "	22 50

Additional copies at the rate of the club, Specimen numbers sent to any address.

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Wednesday morning, and mailed every Tuesday evening.

1 copy 8 mos, in advance	$ 1 00
1 copy 1 year, "	1 50
10 copies 1 year, "	13 00
20 copies 1 year, "	25 00

Additional copies at the rate of the club.

An extra copy will be sent to persons getting up clubs of ten or more of the Weekly. Money in registered letters may be sent at our risk.

WM. E. CRAMER,

38-tf Milwaukee, Wis.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST, AND MOST successful Family Paper in the Union. A complete pictorial history of the times.

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

Splendidly illustrated. Price six cents a number—$3 00 a year.

Critical Notices of the Press.

Its fresh leaves, its clear type, its entertaining variety, its severe but just criticisms upon the follies of the times, its elegantly written and instructive articles, and its able correspondence, all combine to make it the model newspaper of our country, and one that every family must prize. Its condensed weekly summary of foreign and domestic intelligence is altogether superior to that contained in any other journal. Being published, too, in a form for preservation and binding, if taken care of as it deserves to be, it will be found in future years as welcome a companion for the family and fireside as the day on which it was first perused.—N. Y. Evening Post.

We would not so often call attention to Harper's Weekly if we were not well satisfied that it is the best family paper published in the United States, and for that reason, and that alone, we desire to see it undermine and root out a certain kind of literature too prevalent, which blunts the morals of its readers, vitiates their taste for sensible reading, and is already bad in its effects.—New London Advertiser.

Wherever we go—in rail cars and steamboats—we find it eized with eagerness, because of its spirited sketches of passing events. We all like to look at the faces of men we have read of, and at ships and forts that have figured in the bloody scenes of war. Of all such men and places and events this paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters and publishers are turned to dust.—N. Y. Evangelist.

TERMS.

One Copy for One Year,	$3 00
One Copy for Two Years,	5 00

An extra copy will be allowed for every club of ten subscribers, at $2 50 each, or 11 copies for $25.

Harper's Magazine and *Harper's Weekly* together, one year, $5 00. *Harper's Weekly* is electrotyped, and back numbers can be had at any time.

Vols. I., II., III., IV., V., and VI., for the years 1857 to 1862 inclusive, of *Harper's Weekly*, handsomely bound in cloth extra, price $4 38 each, are now ready. The postage upon *Harper's Weekly*, when paid in advance at the office where it is received, is twenty-six cents a year.

HARPER & BROTHERS,

48-tf Franklin Square, New York.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.—FOR the Farm, Garden, and Household. A thorough-going, reliable, and practical journal, devoted to the different departments of soil culture—such as growing field crops; orchard and garden fruits; garden vegetables and flowers; trees; plants, and flowers for the lawn or yard, care of domestic animals, etc., and to household labors. It has also an interesting and instructive department for children and youth, alone worth the cost of the paper. A full calendar of operations every month. Three to four hundred, or more, illustrative engravings appear in each volume. Over twelve hundred plain, practical, instructive articles and useful items, are given every year. The editors are all practical working men. The teachings of the Agriculturist are confined to no state or territory, but are adapted to the wants of all sections of the country—it is, as its name indicates, for the whole American Continent.

TERMS—INVARIBLY IN ADVANCE.

(For either the English or German Edition)

One copy, one year	$1 00
Six copies, one year	5 00

Ten or more copies one year 80 cents each.

Add to the above rates postage to Canada 6 cents; to England and France 24 cents; to Germany 36 cents. Postage anywhere in the United States and territories must be paid by the subscriber, and is only six cents a year, if paid in advance at the office where received. All business and other communications should be addressed to the editor and proprietor.

ORANGE JUDD,

41 Park-Row, New York City.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—The readers of the *Continental* are aware of the important position it has assumed, of the influence which it exerts, and of the brilliant array of political and literary talent of the highest order which supports it. No publication of the kind has, in this country, so successfully combined the energy and freedom of the daily newspaper with the higher literary tone of the first-class monthly; and it is very certain that the magazine has given wider range to its contributors, or preserved itself so completely from the narrow influences of party or faction. In times like the present, such a journal is either a power in the land or it is nothing. That the *Continental* is not the latter is abundantly evinced by what it has done—by the reflection of its counsels in many important public events, and in the character and power of those who are its staunchest supporters.

Though but little more than a year has elapsed since the *Continental* was first established, it has during that time acquired a strength and a political significance elevating it to a position far above that previously occupied by any publication of the kind in America. In proof of which assertion we call attention to the following facts:

1. Of its political articles republished in pamphlet form, a single one has had, thus far, a circulation of one hundred and six thousand copies.

2. From its literary department, a single serial novel, Among the Pines, has, within a very few months, sold nearly thirty-five thousand copies. Two other series of its literary articles have also been republished in book form, while the first portion of a third is already in press.

No more conclusive facts need to be alleged to prove the excellence of the contributions to the *Continental*, or their extraordinary popularity; and its conductors are determined that it shall not fall behind. Preserving all "the boldness, vigor, and ability" which a thousand journals have attributed to it, it will greatly enlarge its circle of action, and discuss, fearlessly and frankly, every principle involved in the great questions of the day. The first minds of the country, embracing the men most familiar with its diplomacy and most distinguished for ability, are among its contributors; and it is no mere flattering promise of a prospectus to say that this magazine for the times will employ the first intellect in America, under auspices which no publication ever enjoyed before in this country.

While the *Continental* will express decided opinions on the great questions of the day, it will not be a mere political journal: much the larger portion of its columns will be enlivened, as heretofore, by tales, poetry, and humor. In a word, the *Continental* will be found, under its new staff of editors, occupying a position and presenting attractions never before found in a magazine.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

Two copies for one year,	$ 5 00
Three copies for one year,	6 00
Six copies for one year,	11 00
Eleven copies for one year,	20 00
Twenty copies for one year,	36 00

Paid in advance. Postage 36 cents a year, to be paid by the subscriber. Single copies $3 a year, in advance. Postage paid by the publisher. 12-tf

JOHN F. TROW, 50 Greene St., N.Y., Publisher for the Proprietors.

ONLY $1 25 A YEAR IN CLUBS OF 4.

Arthur's Home Magazine,

For 1863. Vols. XXI. and XXII. Edited by T. S. Arthur and Virginia F. Townsend. Contains novelets, stories, poetry, fashions, steel and wood engravings, needlework patterns in great variety, a mother's department, children's department, housekeeper's and health departments, with literary reviews, and all the accessories of a first-class magazine.

The Lady's Book bears this flattering testimony to the character of Arthur's Home Magazine:

"As we have often before said, it is, without controversy, the best $2 magazine published in the country; and this is the strongly outspoken testimony everywhere given by the press. We know of no periodical that so well deserves the praise bestowed. The editors never tire in their endeavors to give each month a rich and varied literary repast to their readers. Their work is kept fully up to the standard of their promise, is never dull, yet always full of instruction. We have often said, and repeat it again, that it should make a part of the reading of every household. We know of no better educator of the people, young and old. Of the editors we need not speak; their names are household words all over the country. In their hands no periodical can fail to reach the highest point of excellence."

A new serial by T. S. Arthur will be commenced in the January number entitled Out in the World.

Rare and elegant premiums are sent to all who make up clubs: 1. A large photographic copy of that splendid engraving Shakspeare and his Cotemporaries. 2. A large photographic copy from an engraving of Huntington's celebrated picture Mercy's Dream. 3. A similar copy of Herring's Glimpse of an English Homestead.

TERMS.—$2 a year in advance and one premium plate. Two copies $3. Three for $4. Four for $5. Eight and one to getter up of club for $10. One of the premium plates is sent to every getter up of a club, small or large. Three red stamps must be sent to pay the postage on each premium. Address

T. S. ARTHUR & CO.,

323 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE INDEPENDENT, EDITED BY Henry Ward Beecher, is a religious newspaper, and a real newspaper. It affords its readers fair and thoughtful editorial discussions of the most important facts and occurrences and interests of this nation and of the world. A comprehensive record of facts, men and movements of the religious world. A full and careful weekly history of the progress of the rebellion. Ample chronicles of the important general news; home and foreign. Fair and careful accounts of new books; made on the express principle of serving as a safe guide to buyers. Interesting correspondence from Washington; from the West; from the army; from abroad. Six columns a week of carefully selected matter for family reading: being prose and poetry, suited to interest both the old people and the young people. A full chronicle of the progress of business and of the currant prices of merchandise, produce and live stock in New York City

ONE SERMON EVERY WEEK

By Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. The following eminent writers are special contributers to its columns:—

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe,
Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler,
Rev. Robert M. Hatfield,
Rev. George B. Cheever,
Horace Greely,
Bayard Taylor,
John G. Whittier.

TERMS.—$2 per annum, paid in advance. Specimen numbers sent gratis.

JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher,

No. 5 Beekman Street, New York.

For sale by news agents.

PATENT MEDICINES.

DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS ARE NOT TO BE EXCELLED AS A STOMACHIC AND *Regulator* OF THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

These Bitters

are not offered to the public as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to," but as a remedial agent—a great regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever,
Fever and Ague,
Liver Complaint,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Jaundice,
Kidney Complaints,

and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters

are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them

Highly Tonic.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

are the poor man's friend.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

are the rich man's Solace and Comfort.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

invigorate the weak and debilitated.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

drive away melancholy and make Life enjoyable.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters

are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a fac-simile. The label is finely engraved, and is provided with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, to whom all orders should be addressed.

FOR SALE BY

A. M. Pett, Hastings, J. R. Tinkcom, Mankato, W. H. McCollum, Mankato, and by druggists and merchants generally throughout the United States, Canadas and Brazil.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs Woolens, etc., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, etc. Put up in 25c, 50c, and $1 00 Boxes. Bottles, and Flasks. $$3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, etc.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.

☞Sold by all druggists and retailer. every where.

☞Beware! of all worthless imitations.

☞See that COSTAR'S name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask before you buy.

☞Address HENRY R. COSTAR.

☞Principal depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.

☞Sold by A. M PETT,

Wholesale and Retail Agent.

51-10m Hastings, Minn.

FRED. B. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES

CURTISS & COWLES,

DEALERS IN

Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc., Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 19, 1868. 45-tf

THE CONSERVER.

General Orders No. 73.

GEN'L HEDQ'RS, STATE OF MINNESOTA,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 12, 1863.

Authority having been obtained from the War Department to organize a regiment of Cavalry to take the place of the 1st Regiment Mounted Rangers, whose term of enlistment will soon expire, to serve for three years or during the war, the commander in-chief of the military forces of the state, confident that our citizens will not prove second in devotion to those of any other state, and will perceive the necessity of sufficiently protecting our people against the savages who have spread death and desolation over our frontier settlements, hereby directs the organization of a regiment of cavalry, to be designated as "The First Regiment of Cavalry Minnesota Volunteers," to serve for the period above named.

All men recruited for this regiment before the commencement of the draft now ordered, will be credited to the state on that draft.

An early organization of the regiment being necessary, it is recommended that the several counties form at once military committees for the purpose of encouraging enlistments and assisting in the immediate organization of the regiment.

The regiment will be organized as follows:

TWELVE COMPANIES OR TROOPS.

1 Colonel,
1 Lieutenant Colonel,
3 Majors,
1 Surgeon,
2 Assistant Surgeons,
1 Regimental Adjutant (extra Lieut.)
1 Regimental Quartermaster (an extra Lieut.)
1 Regimental Commissary (an extra Lieut.)
1 Chaplain,
1 Veterinary Surgeon,
1 Sergeant Major,
1 Quartermaster Sergeant,
1 Commissary Sergeant,
2 Hospital Stewards,
1 Saddler Sergeant,
1 Chief Trumpeter.

COMPANY OR TROOP OF CAVALRY.

1 Captain,
1 First Lieutenant,
1 Second Lieutenant,
1 First Sergeant,
1 Quartermaster Sergeant,
1 Commissary Sergeant,
5 Sergeants,
8 Corporals,
2 Trumpeters,
2 Farriers or blacksmiths,
1 Saddler,
1 Wagoner, and
60 Privates—minimum,
78 Privates—maximum.

All companies and parts of companies raised under this order will report at Fort Snelling, Minnesota.

Subsistence and lodging of recruits from the time of their enlistment and prior to their muster into service, will be paid by the General Government at a rate not exceeding forty cents per day.

Necessary transportation of recruits will be paid for at the current rates of stage and steamboat fare.

One Second Lieutenant for each company in said regiment, will be appointed and mustered into the United States service, who shall have authority to muster in recruits as they are enlisted. If any recruit shall be enlisted by such officer, who shall afterwards, on medical inspection, prove to have been obviously unfit for the service at the time of his enlistment, all expenses caused thereby shall be paid by such officer, to be stopped against him from any payment that may be coming to him from the government thereafter. Any officer thus appointed and mustered shall only be entitled to be paid on the muster and pay roll of his company, and should he fail to secure an organized company within such reasonable time as may be specified in his letters of appointment, his men may be transferred to some other company, his appointment be revoked and be discharged without pay, unless it should be deemed proper to give him a position in the consolidated company to which his men have been transferred; articles of enlistment, as in the regular army, will be made out in trilicate by such recruiting officers, one copy of which will be sent to the Adjutant General of the state, one to the Adjutant of the regiment, and one will be kept by the recruiting officer.

Recruits will be sent to the regiment at rendezvous at Fort Snelling, at least as often as once a week, when they will be immediately examined by the Surgeon of the regiment or Post Surgeon, and if found unfit for duty by reason of permanent disability, will be discharged from service forthwith by the Surgeon, who will report such discharges to the Adjutant General of the state and also to the Adjutant of the regiment, nothing particularly those cases where the disability was obvious at the time of enlistment.

The muster-in rolls of each company will be made out by the Adjutant of the regiment from a list to be furnished by the Adjutant General of the state together with the articles of enlistment furnished him by the recruiting officer, and will note upon it the names of all persons discharged by the surgeon for permanent disability, designating particularly those cases where the disability was apparented at the time of enlistment.

Recruiting officers appointed and commissioned under these orders, are hereby ordered to forward to these headquarters, at least once a week, the articles of enlistment of the men recruited by them during the proceeding week.

The commissions of officers who fail to comply strictly with these orders will be immediately revoked.

A premium of two dollars will be paid by the United States for each accepted recruits who volunteers for said regiment.

There will be paid also in advance, besides one month's pay to each recruit the sum of twenty-five dollars, being one fourth of the amount of bounty allowed by law, and payment to be made upon the mustering of each company, to which such recruits belong, into the service of the United States.

By order of the Commander-in Chief.
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General.

By Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.

The returns from Iowa are coming in slowly, but the indications are that Col Stone is elected governor.

Davenport township gives Stone 760 majority against 130 last year. In Scott Stone's majority will reach 1.200. Pottawattomie County gives 200. Jasper County 400, and Polk County 150 majority for Stone. Des Moines City 44 majority for Tuttle, Keokuk 125 majority for Stone, and Cedar Rapids 225 majority for Stone. Dubuque City gives republican candidate for sheriff 62 majority. County probably gone democratic.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct 14.

Elections returns, so far as heard from, in this state for county officers show large union gains. This city gives a union majority of 2,100 against 600 of last year.

No war news of startling importance; nothing further from Meade or Rosecrans.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.

Voting is proceeding quietly. Indications are that it will be the largest vote cast since 1860.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.

Scattering returns have been received which compared with previous votes show union gains. Providence Borough Curtin 92 majority; gain 21. Plymouth Borough Curtin 100 majority; gain 66. Bloomington and Columbus Curtin 87 majority; gain 130. West Pittsfield and Luzerne Counties 130 gain for Curtin.

Forney's *Press* figures up Curtin's maj. 2,1787, with forty-one counties to hear from, which in 1860 gave 10,362 maj. for Curtin.

CINCINNATI, Oct 13.

Brough's estimated majority in the state is 60,000. The soldiers' vote will increase it to 100,000. Gilbert's Brigade Brough, 1,500, Vallandigham 22; 14th Regiment Brough 4 0, Vallandigham 22; troops at Charleston, Va., Brough 2,733, Vallandigham 50; 10th Brough 850, Vallandigham 18; Ohio troops at Buchanan Brough 730; Vallandigham none; 12th Regiment Brough 450, Vallandigham none; 23d Regiment Brough 484, Vallandigham nix; Col. White's Brigade Brough 1,250, Vallandigham 8; Ohio men in 7th Virginia Regiment Brough 276, Vallandigham nary.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 13.

Sickles, Brough, and others addressed a large crowd last night. The meeting was considered the finest ever held here. Dayton Borough gives Brough 267 majority, gain of 194. Brough will carry the county by about 200 majority. Lucas County Brough 1,500 majority. Wood County Brough 11,000 majority. Washington County Brough 500 majority. Summit County Brough 2,200 majority.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 14.

Home vote 130 counties gives Brough 49,216 maj.; gain 37,932.

DAVENPORT, Oct. 13.

Midnight.—Returns from this county not all in. It is estimated this county will go 1,200 republican majority. Including soldier's vote, Davenport city and township gives Col. Stone, rep., for governor, 760 maj.

In Muscatine nnion majority in county will be about 250 to 300; Cedar Rapids 13. Union majority in this township will be over 225.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 14.

Steamer transport Falko, Charleston 10th, arrived. She had in tow gunboat Midgee for repairs, which sunk off Frying Pan shoals on Sunday last. Crew all saved.

On the night of the 5th rebels attempted to destroy the Ironsides by approaching her in small steamer, striking Ironsides on side amidships. Concussion tremendous, knocking down bulwarks and injuring one man. Hulk of Ironsides uninjured. Enemy's steamer badly damaged, and several of her men were knocked overboard and drowned. Night of the 6th another attempt was made, but the rebels were discovered and driven off. The citizens of Charleston offer heavy rewards for the destruction of the Ironsides, and active operations expected daily.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.

Times' Special.—All baggage of the Army of the Potomac removed to the rear, and the army is stripping for fight. Meade's position yesterday morning was on the north bank of the Rappahannock, his right flank resting on the east slope of Bull Run Mountain. Since then, however, he has fallen back to the neighborhood of Manassas plain. Lee's whole army have crossed the Rappahannock and were yesterday pressing our rear. A battle this morning considered imminent. Our trains last night were all at Centreville.

LATER, 11 A. M.—Rumors are rife that a general engagement began at day light this morning on the old Bull Run battleground. Rumor is that the command of the Army of the Potomac is to be changed. Gen. Meade has been compelled to give place to some other man. His removal from command said to have been determined on. His successor is said to be Maj. Gen. Sickles.

The expedition against the Ironsides was one prompted by desperate citizens of Charleston deprived of the necessaries of life, and unless the harbor can be forced so as to admit vessels laden with supplies most serious consequences must ensue.

Time's Washington dispatch says many rumors to-night exist in Washington and among other improbable stories is one that Baltimore & Ohio railroad was destroyed by raid by the rebels at Martinsburg.

The following dispatch was received at this bureau this evening from N. P. Smith, master of transportation Baltimore and Ohio railroad, effectually strangles one at least of the absurd reports now in circulation: There is no foundation for the report that our line has been cut nor has there been any reason to believe it will be. Our trains, both passenger and freight, are running as usual.

The confederate war department has made two new independent departments of North Carolina. Gen. Whiting has been assigned to command of Cape Fear region, while balance of the state is under command of Maj. Gen. Pickett. Gen. Heintzleman has been relieved, and Gen. Auger temporarily assigned to command.

Special to World.—It is generally believed that our army will take up with center resting on the Alexandria railroad at or about Cattle's Stattion. Falling back to this point has been for some time talked about, if not determined at headquarters. Recent engagements on the Rapidan, in which a regiment of New York cavalry was badly cut up and a large portion of the 123 regiment taken prisoners, illustrates the inexpediency of so lengthened front as line of the Rapidan.

Cattle's Station is some distance this side of Warrenton Junction, near which Gen. Mead had his headquarters previous to late advance to Culpepper.

Herald's Dispatch.—It is not true as reported in several New York journals that government has any intention to volunteering. The draft it is conceded has not raised so many men as expected, and it has also proved to be very costly; but now the machinery is in working order all over the North. The administration believes it is the easiest way to secure men. Military authorities, after all that has been said, are still of the opinion that the draft is the cheapest and most expedient way of securing an army, and besides distributing more evenly the burdens of war among the whole population.

Letters to *Tribune* contain the following: Wagner, Oct. 8.—To-day has been a severe one at Wagner, more so than any other we have experienced since its occupation by our forces. One shell exploded in doorway of a Bomb proof, killing 1 and wounding 25.

Oct. 9.—Fort Moultrie and Sumter fire continually at working parties in Wagner and Gregg. They have exact range and throw shot and shell with deadly effect. They have been practicing to fire almost simultaneously so as to make the cover of our men less available. Our Bomb proofs prevented our men from most of the missiles but occasionally one takes effect. One of our 200 pounder batteries that has been silent for a week re opened this morning on forts Sumter and Johnston.

Oct. 10.—Fort Johnston is again silenced. Our batteries dismounted their guns yesterday.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 15.

Reliable returns come slowly. Curtin's majority is certainly 15 to 20,000.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. PRATT & CO.,
Dealers in
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Tailor's Trimmings.
Also, Hats, Caps, and Gents'
FURNISHING GOODS.
Hastings, Minn., May 14, 1863. 5-tf

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, MANUFACturers of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, New York.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces considerably over four thousand different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz:

72 Major-Generals, 525 Statesmen,
190 Brig.-Generals, 127 Divines,
259 Colonels, 116 Authors,
84 Lieut.-Colonels, 30 Artists,
207 Other Officers, 112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers, 46 Prominent Women,
147 Prominent Foreign Portraits.
2.500 COPIES OF WORKS OF ART,

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1 80, and sent by mail *free.*

Photographic Albums.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50.

Our Albums have the reputation of being superior to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of Sterescopes & Sterescopic Views.

Our Catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
501 Broadway, New York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

Fine Albums made to order for congregations to present to their p stor, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions.
17-6mo

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.
Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Haine's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Scythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.

Hastings, May 14, 1863, 5-tf

THE GREAT

American Tea Company,

51 Vesey Street, New York,

since its organization has created a new era in the history of wholesaling teas in this country. They have introduced their selections of teas, and are selling them at not over

Two Cents (.02 Cents) per Pound above Cost,

never deviating from the one price asked. Another peculiarity of the company is that their tea taster not only devotes his time to the selection of their teas as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country, but he helps the tea buyer to chose out of their enormous stock such teas as are best adapted to his particular wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable advantage a tea buyer has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of tea or the market—if his time is valuable—he has all the benefits of a well organized system of doing business, of an immense capital, of the judgment of a professional tea taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen. This enables all tea buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York merchants.

Parties can order teas and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure to get original packages, true weight and tares; and the teas are warranted as represented. We issue a price list of the company's teas, which will be sent to all who order it, comprising

Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial Gunpowder, Twankay and Skin, Oolong, Souchong, Orange, and Hyson Pekoe.

Japan Tea of every description, colored and uncolored. This list has each kind of tea divided into four classes, namely: Cargo, high Cargo, Fine, Finest, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the company are determined to undersell the whole tea trade.

We guarantee to sell all our teas at not over *Two Cents* per pound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have heretofore been paying enormous profits.

GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
Importers and Jobbers,
26-3m 51 Vesey Street, New York.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street Philadelphia, P. By order of the Director

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all family sewing machines yet offered to the public. No other family sewing machine has so many useful appliances for hemming, binding, felling, tucking, gathering, guaging, braiding, embroidering, cording, etc. No other family sewing machine has so much capacity for so great a varietyof work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our family sewing machine most reliable and most durable and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our family sewing machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding case of the family machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substanstial table to sustain the work. While ome of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superior manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the family machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality

Send for a pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
458 Broadway. New York.

St. Paul Office, 250 Third Street.

Milwaukee Office, No 17 Newhall House.

J. N. Bill agent in Hastings. 20-tf

FINKLE & LYON'S

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock-stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread or loop-stitch machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, etc., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of Machine whatever!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident it is readily replaced.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

Please call and examine, or send for circular.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,

FINKLE & LYON S. M. Co.,
17-1y No. 538 Broadway,
New York.

RAILROADS.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

The old reliable and

DIRECT ROUTE,

via Dunleith. Express passenger trains leave Dunleith morning and evening making quick time and close connections to all points

EAST AND SOUTH.

No change of cars between Dunleith and Chicago. Elegant sleeping cars attached to night trains. Baggage checked through to all important points. Fare lower to southern points than any other railroad line, and as low to eastern cities as the lowest.

This is the only direct route to

St. Louis and Cairo,

and passengers will arrive at these points from eighteen to twenty-four hours quicker than by any route through Chicago.

Freight transported to Milwaukee, Chicago, or points South and East at as low rates and as quick time guaranteed as by any other route from the Mississippi River.

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen. Pass. Agt., Chi.
W. R. ARTHUR, Gen. Supt. Chicago.
J. S. TILDESLY, Gen. Western Agent.

Inquire for tickets by Illinois Central Railroad.

SAMUEL ROGERS, JR., Agent,
Cor. Vermillion and 2d Streets,
16-3m Hastings, Minn.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT,

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M, and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The change from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,
9-tf Agents, on Levee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1862, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App.val. pr acre.	App val.of improve'ts
DOUGLASS.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
MARSHAN.					
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
RANDOLPH—HAMPTON.					
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
INVER GROVE.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
VERMILLION.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
WATERFORD.					
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
CASTLE ROCK.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	232 50
EMPIRE CITY.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 25	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 25	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	371 25
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	359 50
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ROSEMONT.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	6 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	50 00
sw qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	73 50
se qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	
EUREKA.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	405 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	30	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	118 00
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	42 00
nw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	147 00
sw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	26	113	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
LEBANON.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
EAGAN.					
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
MENDOTA.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	34	28	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App.val.of pr acre.	App val.of improve'ts
lot 6, 10.09a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lots 7 & 10.10a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4. 10 30a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.83a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15. 3.46a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10 80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1. 8.86a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16. .71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 20a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.2a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.84a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8. 9.30a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.13a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.66a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	114	16	8 00	
HASTINGS.					
lot 2, 10a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 3, 9 71a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 8. 5 25a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 13, 3.65a ne qr	36	115	17	9 00	
INVER GROVE.					
lot 7. 10.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8 14 21a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 9. 19.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 10, 9 97a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 11, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 13, 9.98a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 14, 9 95a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 15, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 16, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10.21a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 15a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 19.58a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10 09a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10.03a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 9 79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 9.79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1 10 29a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 42a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 13 14a se qr	10	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10.33a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10 27a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 19.58a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lots 5,8 9 ne qr	16	27	22	6 50	
lots 6,7 ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 10,11,12 ne qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 1—12 inc se qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 13—16 inc ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 16 nw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lot 9 nw qr	16	27	22	5 00	
lot 10	16	27	22	5 50	
lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 15 sw qr	16	27	22	5 00	
lots 13,14,16 sw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
WEST ST. PAUL.					
lot 1 ne qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 2, 5 50a se qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 3, 11.15a se qr	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 5, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 7, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 8, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 9, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 10, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lot 12, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 13, 4 07a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 14, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lots 2—14 inc 10a sw qr	16	28	22	6 00	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser, if interest at seven per cent per annum is annually paid in advance.

Interest to the first day of June, 1864, must be paid at the time of purchase.

Persons purchasing land upon which other parties have made improvements will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of his improvements, one half to be paid at the time of the sale and the balance six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent per annum.

In case the person occupying or improving the land has damaged the same the appraised amount of damage will be deducted from his improvements, and when the occupant is the purchaser the damage will be added to the price of the land.

No lands will be sold for less than the appraised value.

Purchase money payable in specie and legal tender notes. CHAS. McILRATH.
22-td Commissioner of State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS DEfault has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, executed by Alexander Rey and Elizabeth Rey, his wife, both of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, to *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, both of Bennington, in the county of Bennington and state of Vermont, which said mortgage was acknowledged on the said 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, 1857, at 12 o'clock at noon, in Book D of mortgages, on pages 291 and 292, by which said mortgage the said Alexander Rey and Elizabeth, his wife, granted, bargained, sold, and conveyed unto the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, forever, all those certain tracts or pieces of land, lying and being in said county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot no 4 in section no. twenty-two (22), and lot no. 4 in section no. twenty three (23), all in township no. twenty eight (28), range no. twenty two (22), together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining, which said mortgage was given to secure to the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, the payment of the sum of thirty-three hundred (3300) dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of a certain mortgage bond, given by said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley to said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, payable in one year from the date thereof, with interest thereon payable semi-annually at the rate of thirty per cent per annum, and five per cent a month after due upon both principal and interest, and bearing even date with said mortgage. And whereas there is now claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, on said bond and mortgage the sum of five thousand eight hundred and eighty (5880) dollars. And whereas a suit at law was commenced and a judgment recovered on said bond against the said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley, defendants, and in favor of the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, plaintiffs, in the district court for the second judicial district of the state of Minnesota, in the county of Ramsey, which judgment was docketed in said county of Ramsey on the 19th day of March, 1859, and whereas an execution was issued on said judgment to the sheriff of said county of Ramsey and by him returned wholly unsatisfied, and whereas nothing has ever been paid on said bond or on said judgment—

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court-house in Hastings, in said county of Dakota, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1863, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, by the sheriff of said county of Dakota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said bond and mortgage, together with the costs of such sale so far as the proceeds of said sale will satisfy the same.

Dated at St. Paul, Sept. 21, 1863.
HORACE SMITH.
SAMUEL F. HARRIS,
25-7w Mortgagees.
H. Hale, Atty. for Mortgagees.

WINONA AND HASTINGS

MARBLE WORKS.

The subscriber would respectfully give notice to the people of Hastings and elsewhere that he has constantly on hand the largest stock of Foreign and American Marbles ever brought west of Lake Michigan, consisting of all kinds of

LARGE SPIRE MONUMENTS,
SKELETON MONUMENTS,
GRAVE STONES, MANTELS,
FURNITURE MARBLE, ETC.,

which he will finish to order in the most approved styles and for the lowest cash price. Parties wishing to purchase will do well to wait till my agent comes around or to write to me, before purchasing elsewhere. C. J. ALDRACH.

Shop opposite the court house, Winona, and on Second Street, below Tyler, Hastings, Minn. 18-tf

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon,

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel

HASTINGS, MINN.

State Library

THE HASTINGS CONSERVER.

VOLUME III.---NO. 29. HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1863. $2 00 PER YEAR.

THE CONSERVER.

BY IRVING TODD.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1863.

Single copies of the CONSERVER may be obtained at this office, or at the Bookstore. Price Five Cents.

Republican Union Ticket.

For Governor,
STEPHEN MILLER,
of Stearns County.

For Lieutenant Governor,
CHARLES D. SHERWOOD,
of Fillmore County.

For Secretary of State,
DAVID BLAKELY,
of Olmsted County.

For Auditor of State,
CHARLES McILRATH,
of Nicollet County.

For State Treasurer,
CHARLES SCHEFFER,
of Washington County.

For Attorney General,
GORDON E. COLE,
of Rice County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court.
GEORGE F. POTTER,
of Houston County.

Union County Ticket.

For Senator,
N. N. THOMPSON.

For Representatives,
P. VAN AUKEN.
S. C. HOWELL.

For Treasurer,
D. B. TRUAX.

For Sheriff,
H. J. TAYLOR.

For Judge of Probate,
I. M. RAY.

For Register of Deeds,
H. A. MONSER.

For District Attorney,
R. W. MONTGOMERY.

For Surveyor,
C. B. LOWELL.

For Coroner,
P. HARTSHORN.

For Commissioner—2d District,
HENRY SPRAGUE.

For Commissioner—3d District.
JOSIAH BURWELL.

The Candidates for Representatives.

We have said, heretofore, but little in reference to the opposing candidates now in the field, for the simple reason that we knew very little of them, and were unwilling to speak unadvisedly. In a recent canvass through the county we have acquired some information, which is believed to be reliable.

Mr. Guiteau, of West St. Paul, and Mr. Ackley, of Lakeville, are the democratic nominees. The former is a well known financial operator in St. Paul, where all his interests are. The only reason of his being in this county is that living is much cheaper than across the river; consequently, like a shrewd money man as he is, he avails himself of this pecuniary advantage. But the mere fact of his being for the time a resident of the county gives him no claims to represent it in the state legislature, which he could not really do, for where a man's treasure is, there is his heart also, as we are told in the good book. And his business is clearly in St. Paul, in another county, and there is where he properly belongs. Another great objection to him is that he is strongly opposed to the homestead law of the state, and contends that if a man owes a debt he should not be allowed any exemption whatever.

Mr. Ackley is a man of little or no education, and of quite moderate abilities. Why he was ever nominated we cannot conceive. The democratic party must evidently be short of material to take up with so weak a candidate. There is no hopes, however, of his election.

Mr. Howell, one of the union candidates, is an honest, upright, straightforward man, and one who is identified with the interests and prosperity of the whole county. We have visited him and his neighborhood, and know where of we affirm. For integrity and sound common sense, there is not his superior in the field for any position. His neighbors in Greenvale and vicinity will show by their votes, better than any thing we can say, the estimation in which he is held by those who know him.

P. Van Auken, of Hastings, is the other nominee. A prompt business man, accommodating and obliging, he is well known to many of our citizens in town as well as county. Thoroughly imbued with the natural interests which one takes in his own town and surroundings, he feels, nevertheless, a deep solicitude for the welfare of the whole county, and, if elected, as we confidently expect he will be, he will see that they are well looked after.

Voters of this county, see to it that your ballots are cast for the best men. Vote the union ticket, and, take our word for it, you will never regret it.

Afraid of the Truth.

It is pitiable to see the twists and contortions practiced by the democratic leaders of this town to avoid the discussion last night. They chuckled hugely when Teutonia Hall was engaged by the panorama, and were enormously outraged when we hired and prepared the other. And then their speaker, after begging piteously for McCarty to take his place, threw up to us that the democrats would leave, which they did. The inference, plain to every unprejudiced mind, is clear. *They were afraid to let their party hear the discussion.*

Look to Your Ballots.

Voters should look well to their tickets before depositing them at the polls. The opposition will use every dodge and trick to win their ends, and this is a common one—circulating split tickets. Compare them carefully with the names at the head of these columns, and you will be sure of having them right. "A word to the wise" etc.

It is gratifying to see the position taken by the patriotic Germans of this county. Disdaining to be classed among those who are disloyal to their government, they are rallying to the support of the Union Ticket by scores. Truly the democratic candidates may say with Othello, "Our occupation's gone."

Judges of election must bear in mind that the law requires them to call at their several post-offices for the soldier's votes which may be directed to them, on the day previous to such election, and they are required to receive the same on the oath taken before the commissioners, whether they be registered or not.

It may be interesting to our readers to know that D. F. Langley, democratic candidate for state senator in this county, takes three copies of the Chicago *Times*, and was actively instrumental in making up a club for that delectable sheet soon after its suppression by Gen. Burnside. *Prima facie* evidence of his loyalty!

We have been over a large portion of our county the past week, and know whereof we affirm. Like the Queen of Sheba, the half had not been told us. The Union Ticket is meeting with a hearty support at the hands of the people, and will be triumphantly elected by a respectable majority. They say they will not be humbugged any longer.

Seagrave Smith, candidate for judge of probate, claims that he is the real author of the Robertson Resolution, voted down at their late democratic state convention. If that is the fact, he is terribly backslidden. There is too much copper about him now to be endorsed by the people. I. M. Ray will be our next judge. Mark that.

Mr. Smith, in one of his recent speeches, says that a majority of our soldiers are democrats. It seems to us, if such is the case, that they vote very queer. As an instance, the portion of Company F, 5th Minn. Regt., now at Princeton, gave them only *two* votes out of fifty-two. We approve of *such* democracy.

How is It?

Mr. Smith, in his speech last night, said that the leaders of the republican party were disunionists, and he would prove it. If he did not, by fair and honorable means, we might consider him insane. Well, he did *not*.

Let every exertion be made on the part of the friends of the Union cause to get out the voters. We can and must carry the county, but to do it requires every vote. Bring them out.

A MASKED SHARPSHOOTER.—At one of our pickets and posts a sharpshooter had annoyed the men for some time, and no one could find his whereabouts. At last one of the men thought he saw a small cedar tree move. The boys laughed at him, but he blazed away and down came the bush. On examination they found that a rebel had stuck cedar boughs into his boots and belt, so that he looked just like a tree a little way off. A sharp game, but fatal to Mr. Rebel.—*Cor. Cleveland Herald.*

The Discussion.

FIRST NIGHT.

At Lewiston.—J.R. Jones appointed chairman. Mr. Jennings having the floor, opened with a strong argument to prove that whatever may be the sentiments of the masses of the democratic party, it, as an organization, is a disloyal one. Mr. Smith not only denied this, but attempted to prove by reading extracts from the New York *Standard* and other journals of that ilk—which are as orthodox republican as the *Independent* or *Tribune* are democratic—that the great republican union party, the only support of the administration, is disloyal to the government. He also stated that a majority of the officers and men who responded to the President's first call were democrats. Mr. Jennings closed by reading extracts from democratic state convention resolutions and from leading men in that party to show that they were not hearty supporters of the government, but quite to the contrary. His closing was an able effort, and very satisfactory to the audience.

SECOND NIGHT.

At Greenvale.—S. C. Howell, chairman. Mr. Smith opened by repudiating the acts and sayings of Wood, Merrick, Vallandigham, and others, and stated that they were repudiated by the mass of the democratic party. He repeated his assertion of the previous night that a majority of the army were democrats, and that it could be proved by documents. Mr. Jennings followed by showing *how* the democratic party repudiated these semi-traitors: by *electing or trying to elect them to office*, as in the case of the Woods in New York, Vallandigham in Ohio, Mahony in Iowa, etc. He observed if the soldiers, or a majority of them, were democrats, why were they afraid of letting them vote, and why in those states where the democracy were in power, as in New York, they were refused the privilege of the elective franchise? Also challenged his opponent to produce a single democratic state conventional platform which declared itself unqualifiedly in favor of the prosecution of the war.

Mr. Smith answered by demanding Mr. Jennings to produce a single democratic platform which contained disloyal sentiments, and closed with his favorite argument against Sumner's article on Our Domestic Relations, which he pronounced disloyal and unconstitutional, predicting that it would cause, and has already created, a great division in the republican party.

THIRD NIGHT.

At Castle Rock.—Mr. Jennings opened with an eloquent and vivid description of the beauties and excellencies of this great government and country, and the black hearted treachery which prompted its attempted overthrow by the South. He read extracts from leading democrats to show the aid and comfort they and their party were affording the enemy, and maintained had they acted with us the rebellion would have been put down long ago. Mr. Smith endorsed George E. Pugh, of Ohio; declared that the war was not conducted constitutionally, and that the administration had stultified itself by issuing the confiscation act and emancipation proclamation, and by military arrests. In fact, it showed his true position as a democrat, of which Mr. Jennings availed himself, denouncing the speech as disunion in sentiment, and worthy of a southern audience. Mr. Jennings said that the recent elections reminded him of the story of the Frenchman and his triplets, which brought down the house.

FOURTH NIGHT.

At Lakeville.—D. C. Johnson, chairman. Mr. Smith opened by reiterating his argument of the previous evening, stating that he was a Douglas democrat, and proceeded to treat upon the unconstitutional acts of the administration, as he termed them. He also again endorsed Mr. Pugh of Ohio, as being the exponent of the present democratic party. Mr. Jennings read an extract from Douglas' last speech, to show the difference between that great statesman and the previous speaker. Among the points treated by him were, that if a majority of the army were democrats, why did not that party allow them to vote; that the government had a right to suspend the habeas corpus act during the time of war or rebellion; that the democratic organization was not a loyal one; that party names and ties should be laid aside until after the close of the war. He closed his argument with a hearty appeal to the voters of the state to come up and support the government in its mighty efforts for self-preservation. Mr. Smith denied the right to suspend the habeas corpus in districts not under rebellion, as Ohio was not, and closed with his inevitable argument against Mr. Sumner's article in the *Atlantic Monthly*.

FIFTH NIGHT.

At Rosemount.—B. Verrill, chairman. Mr. Jennings, being quite unwell, occupied but little time. He spoke principally of the duties loyal men to their country; to lay aside party and rally to the support of the government. Mr. Smith contended that the republican party had set a very bad example to the people in the way of making strict party nominations, and cited our state as an instance. Here the speaking was interrupted by a drunken man, one Keagan, elected by the democrats as county surveyor, who insisted on taking the floor and keeping up a continual noise. As he would not stop, the audience compromised by taking the outside and he the inside of the house, bringing the meeting summarily to an end and not giving Mr. Smith an opportunity to introduce his anti-Sumner argument.

SIXTH NIGHT.

At West St. Paul.—N. N. Thompson, chairman. Mr. Smith opened by stating that he was here to represent the democratic party. The issues of the day is whether the country shall be saved or destroyed, and he believed the mass of the party to be loyal men, and the leaders of the republican party to be disloyal. Again introduced his anti Sumner argument, which seemed his principal stock in trade. Mr. Jennings said that he differed materially with the former speaker, both as to the issues of the day and the duties of all loyal citizens. Spoke of the rights of governments to sustain the writ of habus corpus in times of war or rebellion; that the democratic party as an organization are disloyal; that they had rather have the government destroyed than their own party; that they, as a body, are giving aid and comfort to the enemy: read extract from Douglas' last speech to show the duties loyal democrats owe to the government; showed that the republican party did not refuse two years ago to endorse the no party party movement, as that was projected afterwards; that now was not the hour to discuss what should be done with the rebel states after we had conquered them, but the time to press the war vigorously and suppress the rebellion—then we could and would have to settle that matter, and not before. He closed by reading the resolution offered in the last democratic state convention by Col. Robertson and voted down by a vote of 80 to 42—showing that they were opposed to the prosecution of the war, and appeal to the voters to assist in this matter by supporting the administration, not only by their influence but by their votes. Mr. Smith agreed that there should be no party, but said that the republicans in this state refused to drop their organization; that full one half of the union party in the North were disloyal, and in favor of continuing the war to dissolve the Union, that the secessionists regarded them as their best friends, and read an extract from a Southern paper to prove it; again alluded to his inevitable Sumner argument and closed by saying that he preferred his present company to that of abolitionists.

LAST NIGHT.

At Hastings.—Judge Renick, chairman. Mr. Jennings opened by stating that on account of his recent democratic associations he was troubled with a stiff neck; but he thanked God he was not rebellious. He read an extract from Douglas showing the true issue before the people was to give up party and go in for the putting down of the rebellion. That the democratic party as an organization are disloyal. Showed that the democratic party of this state stands precisely as that of Ohio, which endorsed Vallandigham. Read a resolution passed by the democratic county convention of last year to show the difference between their position then and now. Mr. Smith opened by stating that he was and always had been a Douglas democrat. That he was here under unfavorable auspices—the democratic party of Ohio, Pennsylvania, and he did not know where else, had been defeated. [cheers.] Read the platform of the New York democratic state convention, which he adopted as his own. Said that the democrats were not disloyal, but that it was chargeable upon the republican party, and he would prove it; that a majority of the soldiers who responded to the first call of the President were democrats; that the reason he did not support the Union Ticket was because there are too many disunionists on it; that the last call of the President was not filled because he had violated the principles of the constitution; the President had not kept his oath of office inviolate, and would prove it: by the issuing of the emancipation proclamation, the military arrests, and the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus; that the majority of the leaders of the republican party are disloyalists; that they love party better than country, the negro better than the white man; that the supporters of Sumner's views were disunionists, and quoted from Blair's speech to prove it. Mr. Jennings inquired, if a majority of the soldiers are democrats, why they will not allow them to vote? showed that the republican party of Minnesota is the union party; read from their state platform to prove that they were not in favor of dropping their party names, and closed with a vigorous expose of bogus democracy, and appealing to the true men to come out of it.

The discussions, for the most part, were held in good order ad well attended. Until we reached the upper portion of the county, where the democratic elemant prevailed, nothing occurred to mar the harmony of the speaking. As to the results of the discussion we are well satisfied, and think it will tell favorably on the election. Mr. Smith, himself a candidate, admits that he has probably lost from twenty-five to thirty votes by reason of it.

At Hastings a bit of a row occurred. It seems that Hon. Wm. M. McCarty was announced to speak to the unterrified, and they were terribly indignant because we would not postpone the discussion and let him do so. Now the facts are that this discussion was agreed upon four weeks ago, and consequently had the priority, and Mr. Jennings having appointments from now until election in various parts of the county, had to speak then or not at all. The committee insisting upon it, he did speak, the democracy and their big gun withdrawing to the schoolhouse, where he preached copperheadism to them *ad libitum*. The respectable portion of the crowd staying behind, the discussion went on as above reported.

The County Fair.

We attended the fair—*and more too!* About the hour of eight o'clock on Thursday morning two solitary individuals might have been seen driving cautiously out of the city of Hastings, behind one of Squire Ray's "yaller horses," heading directly for Hampton. Astonishing as it may appear them individuals was ye Toad and us! For fear that some persons might think that we had ulterior design upon the "peace and dignity of the State of Minnesota," we will say that we were going to the County Fair.

Upon arriving at Archer's we stopped and enquired the way to Hampton, and we were informed we were in Hampton. Upon making the startling discovery we confidentally inquired of a man who apperred to be running the thing "where we could find the fair?" He pointed out a shed in the immediate vicinity and replied with a vicious wink of his left eye, "there." We departed in the direction indicated, and found it.

Pretty soon a small man with a large voice mounted a barrel, and under the inspiration, we suppose, of the former contents of the aforesaid barrel, began to call out various and sundry names and cognomens, among which were distinctly heard "C. Stebbins, I. Todd, F. Mead, and Mrs. so and-so, etc, committee on Fine Arts!" Toad, who was standing at our elbow innocently inquired if Lager Beer was considered one of the fine arts. We answered we thought not, but were laboring under the impression that fine arts meant threshing machines (for common school purposes) school marms (of eighteen and under) and crinoline. Toad immediately expressed a desire that the duties of the committee be divided, and immediately offered to take the school marms for his share of the labors. We would have consented, but the chairman of the committee, Stebbins, strenuously objected on the ground that Toad wasn't big enough.—*N. W. Democrat.*

There in one little item which Frank neglected to mention, *our getting lost on the prairie*; but, as he said nothing about it, we certainly shall not.

Our citizens were favored on Saturday evening last with an address from Lieut. Gov. Donnelly. It is needless to say it was excellent, for he is a forcible and understandable speaker, and the hearer never wearies with listening. If any peace-party man, pro slavery democrat, or copperheads hear him, it is presumed they were converted, unless they were totally depraved.—*Anoka Star.*

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

P. O. Notice.--Summer Arrangement.

Mail going East closes at 11 o'clock, A.M.
Way mail down closes at 8 o'clock, P. M.
Mail for St. Paul closes on the arrival of the boat from below in the afternoon.
Faribault mail leaves at 6 o'clock A. M., closes at 9 o'clock P. M.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
WM. H. SKINNER, Post-Master.

POLYRAMA.—MORTON & CO. exhibited here two evenings, believe to general satisfaction.

SNOW.—Quite a snow storm occurred last Thursday, causing the ground to appear somewhat white and winterish.

NOTICE.—The Methodist Sociable will meet at the residence of Rev. T. M. GOSSARD, on Friday evening next. All are invited to be present.

RUNAWAY.—Considerable sport was elicited yesterday afternoon by a horse running through our streets with the remnants of a pair of shafts at his heels.

CURE.—The people seem fond of amusement by the way they crowd his store. We scarcely go by without seeing it full. Reason why—*he sells goods cheap.*

TRANSFERRED.—Mr. PATCH, of Douglass Township, has sold his farm of one hundred and sixty acres to Mr. JO. DANCE, and rented a house in town where he will reside the coming winter.

ATTENTION.—ANDREWS is one of the best engravers in the North-West. That is not all, he does repairing in a neat and substantial style, all of which is done cheap for cash. Shop on Second Street, one door below New England.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We hope our readers will not fail to notice our advertisements this week. Several other favors we have on hand have to be ommitted until next week, on account of the pressure on our columns.

CALL IMMEDIATELY, at NEWMAN'S dry good store on Second Street; the place where you get your money's worth "and more to." He has all sorts of dry goods, buffalo robes, etc., which he sells cheap for cash.

INSTITUTE.—The next teachers' institute for Dakota County meets at Hastings on Thursday, Nov. 26th, and continues in session two days. At the close, an examination of teachers will take place for the benefit of those who desire to teach this winter.

NEW STORE.—While in Farmington recently, we noticed a new store building, which had been built opposite the post-office by Mr. SLACK, from Wisconsin and formerly of New York. He is now at the East after a stock of goods. This will be very convenient for the people of that neighborhood.

A FACT.—Those ladies who think of journeying the present season should recollect that a basket is a very convenient article, and that STANLEY, on Ramsey Street, has the largest and finest assortment ever brought to this city. Also work baskets and toy baskets, a full supply—mind you don't forget him.

ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to learn that Mrs. GUITEAU, mother of one of the democratic candidates, who was severely injured last week by falling down stairs while on a visit at Mr. JUDSON'S, of this city, is still very ill, and apprehensions are entertained of its terminating fatally.

A SUCCESSFUL MERCHANT.—The successful merchant is always the one who keeps the best class of goods of all kinds, and as many of them are aware of the fact, they keep the Chemical Saleratus, manufactured by D. B. De Land & Co., at Fairport, Monroe Co., N. Y. For sale by most wholesale and retail dealers in the country.

TO SCHOOL COMMITTEES.—Mr. A. M. MARTIN, recently from Warren Co., Pa., and possessing the very best of references and recommendations, is desirous of a situation to teach this winter. After five years of successful experience, he is confident of giving thorough satisfaction. Has no objection to go into the country. Inquire at this office or at WILLSON'S store.

ARRIVED.—WILLSON, that prince of good fellows, has returned from the East, and his new goods are daily arriving. He has spent several weeks in the selection of his stock, and feels confident of giving universal satisfaction. Call and see him at FRENCH'S old stand, next door to Bank of Hastings. If you don't get your money's worth, it will not be his fault.

BOY WANTED.—A steady, industrious lad, about fifteen years of age, and possessing a tolerable English education, can have a good opportunity of learning the printing business by applying at this office immediately. He must be quick and willing to learn.

FALL IN.—There was a rumor the other day that a fellow had got into a *fit* at PRATT & Co.'s clothing store, but, on tracing in out, it was found that he had only stumbled into one of those good winter suits which that firm has for sale, which, after all, was not a bad fit to fall into, we advise our friends to go and fall in at once, for such fits are not found every day. Store on Second Street, one door below post office.

EVERY CITIZEN of Hastings having a child in any of the schools of the city should visit them without delay. Some of the schools are models of good order; others are the quintessence of confusion. The people should visit and see who are worthy of their patronage, and who are not. More bad habits and manners can be learned in a bad school in a day than can be unlearned by the best of management at home in a week.

SHEEP.—We were very much pleased in our trip through the county to see the farmers taking such evident interest in the raising of wool. On several farms we noticed fine flocks of sheep, and many have made a commencement in a small way. It is to be hoped that, ere many years, Dakota County will attain as high a reputation for wool growing as it now has for the raising of wheat. Present prices are sufficient by remunerative to induce our cultivators to investigate the matter thoroughly, which we believe they will.

MARRIED.

In the Baptist Church at Hastings, at the close of the morning service, Oct. 25, by Prof. T. F. Thickstun, Mr. ABNER B. ALLEN and Miss FLORA L. TIPP.

MONETARY QUOTATIONS OF FOLLETT & RENICK.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Bankable Funds.

New England,	Bank State of Indiana.
New York,	Iowa,
New Jersey,	Michigan,
Ohio,	U. S. Demand Notes.
Canada,	Wisconsin,
Philadelphia,	Bank of Minnesota,
Shave B. nk, Minn.,	Nuisens Co. Bank,
Bank of Chatfield,	State Bank of Illinois,
Peoples' Bank,	Pittsburg,

Exchange.

FOR BANKABLE FUNDS.

	Buying.	Selling.
New York, Philadelphia, Boston,	¼ prem.	½ prem.
Chicago and Milwaukee,	par.	¼ prem.

PREMIUM FUNDS.

Gold,	35	40
Silver (large),	30	40
U. S. Demand Notes,	35	40
Canada,	30	40

RETAIL PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY G. F. BATCHELDER.

	Hastings, Oct 27, 1863.
FLOUR, per sack,	$2 70
WHEAT, per bushel,	70@72
CORN, do	40@45
OATS, do	25@30
POTATOES, do	60
BEANS, do	2 00
ONIONS, do	2 00
CRANBERRIES,	3 00
HAY, per ton,	6 00@8 00
WOOD, per cord,	3 00@4 00
SALT, per bbl	2 00
EGGS, per doz	12½
BUTTER, per lb,	12@18
CHEESE, per lb	8@10
PORK, per cwt,	3@4
BEEF, per cwt,	3 00
HAMS, per cwt,	8@9
SHOULDERS, per cwt,	6@6
DRIED APPLES,	10
DRIED PEACHES,	15@25
SUGARS, per lb	12½@20
MOLASSES, per gal	70@1 00
COFFEE, Java,	45
do Rio,	40

WILKES' SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

Office 201 William-st., New York.

George Wilkes, Ed. and Pro.

Four Dollars a Year in Advance.

To Clubs—5 Copies, - - - $17 00
" 9 " - - - 30 00

No subscriptions received for less than three months.

Rates of Advertising.

15 cts per line each single insertion.
48 " " " One month.
$1 26 " " Three months.
$2 00 " " Six months.

Sinclair Tousey, No. 121 Nassau Street, New York, general wholesale agents for supplying dealers. T. R. Callender, agent for Philadelphia.

Postmasters are requested to act as agents, and retain 20 per cent for their trouble. This percentage is, however, not to be deducted from club rates.

W. P. STANLEY,

DEALER IN

Books and Stationery,

Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fixtures, Cord, and Tassels; buff and green Holland, oil green cloth for shades; Photographs of our generals and other distinguished individuals and albums to put them in; Yankee Notions, all the leading Magazines and Newspapers, Eastern and Western, St. Paul Dailies; agent for Prince & Sons Melodeons. 41-tf

WANTED.

Two Marble Workers immediately. Apply at the Winona Marble Works, or at this office.
Hastings, Aug. 18, 1863. 19-tf

OLD PAPERS, SUITABLE FOR WRAPpers, for sale at this office at 50 cents per hundred. IRVING TODD.
Sept. 22, 1863. 24-tf

THE CONSERVER

BY IRVING TODD.

Office Over the Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block, Second Street.

Our Platform.

Resolved, That we, chosen to represent in convention the unconditional union men of Minnesota, grateful to Almighty God for the success which has hitherto crowned the arms of our country and for the prospect thus opened of a speedy, honorable, and lasting peace, do hereby, for ourselves and our constituents, reaffirm our determination to support our government by every means in our power in the vigorous prosecution of this war, —on our part, holy, just, and forced upon us by the criminal acts of others,—until not an enemy in arms shall be found within our borders. And to this end pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honors

2. That we tender our grateful thanks to the survivors of our glorious armies, and our warm sympathy to the relatives of their gallant dead, who have won for the country so glorious victories, for themselves imperishable renown, and for us all an assurance of liberty and safety, for ourselves and our children, under our beloved and now well-tried government.

3. That with especial pride we point to the gallant achievements on many a hard-fought battle-field, of our Minnesota regiments. Their bravery, discipline, and patriotism have won for them a name that shall never die, and made forever honorable to a citizen of Minnesota.

4. That, without claiming for it exemption from error, we heartily endorse the general policy and conduct of our national administration; and we point to the recent magnificent triumph of our armies as its best vindication from the charge of incapacity so freely brought against it by those who prefer national ruin to success under the present administration. Especially do we approve the emancipation proclamation, and the raising of black troops, as being among the best possible measures to weaken the enemy and strengthen ourselves.

5. That our state administration and congressional delegation deserve our hearty approbation for the zealous and efficient co-operation they have afforded the national authorities in carrying on the war.

6. That we call upon those in authority to take such measures, by retaliation or otherwise, as shall effectually prevent brutal and barbarous treatment by the enemy of our soldiers, of whatever color.

7. That it is due to our shattered armies in the field, as well as to the sacred cause which they uphold, that their ranks should as speedily as possible be filled up by every means in our power. It is due to the country that the mobs raised to resist and prevent the draft, should not even seem to have succeeded a day longer than is necessary to enforce the laws.

8. That the way to peace is, and ever has been, open to the rebels; the only condition we have ever sought to impose is that they should lay down their arms and submit to the authority of the general government. We protest against the making of any terms with them in advance as to their *status* in communities, when they shall have returned to their allegiance. Having been declared "public enemies" by a recent unanimous decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, they must accept the consequences that legitimately flow from having placed themselves in that position.

The Mountain of the Lovers.

We forgot in what book it was, many years ago, that we read the story of a lover who was to win his mistress by carrying her to the top of a mountain, and how he did win her.

We think the scene was in Switzerland; but the mountain, though high enough to tax his stout heart to the uttermost, must have been among the lowest. Let us fancy it a good lofty hill, in the summer time. It was, at any rate, so high that the father of the lady, a proud noble, thought it impossible for a young man so burthened to scale it. For this reason alone, in scorn, he bade him do it, and his daughter should be his.

The peasantry assembled in the valley to witness so extraordinary a sight. They measured the mountain with their eyes; they communed with one another, and shook their heads; but all admired the young man; and some of his fellows, looking at their mistresses, thought they could do as much. The father was on horseback, apart and sullen, repenting that he had subjected his child even to the show of such a hazard; but he thought that it would teach his inferiors a lesson. The young man (the son of a small land proprietor, who had some pretensions to wealth, though none to nobility,) stood, respectfully looking, but confident, rejoicing in his heart that he should win his mistress, though at the cost of a noble pain, considering who he was to carry. If he died for it, he should at least have had her in his arms, and have looked her in the face. To clasp her person in that manner, was a pleasure he contemplated with such transport as is known only to real lovers; for none others know how respect heightens the joy of dispensing with formality, and how dispensing with formality ennobles and makes grateful the respect.

The lady stood by the side of her father, pale, desirous, and dreading. She thought her lover would succeed, but only because she thought him in every respect the noblest of his sex, and that nothing was too much for his strength and valor. Great fears came over her, nevertheless. She knew not what might happen in the chances common to all. She felt the bitterness of being herself the burden to him and the task; and dared neither to look at her father or at the mountain She fixed her eyes now on the crowd, which, nevertheless, she beheld not, and now on her hands and fingers' ends, which she doubled up towards her with a pretence—the only deception she had ever used. Once or twice a daughter or mother slipped out of the crowd, and coming up to her, notwithstanding their fears of the lord baron, kissed that hand which she knew not what to do with.

The father said: "Now, sir, put an end to this mummery:" and the lover, turning pale for the first time, took up the lady.

The spectators rejoice to see the manner in which he moves off, slow, but secure, as if encouraging his mistress.

They mount the hill; they proceed well; he halts an instant before he gets midway, and seems refusing something; then ascends at a quicker rate; and now being at the midway point shifts the lady from one side to the other. The spectators give a great shout. The baron with an air of indifference bites the top of his gauntlet, and then casts on them an eye of rebuke. At the shout the lover resumes his way. Slow but not feeble in his step, but it gets slower. He stops again, and they think they see the lady kiss him on the forehead. The women begin to tremble but the men say he will be victorious. He resumes again; he is half-way between the middle and the top; he rushes, he stops, he staggers; but he does not fall. Another shout from the men, and he resumes once more; two-thirds of the remaining part of the way are conquered. They are certain the lady kisses him on the forehead and on the eyes. The women burst into tears, and the stoutest men turn pale.

He ascends, slower than ever, but more sure. He halts, but it is only to plant his foot to go on again; and thus he picks his way, planting his foot at every step, and then gaining ground with an effort. The lady lifts up her arms as if to lighten him. See; he is almost at the top; he stops, he struggles, he moves sideways, taking very little steps, and bringing one foot every time close to the other. Now he is all but on the top; he halts again, he is fixed; he staggers. A groan goes through the multitude. Suddenly he turns full front toward the top; it is luckily almost a level; he staggers, but it it is forward. Yes, every limb in the multitude makes a movement as as if it would assist him; see; at last he is on the top; and down he falls flat with his burden. An enormous shout. He has won. Now he has a right to caress his mistress, and she is caressing him, for neither of them gets up. If he has fainted, it is with joy, and it is in her arms.

The baron put spurs to his horse, the crowd followed. Half way he is obliged to dismount; they ascend the rest of the hill together; the crowd silent and happy; the baron ready to burst with shame and impatience. They reach the spot. The lovers are face to face on the ground, she clasping him with both arms, his lying on each side.

"Traitor," exclaimed the baron, "thou hast practiced this feat before on purpose to deceive me. Arise!"

"You cannot expect it, sir," said the worthy man, who was rich enough to speak his mind, "Sampon himself might take his rest after such a deed."

"Part them," said the baron.

Several persons went up, not to part them, but to congratulate and keep them together. These people look close; they bend an ear; they bury their faces upon them. "God forbid they should ever be parted more," said a venerable man, "they never can be." He turned, his old face streaming with tears, and looked up at the baron: "Sir, they are dead."

How to Treat an Idle Husband.

The people, the inhabitants of New Zealand, are much attached to their chiefs. If they require an additional patch of land, or liberty to build a house any where it is granted. If they quarrel among themselves, or have complaints to make, the head chief's ear is kindly opened to all—to the poorest man as well as to the petty chief. If invasion threatens their district, he is in the first ranks to repel it; and, let the war become a sharp skirmish or a great battle, he is always in front, and where danger presses most, so that he has their love and respect. The head chief often interferes in minor matters of a domestic nature. For instance, if a lazy fellow has a wife or two and a few children, and, through his love for fishing, dancing, or loitering idly about, neglects to bring in the necessary supplies for his family, complaint is made. The chief visits the house in person, and, if he sees just grounds for punishment, he orders out the whole population of the village. Men, women and children arm themselves with a stiff birch, made of canes, and then form a double line, about six feet apart, and wait, with an anxious glee, the approach of the delinquent. At last he is placed at one end of the lines, amidst a shower of yells, screams, jibes, etc. The word is given by the chief, and away he darts at his utmost speed. According to his deserts, he may get off with running the lines once, or may have to do so twice or thrice, but he is skilled in cunning and fleetness that can run the lines even once without having his skin tickled for him by the hearty application of the birch, wielded by some strong woman. As the punishment is not of a fatal kind, the whole affair creates unrestricted merriment. For one month afterwards his family are provided by the public at large under the fatherly superintendence of the chief. At the expiration of that time, if he has all his domestic matters in perfect order, as a good father and provided husband used to have, he again resumes his place in society, and shortly afterwards helps, with an experienced hand, to flagellate some one else.—*Coulton's South America.*

COLORED SCHOOLS AT NASHVILLE.—The Nashville *Union*, in an article respecting the declaration of the Opposition, that the emancipated slaves cannot take care of themselves, mentions these highly honorable facts: "We do not know of a better reply to this pitiful stuff than to state the fact that, amid all the excitement and extraordinary troubles of civil war, the black people of this city have been carrying on no fewer than eight highly respectable schools, which are attended regularly by some six hundred pupils."

A Proclamation by the President of the United States.

WHEREAS, The term of service of part of the volunteer forces of the United States will expire during the coming year, and whereas, in addition to the men raised by the present draft, it is deemed expedient to call out 300,000 volunteers to serve for three years or during the war, if the war does not exceed three years.

Now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, president of the United States and commander in-chief of the army and navy thereof, and of the militia of the general states, when called into service do issue this proclamation calling upon the governors of the differeni states to place, and have enlisted in the United States service tor the various companies and regiments in the field from their respective states their quotas of 300,000 men.

I further proclaim, that all the volunteers that are called out and duly enlisted, shall receive advance pay, premium, and bounty, as heretofore communicated to the governor of states by the War Department, through the provost marshal general's office by special letter.

I further proclaim that all volunteers re enlisted under this call, as well as others not heretofore credited, shall be duly credited and deducted from the quotas established for the next draft.

I further proclaim that if any state shall fail to raise the quota assigned to it by the War Department under this call, the draft for the deficiency in said quota shall be made in said state or in the districts of said state for their due proportion of said quota, and the said draft shall commence on the 5th day of January, 1864.

I further proclaim that nothing in this proclamation shall interfere with existing orders, or with those that may be issued for the present, in states where it is now in progress, or where it has been commenced.

The quotas of the states and districts will be assigned by the war department through the provost marshal, due regard being had for the men heretofore furnished whether by volunteering or drafting. The recruiting will be conducted in accordance with such instructions as have been or may be issued by that department.

In issuing this proclamation, I address myself not only to the governors of the several states, but also to the good and loyal people thereof, invoking them to give their cheerful, willing, and effective aid to the measure thus adopted with a view to re-enforce our victorious armies now in the field and bringing our military operations to a proper conclusion; thus closing forever the fountains of sedition and civil war.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 17th day of October, A. D., 1863, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty eighth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President.

Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

Early History of John Brough.

Some little account of Jack Brough's paper in Marietta may not be uninteresting at this time.

It was called *Western Republican* and was started by Mr. Brough on the 8th of January, 1831. Nine copies of this paper belongs to the *Register* Office. The earliest date we have is Jan. 14th, 1832, edited, printed, and published by John Brough. Office in the room immediately over the Post Office, corner of Putnam and Market Streets. This was what we now call the corner of Putnam and Front Streets, over the grocery of J. L. Stephens. It was a "super-royal" sheet, about two-thirds the size of the *Register*, at $2 a year in advance.

Mr. Brough when he began the publication of the *Western Republican* was less than twenty years of age. He was born in 1811, in the dwelling house part of the old jail, his father, John Brough, being sheriff at that time. The father was a native of England, and died in 1823 on the Cleona Farm, and within a short time "Jack" went to learn the printer's trade with the late Royal Prentiss, in the office of the *American Friend*, then being only 12 years of age.

The *Western Republican* was a supporter of Jackson's administration, and was a paper of decided ability. In April, 1833, the paper having been published a little over two years, was removed by Mr. Brough to Parkersburg, Va. Not long since it was announced in the copperhead organ of Mariett, that Mr. Brough once published the Parkersburg *Gazette*, a whig paper. He published a paper at Parkersburg only about six months, and it was not then a whig paper. Mr. Brough was always a democrat. In the fall of 1833, he sold out at Parkersburg, and removed to Lancaster, Fairfield County, O., where he published the Lancaster *Eagle* some six years. In October, 1838, he was elected representative to the legislature from Fairfield and Hocking. And that leg islature, the next winter, elected him auditor of the state, which office he held six years. In 1841 he purchased the Phœnix at Cincinnati, of Moses Dawson, and started the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, in company with his brother, the late Judge Charles H. Brough. After leaving the State Auditor's office, he removed to Cincinnati in 1845, and while his brother Charles was in the army in Mexico, he edited the *Enquirer* —removing to Madison, Indiana, in 1848, and quitting newspaper life.—*Mahoning (Ohio) Register.*

Chickamauga, the river near which the late battle was fought in North Georgia, is an Indian name, signifying the River of Death.

AGRICULTURAL.

Raising and Training Colts.

The earlier in life the education of any animal commences, the esier will be its training and the more certainly will its habits be fixed. Horses learn most of their vices before they are three years old, and in a large number of instances the work of breaking them does not commence before the second or third year.

Begin when the colt is one month old. Put on a leather or web halter, without the hitching strap. Let it remain there and you will have control over him when you wish to handle him. Have a lether strap with a buckle or clasp on one end, to fasten into the halter ring when you wish to lead or tie the colt. Never tie a rope or a rope halter around the neck. Allow the colt to nibble at his dam's feed while she is eating. After he has become accustomed to the halter and to being led about and handled, you can tie him alongside of his dam at feeding time, watch him the first time to prevent his pulling back, and afterward if he shown disposition to pull. Never speak harshly to, or abuse either dam or colt. You can do more by kind, firm treatment than by abuse of any kind.

Wean the colt at his seventh month, keeping him out of sight and hearing of his dam for several weeks. Give him a pint of good oats with plenty of sweet hay morning and evening, also fresh pure water. As he grows larger, increase his food, always give the best. Remember the colt is now forming the bones and muscles upon which his future usefulness depends, and he can not form strong, solid ones without good strong food and good shelter. Give a feed of chopped stuff and cut straw several times during the week, to keep his system cool, and to prevent the "lampas." If he should take them, put him to soft feed occasionally give him a bran mash, until the lampers disappear. Keep the colt under shelter during the winter nights, and stormy days and nights at any season of the year. A loose box or stable in which he can be placed without tying, is best; next, a stall six feet wide in a stable well lighted, drained and ventilated. Have a ring and staple driven into the manger bar, to tie to. The best plan for tying, is to pass the halter strap through the ring and tie it to a small weight, heavy enough to keep the strap always drawn tight. Have the strap long enough for the colt to lie down with his head flat on the floor; the weight will always keep the strap streched so that he can not get his feet over it. Keep the stall well littered at night and perfectly clean during the day. Do not put the litter under the manger when cleaning out the stall in the morning, but throw it under a shead outside of the stable, to dry before using at night. The ammonia arising from the urine decomposing in the litter is very injurious to both eye and lungs. Frequently sprinkle some good deodoron the floor to absorb and destroy all noxious gases. Accustom your colt to harness, and to saddle and bridle, by putting them on frequently, and letting them remain on for a half hour. Train the colt without blinders on the bridle. Never draw the check rein tight. For fast driving, it is better to dispense with it entirely. I would not advise an inexperienced person to use the bitting bridle, but if used, let the reins be loose. If possible, it is best to let the colt run until three and a half years old, and if very valuable, until five years of age before putting to regular service. You can teach the colt the use of lines before he is fit for service, by putting on a surcingle with rings fastened to it. two thirds down each side of the colt. Put the reins through the rings and buckle to the bridle. Walk behind the colt and teach him the use of the lines. The rings on the surcingle will prevent the reins from slipping up over his back if he should try to turn; by holding your hands low, it is impossible for him to turn. If he backs, touch him lightly with a stiff whip. By the above training the colt at three years of age will be ready to put to light work, though I would advise waiting a few months longer. The subsequent training will depend on what use the horse is intended for.

SWEET POTATOES FOR COFFEE.—E. Stillwell of Monmouth Co., N. J., sends us a sample of sweet potatoes prepared for coffee according to the following directions: "Wash the potatoes clean, cut into thin slices, dry in the sun or an oven, and then roast the same as coffee. For 12 persons, take ½ cup of ground coffee, and ⅔ cup of roasted potatoes not ground but left in slices, and add water in the usual manner." We tried the sample as directed, and find it of fair quality, but having a little more coffee taste than the mixture of rye and coffee more common in the market. The potatoes may have been roasted a little too much in this instance. Potatoes too small for ordinary cooking can be used thus.—*American Agriculturist.*

THE SOUTHERN WHEAT CROP.—It is estimated that the wheat crop in the south this year will amount to nearly 60,000,000 bushels. In 1860 over 31,000,000 bushels were harvested. This great increase is accounted for by the fact that unusual attention has been paid since the begining of the war to the cultivation of the cereals. Cotton and tobacco have been planted only to a limited extent.

The lombard plum is believed to be the most certain and reliable plum for the Northern States. During the severest winters it has been scarcely affected, while other varieties have been badly injured. The tree is a fine strong grower and an abundant bearer. The fruit is pleasant and agreeable, and better than that of some highly lauded varieties. It is, however, not considered of the very best quality, but it is so good, and the tree possesses so much general merit, as to recommend it to a favorable consideration of fruitgrowers.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Bankers.

THE BANK OF HASTINGS.

FOLLETT & RENICK, Bankers. Dealers in domestic and Exchange, Foreign, State, and County Scrip, Exchange Block, Second street, Hastings, Minn.

THORNE'S BANK.

Transacts a general Banking Business, deals in Eastern and Sterling Exchange, Bank Notes, Gold, Silver, etc.
Special attention given to collections.
J. L. THORNE, Banker.
Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 43-tf

Attorneys.

ELI ROBINSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Hastings, Minnesota. 13-tf

C. W. NASH. T. R. HUDDLESTON.
NASH & HUDDLESTON,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Corner of Sibley and Second streets, Hastings, Minn.

H. S. JENNINGS,
Attorney-at-Law. Office over A. M. Pett's drug store, Hastings, Minn.
June 30, 1863. 12-tf

A. M. HAYES. O. T. HAYES.
A. M. & O. T. HAYES,
Attorneys at Law, Vermillion street, near Second, Hastings, Minn.

S. SMITH. R. W. MONTGOMERY.
SMITH & MONTGOMERY.
Attorneys at Law, Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street, in Gardner's new Stone Block. 41-tf

P. HARTSHORN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Justice of the Peace, and Conveyancer. Office, on Ramsey street, over the Post Office, Hastings. 32

JNO. R. CLAGETT. F. M. CROSBY
CLAGETT & CROSBY,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Hastings Minnesota. Particular attention given to obtaining half-pay pensions for widows and minor children of deceased soldiers, invalid pensions by reason of disability incurred in the military service of the United States, and bounties and arrears of pay due relatives of deceased soldiers.
Hastings, Dec. 1, 1862. 34-tf

Physicians.

OTTO STANNIS,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office on Second street, opposite Thorn, Norrish & Co's. Hastings.

H. O. MOWERS,
Surgeon Dentist, Hastings, Office—North-side Second street, between Ramsey and Sibley, over Thorne & Norrish's store.

DR. J. E. FINCH,
Physician and Surgeon, Hastings, Minn. Office corner of Second and Sibley Streets, rear of Nash & Huddleston's law office.
Hastings, June 30, 1863. 12-tf

C. C. RIGHTER. Z. B. NICHOLS.
RIGHTER & NICHOLS,
Homœopathic Physicians, Hastings, Minn. Will attend promptly to all professional calls. Office over City Drug Store. 40-tf

Printing.

IRVING TODD,
Book and Job Printer, Second Street, Hastings, Minn. All kinds of plain and ornamental printing neatly and cheaply executed. The latest styles of type, cuts, and border on hand, and shall always keep up with the times. Particular attention given to orders from the country. Office over Bank of Hastings, Exchange Block.

Miscellaneous.

CHARLES B. LOWELL,
General Land Agent, Civil Engineer, and Deputy Co Surveyor of Dakota County.

P. B. COOK & CO.,
Auction and Commission Merchants, Hastings, Minn. Cash advanced on consignments. 16-tf

MRS. MARY TORRANCE,
Private Boarding House, has removed from Second Street to the stand formerly known as the City Hotel, Ramsey street, Hastings.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Fashionable Barber and Hair Dresser, will attend promptly to all calls in his line. Ladies' hair cut and curled to order. Shop on Second Street, opposite Thorne & Norrish's.
Hastings, May 14th, 1863. 5-tf

WM. SMITH,
Carriage and Wagon Maker, corner Vermillion and Fourth streets, Hastings. I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage work in the best possible manner, and at short notice.

C. HALDEN
Painters and Paper Hangers, Shop, corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, Hastings, Minn. Carriage Painting done with neatness and dispatch.

CHARLES SCHROTH,
Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Meat. He would inform his old customers and all others, that he continues to keep the best and freshest meat, of all sorts, at his old stand, one door below Edison Blk. His customers will be sure to find everything all right. 22

GROFF & BAILEY,
Real Estate Agents, No. 134 Third Street, (under Thompson's Bank.) St. Paul, Minn. City and county property bought and sold. Collections made and taxes paid for non-residents. Also will attend to collection of rents, renting houses and business property. 17-1y

JULIUS HOURIET

Offers the largest stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in town, which he will sell at lower prices than any other house. Repairing done of all kinds, and warranted for one year. Call in before purchasing elsewhere. Shop on Ramsey Street, between 2d and 3d.
Hastings, May 11, 1863. 5-1y

J. B. VANDERWERKER,
Manufacturer of Harness and Saddlery Goods. Keeps constantly on hand Coarse and Fine Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Fly Netts, Horse Collars of extra quality. Particular attention paid to Repairing, on short notice. Carriages Trimmed in the latest style and finish. I would say to my customers that I am thankful for past favors, and hope for a continuance of their patronage. I will give them a better article and cheaper than they can buy in Minnesota.

MRS. MARY E. TAPLEY
Has just opened on Ramsey Street, at the stand lately occupied by Mrs. Bixby, a very choice and well selected stock of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the ladies of this city and its vicinity. Having secured the services of a competent and fashionable milliner, and provided herself with the latest patterns, she is prepared to serve the ladies in millinery and dress making in the most approved and latest styles. Mrs. T. will keep her stock well replenished with such articles as may be called for in the market, and by employing none but the very best help, and a faithful attention to her business, she hopes to merit and receive the patronage of the public. 4-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.—WE are doing an auction and commission business in Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, and all kinds of property. We buy and sell goods on commission, loan and collect money, pay taxes for parties abroad, loan money on pledges, and advance money on property. We keep Watches, Jewelry, and Notions to sell the trade and pedlars. Business from the country promptly attended to. Auction sales every evening, special sales at 10 A. M. Second door from the Merchants' Hotel, St. Paul, Minn.
20-tf H. E. BAKER & Co.,
Auction and Commission Merchants.

BLACKSMITH
AND
WAGON SHOP.
I HAVE just opened a new Blacksmith and Wagon Shop on the corner of Vermillion and Fifth streets, where I am prepared to execute all kinds of work in my line, promptly, well, and as cheap as any body else. All who want a first rate wagon, or repairing, or blacksmithing of any sort, give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN STREET,
Hastings, June 17, 1863. 1y

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

GOOD NEWS TO THE INHABITANTS of Dakota and surrounding counties.

New Store in Hastings

(Opposite the Tremont House.)

"This is the store ye long have sought, And mourned because ye found it not."

JOHN H. MUES

Is now opening his large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting in part as follows:

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Crockery,
Yankee Notions, Etc., Etc.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, as all the goods have been bought before the late advance, and I am willing to sell my articles for a very small profit. I would invite all to examine goods and prices. Remember

MUES' Cheap Cash Store.
Hastings, Sept. 29, 1863. 25-tf

THE NEW STORE.

DRAPER & BALLARD,

HASTINGS, MINN.,

Have opened in Exchange Block a large well selected assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDIS E,

and solicit an examination of their goods and low prices.

We have in store

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
SALT,
NAILS, GLASS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
FARMING TOOLS, &c,

Our stock is large and complete, and will be sold at

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

We have made arrangements with Messrs. HARRISON to keep on hand a large supply of their excellent Flour
The celebrated Moline Plow for sale.
DRAPER & BALLARD.
May 1, 1863. 3-tf

1863. SPRING. 1863.

THORNE, NORRISH, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS,

Again solicit public attention to their unusual large stock of new

FANCY DRESS GOODS,
STAPLE DRY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES, ETC.,
CROCKERY

all of which we have bought during the late panic in New York very low, and shall sell the same

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thanking the public for their past liberal patronage, would respectfully request a continuance of the same.

THORNE, NORRISH, & Co.
May 7th, 1863. 4-tf

GROCERIES, ETC.

W. D. FRENCH,

Wholesale & Retail

GROCER,

Union Block, - - Hastings, Minn

Having removed to the large new store two doors west of his old stand, will keep constantly on hand a

LARGE STOCK,

Which will be offered at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

Merchants, Farmers, and other purchasers are invited to call and examine his stock and prices.

W. D. FRENCH.
Sept. 15, 1863. 28-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

1863.

The New York *Tribune*, first issued in 1841, now in its twenty-second year, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the war for the union, its circulation on the 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Pre-emmently a journal of News and of Literature, the *Tribune* has political convictions which are well characterized by the single word Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant and hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power from the Anexation of Texas to the great rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—republican in its antagonism to the aristocrats and despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the model republic; republican in its hope and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its blotters, and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, where liberty and union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The *Tribune* devotes attention in calmer times, and to some extent in these, to education, temperance, agriculture, inventions, and whatever else may ministerno the spiritual and material progress adwell-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of the war for the union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust is soon to result in the signal and conclusive triumph of the national arms and in the restoration of peace and thrift to our distracted bleeding country. We believe that no otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular perusal of our columns. And we earnestly solicit the cooperation of all friends of the national cause, which we regard and uphold as that of universal humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

Terms.

The enormous increase in the price of printing paper and other materials used in printing newspapers compels us to increase the price of the *Tribune*. Our new terms are

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single copy	3 cents
Mail subscribers, one year	$8

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$3
Two copies one year	5
Five copies one year	12
Ten copies one year	22 50

An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty and over.

WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

One copy one year	$ 2
Three copies one year	5
Five copies one year	8
Ten copies one year	15

Any larger number, addressed to names of subscribers, $1 50. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten. Twenty copies to one address, one year, $25, and any larger number at same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of thirty the semi-weekly *Tribune* will be sent. To clubs of fifty the daily *Tribune* will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit bank bills. The name of the post-office and state should in all cases be plainly written. Subscribers who send money by express must prepay the express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—BEGINning of a new volume. The number for January, 1863, begins the eleventh volume of the *Atlantic Monthly*. From the commencement, in 1859, the *Atlantic* has rapidly increased in circulation, and it now has the largest class of readers since its beginning, five years ago. Its prosperity steadily augments, and it continues, amid all the fluctuations and dangers incident to our national crisis, to gain ground in the estimation of the public. At a time so pregnant with events which touch the future destinies of America in every vital particular, the publishers and editors do not deem it necessary to promise that its pages will never swerve from the honest paths of loyal patriotism and universal freedom. It opinions have always been on the side of Liberty, Progress, and Right, and the course it first adopted in its early career will ever be faithfully maintained.

The staff of writers regularly contributing to the *Atlantic Monthly* embraces many of the best known authors in American literature, and warrants the publishers in promising to its readers the best essays, the best stories, the best poems, which American talent can furnish.

LIST OF REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS.

In prose and poetry the *Atlantic* staff of writers is unequaled. The following authors are still among the regular contributors: James Russell Lowell, Henry W. Longfellow, Louis Agassiz, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Nathaniel Hawthorne, T. W. Higginson, Author "Margret Howth," Oliver W. Holmes, John G. Whittier, E. P. Whipple, Bayard Taylor, George S. Hillard, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, "The Country Parson," Rose Terry, Harriet E. Prescott. The *Atlantic's* list of contributors includes many of the leading writers of America.

TERMS.—The *Atlantic* is for sale by all book and periodical dealers. Price 25 cts a number. Subscriptions for the year $3, postage paid. Yearly subscriptions received or single numbers supplied by any dealer, or by the publishers. Specimen numbers sent gratis on application to the publishers. Inducements for subscribing, list of premiums, etc., furnished on application to the publishers.

TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers,
135 Washington Street,
44-tf Boston, Mass.

WILLIAM ATHERTON

Veterinry Surgeon.

Office 1st Door South of Vermillion Hotel

HASTINGS, MINN.

BATCHELDER'S COLUMN.

Fall Goods. Winter Goods.

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

HASTINGS.

A

FRESH STOCK

OF

ALL KINDS.

[N. B. We have spent some months in the Eastern markets, taking great pains to secure the best qualities and styles. And having bought two large stocks (for Faribault and Hastings) before the late advance, have secured them at the lowest prices. We have also procured contracts for freight at about half the usual rates. These advantages enable us to offer our new goods at about Eastern prices.]

Men's double-soled Boots,	$3 00
Ladies' Congress Gaiters,	1 25
—— Balmoral Boots,	1 40
Good all wool Cassimeres,	1 25
Heavy Wool Long Shawls,	5 00
Men's Fur Caps,	1 50
Good warm Overcoats,	6 00

☞We sell only for Ready Pay.

☞Each article is plainly marked in figures its lowest and only price.

☞All goods sold by us are warranted as represented.

☞We have secured the services of attentive clerks, who will always deem it a pleasure to display their goods whether customers purchase or not.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

AT

BATCHELDER'S,

North & Carll's Old Stand, Hastings.

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

AT

BATCHELDER'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings,
Denims, Stripes,
Cottonades, Ticks,
Cassimeres, Sattinettes,
Jeans, Doeskins,
Broadcloths, Cloakings,
Flannels, Lindseys,
Prints, Delaines,
Broche Velours,
Alpaccas, Merinoes,
Thibets, Plaids,
Silks, Worsteds,
Linens, Woolens,
Trimmings, Notions,
Hoods, Nubias,
Sontags, Shawls.
Skirts, Yarns,
Hose, Gloves,
Blankets, Table
Covers, Diaper,
Velvets, Crash,
Fancy Articles,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR LADIES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MISSES.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR MEN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BOYS.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHILDREN.
BOOTS AND SHOES FOR BABIES.

From the finest Gaiters to the heaviest thick Boots, CUSTOM-MADE, and WARRANTED.

WINTER CLOTHING

OVER COATS,	UNDER COATS,
SACK COATS,	FROCK COATS,
LONG COATS,	SHORT COATS,
WOOKEN COATS,	COTTON COATS,
COARSE COATS,	FINE COATS,
HEAVY COATS,	LIGHT COATS,
MEN'S COATS,	BOY'S COATS.

ALL SORTS OF PANTS.
ALL SORTS OF VESTS.
ALL SORTS OF SHIRTS.
ALL SORTS OF DRAWERS.

Under Clothing for Everybody at

BATCHELDER'S.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Buckskin, Patna,
Kid, Woollen,
Cotton, Silk,
Cashmere, Otter,
Beaver, Nutria,
Seal, Sheep,
and Dog-Skin.

MITTENS AND GLOVES.

Lined and unlined, large and small, at

BATCHELDER'S.

HATS AND CAPS,

In great variety.

Fur, Cloth, Wool, Felt, Fine Otter and Beaver at

BATCHELDER'S.

HOSIERY.

Ladies', Miss's, and Children's, Woolen, Cotton, and Flucy Lined, Worsted, Cashmere, Merino, Colored and White,

HOSE.

Gent's home-made *WOOL SOCKS*, Gent's worsted, cotton, and cashmere half hose, at

BATCHELDER'S.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

New stock at

BATCHELDER'S.

HARDWARE.

Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, Cordage, Tools, Nails and Glass, Powder and Shot, House Trimmings, Shovels and Hoes, Spades and Forks, Chains and Traps, Axes, Butts and Screws, Etc., Etc., at

BATCHELDER'S.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Salt, Syrup, Spices, Fruits, Fish, Soap, Candles, Oil, Soda, Saleratus, Tobacco, Starch, Wooden Ware, etc., cheap for Cash, at

BATCHELDER'S.

Hastings, Oct. 6, 1863. 26-tf

THE CONSERVER.

Published every Tuesday Morning at

HASTINGS, DAKOTA COUNTY, MINNESOTA.

Terms.

Single copy one year - - - -	$ 2 00
" " six months, - - - -	1 00
" " three months, - - - -	50
Five copies, to one address, - - - -	8 75
Ten " " " - - - -	15 00
Twenty " " " and one to getter up of club, - - - - -	30 00

Payment invariably in advance.

Address IRVING TODD, Publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

1 square	1 week	$1 00	2 squares	6 months	9 00
1 "	2 weeks	1 50	2 "	1 year	15 00
1 "	3 "	1 75	3 "	1 week	2 25
1 "	4 "	2 00	3 "	2 "	3 00
1 "	5 "	2 25	3 "	3 "	4 00
1 "	6 "	2 50	3 "	4 "	5 00
1 "	7 "	2 75	3 "	3 months	9 00
1 "	2 months	3 00	3 "	6 "	12 00
1 "	3 "	3 75	3 "	1 year	20 00
1 "	4 "	4 50	¼ col	6 months	15 00
1 "	5 "	5 25	⅓ "	1 year	25 00
1 square	6 months	6 00	⅜ "	6 months	18 00
1 "	1 year	10 00	½ "	1 year	30 00
2 squares	1 week	1 75	½ "	6 months	25 00
2 "	2 "	2 50	⅔ "	1 year	40 00
2 "	3 "	3 00	¾ "	1 year	50 00
2 "	4 "	4 00	1 "	1 year	70 00
2 "	3 months	6 00			

One inch in space will be counted as a square of solid matter.

Business cards on second page, not exceeding seven lines, seven dollars per year; each additional line one dollar.

Legal advertisements inserted at the rates prescribed by statute, and attorneys ordering such advertisements will be held responsible.

Special notices 15 cents per line for first insertion and ten cents for each subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements must be paid in advance —all others quarterly.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered, will be continued until they are ordered out, and charged accordingly.

What is the Use!

What is the use of trimming a lamp
If you never intend to light it?
What is the use of grappling a wrong
If you never intend to fight it?

What is the use of removing your hat
If you do not intend to tarry?
What is the use of wooing a maid
If you never intend to marry?

What is the use of buying a coat
If you never intend to wear it?
What is the use of a house for two
If you never intend to share it?

What is the use of buying a book
If you never intend to read it?
What is the use of a cradle to you
If you never intend to need it?

What is the use of gathering gold
If you never intend to keep it?
What is the use of planting a field
If you never intend to reap it?

What is the use of buying a wagon
For a horse that will run away with it?
What is the use of taking a paper
If you never intend to pay for it?

One day, as Pope was engaged in translating the "Iliad," he came to a passage which neither he not his assistant could interpret. A stranger who stood by, in his humble garb, very modestly suggested that, as he had some little acquaintance with Greek, perhaps he could assist them. "Try it, try it!" said Pope, with the air of a boy who is encouraging a monkey to eat red pepper. "There is an error in the print," said the stranger, looking at the text. "Read as if there was no interrogation point at the end of the line, and you have the meaning at once." Pope's assistant improved upon this hint, and rendered the passage without difficulty. Pope was chagrined; he could never endure to be surpassed in anything. Turning to the stranger, he said, in a sarcastic tone. "Will you please tell me what an interrogation is?" "Why, sir," said the stranger, scanning the ill-shaped poet, "it is a little, crooked, contemptible thing that asks questions."

A lady was, with her husband, visiting the camp of the Michigan Sharpshooters at Camp Douglas. "What does M. S. S. on the men's caps mean?" said she. Her spouse said, knowing no better, that it meant manuscripts. The lady, suspected a shave on the part of her lord, indignantly replied: "Well, it's better to be a manuscript than a conscript, aint it?"

AN INFERENCE.—A New Zealand paper speaks of the safe arrival of the song birds sent out from England. The editor grows pathetic over a pair of thrushes, and says "the sight of their speckled breast reminds us of our friends at home." Are we to infer from this that the editors friends have speckled breasts?

A musician, whose nose had become distinctly colored with the red wine he was wont to imbibe, said to his little son one day at table, "You must eat bread, boy; bread makes your cheeks red." The little fellow replied, "Father, what lots of bread you must have snuffed up."

Glorify a lie, legalize a lie, arm and equip a lie, consecrate a lie with solemn form an awful penalties, and after all it is nothing but a lie. It rots a land and corrupts a people like any other lie, and by and by the white light of God's truth shines through it, and shows it to be a lie.

An exchange says a man is taller in the morning than at night to the extent of half an inch, owing to the relaxation of the cartilages. We know several men to get higher every evening than they are in the morning.

A western genius defines a coquette as a box of snuff, from which every lover takes a pinch. Her husband, fortunate or unfortunate wretch, as he may think himself, gets the box—on the ear.

A French bishop, in a sermon, recently administered a philippic to crinoline wearers: "Let woman beware (said he) while putting on their profusive and expensive attire, how narrow are the gates of Paradise."

Don't wait for your fervor to cool before you act. The workmen at a foundry might as well wait for the molten iron to cool before pouring it into the mould.

Most men have a greater curiosity to know what is said than to know what is true.

HARDWARE.

ATTENTION EVERY BODY!

Buy Where You Can Buy Cheapest and get Good Articles.

If you want good hoes and forks, go to Thomas' Hardware Store.

If you want good scythes and snaths cheap, go to Thomas'.

HARDWARE.

If you want fine table and pocket cutlery, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want nails or iron cheap, go straight to Thomas', and no where else.

If you want any kind of tools cheap and good, go to Thomas.

If you want hatchets or axes of the best quality, go to Thomas' Cheap Store.

If you want kerosene oil cheap and good go to Thomas.

HARDWARE.

If you want stoves and tinware of the best quality and cheap as the cheapest, go to the cheap hardware store of John Thomas.

If you want locks, latches, butts and screws, or any kind of house trimmings, Thomas' is the place to buy.

If you want sheep shears, gopher traps, smooth irons, iron bench screws, augurs, augur bitts, hand bells, cow bells, or any article kept in a hardware store, go to Thomas' and get it cheap and of the best quality.

HARDWARE.

Try it and see if you cannot make money at it.

JOHN THOMAS.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

HARDWARE.

M. MC HUGH,

Dealer in

HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
STOVES, ETC.,

Corner of Second and Vermillion Streets, Hastings, Minnesota,

has on hand and is constantly receiving a general assortment and a full supply of

Iron,
Nails,
Tinware,
Glass,
Sash,
And
Putty,

Also the best stock of

CUTLERY

ever before exhibited in this market. These goods have been bought expressly for this trade, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

I am also agent for, and have on hand, the celebrated

STEWART COOKING STOVE,

known to be the best cooking stove manufactured.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

H. H. PRINGLE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Mechanics' Tools,

Building Materials,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, ETC

HASTINGS, MIN.

TIN,

SHEET IRON & COPPER W'K

ON HAND OR MADE TO ORDER.

BRICK DRUG STORE,

R. J. MARVIN,

Dealer in

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ETC., ETC.

On hand a large stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
COLORS,
GLASS, AND
PAINTERS'
STOCK GENERALLY.

Also

Garden and Field

SEEDS.

Please give me a call before purchasing. Try my goods and prices, which is a better test than *blowing*.

JOHN BATEMAN.

May 1, 1863. 8-tf

PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF

PRINTING

Neatly and Cheaply Executed

AT THE

CONSERVER OFFICE.

Cards,
Programmes,
Bill-He ds,
Circulars,
Posters,
Etc.,

Printed to Order and at

SHORT NOTICE.

Having received a choice supply of

NEW MATERIAL

from the East, am prepared to do

PLAIN AND FANCY WORK,

in styles to defy competition.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

IRVING TODD.

FURNITURE.

H. BUTTURFF,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY,
DOMESTIC WILLOW WARE,
CRIBS, HOBBY HORSES,
PROPELLERS, BABY-JUMPERS,
FEATHERS, PILLOWS, MATRESSES
COMFORTERS, WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE and FLOOR OIL CLOTH,
CARPETS, CURLED HAIR, etc. etc.

PARLOR FURNITURE,

Cane Seat and Common Chairs, Extention, Dining and Centre Tables, Rocking Chairs, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Tin Safes, Picture Frames and Looking glasses.

I keep employed the best of workmen, and manufacture to order, with neatness and dispatch.

N. B. Coffins on hand and made to order.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

THE LIVING AND THE DEAD CAN be supplied at

Herzog & Corson's

with all kinds of

Sash, Doors,
Blinds, Chairs,
Cabinet Ware,
Planing, Matching,
Sawing, Turning.
Etc., Etc.

Coffins of all kinds and styles, a large lot always on hand. Sole agents for

THE METALLIC BURIAL CASES.

Come and buy a good article cheap for cash or produce. Wood, Lumber, Pork, etc. taken in exchange for work.

Sale Rooms and Factory corner of Second and Eddy Streets, west of S. Roger's store. HERZOG & CORSON.

Hastings, Jan. 1, 1863. 38-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. VAN AUKEN. R. H. LANGLEY

VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,

STORAGE,

FORWARDING & COMMISS'N MERCHANTS,

Dealers in Produce, and Agents for

Threshing Machines and Reapers,

RAILROAD & STEAMBOAT

TICKET AGENTS.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - -	$100,000
NETT SURPLUS, - - - - -	$138,000

Dividends on capital limited by its charter to seven per cent per annum—the entire profits go to the policy holders.

R. W. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street in Gardner's new stone block. 42-1y

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

PUBLICATIONS.

1863. THE 1863.

MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN

Daily, Semi-Weekly, Weekly.

The proprietors of the *Wisconsin*, begs leave to announce that owing to increasing expenditures for Special Telegraphic and War Correspondence, together with various improvements in contemplation for the coming year, he has felt compelled to make some changes in the scale of prices at which it is furnished to subscribers. By comparison with the prices of other journals, it will be seen that the *Wisconsin* is still, as it ever has been, the cheapest paper in the North-West.

We shall continue to print the *Wisconsin* upon the plainest type and the finest paper that can be made, thus retaining the name of the "handsomest paper in the state."

The present proprietor has conducted the paper over fifteen years, and it is unnecessary for him to speak of his ability or enterprise as a Live Independent Newspaper. He will only say that his journal is faithfully pledged to the suppression of the rebellion and the destruction of the rebels in arms, by every means in the power of the Government, and to the most cordial and active support of the President in his Proclamation of Freedom.

Our list of correspondence embraces every regiment of Wisconsin soldiers, as well as the several grand divisions of the Union Army. The Local and Commercial Departments will receive the undivided attention of the most competent Editors and Reporters.

We call particular attention to the Semi-Weekly *Wisconsin*. It will be a large thirty-two column paper, without advertisements, made up expressly for country circulation. All matter of the Daily *Wisconsin* will appear in this sheet; thus the subscriber will receive all the news of a daily paper for the price of the semi-weekly.

DAILY WISCONSIN—BY MAIL.

Published every day (except Sundays,) at 9 A. M., 12 M,, and 3 P. M., at the following rates:

1 copy 12 months, in advance	$8 00
1 copy 6 months, "	4 00
1 copy 3 months, "	2 00

SEMI-WEEKLY WISCONSIN

Published every Tuesday and Thursday morning, as follows:

1 copy 1 year, in advance	$3 00
1 copy 6 months, "	1 50
4 copies 1 year (in one order)	10 00
10 copies 1 year " "	22 50

Additional copies at the rate of the club. Specimen numbers sent to any address.

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

Published every Wednesday morning, and mailed every Tuesday evening.

1 copy 8 mos, in advance	$ 1 00
1 copy 1 year, "	1 50
10 copies 1 year, "	13 00
20 copies 1 year, "	25 00

Additional copies at the rate of the club.

An extra copy will be sent to persons getting up clubs of ten or more of the Weekly. Money in registered letters may be sent at our risk.

WM. E. CRAMER,

38-tf Milwaukee, Wis.

THE BEST, CHEAPEST, AND MOST successful Family Paper in the Union. A complete pictorial history of the times.

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

Splendidly illustrated. Price six cents a number—$3 00 a year.

Critical Notices of the Press.

Its fresh leaves, its clear type, its entertaining variety, its severe but just criticisms upon the follies of the times, its elegantly written and instructive articles, and its able correspondence, all combine to make it the model newspaper of our country, and one that every family must prize. Its condensed weekly summary of foreign and domestic intelligence is altogether superior to that contained in any other journal. Being published, too, in a form for preservation and binding, if taken care of as it deserves to be, it will be found in future years as welcome a companion for the family and fireside as the day on which it was first perused.—N. Y. Evening Post.

We would not so often call attention to Harper's Weekly if we were not well satisfied that it is the best family paper published in the United States, and for that reason, and that alone, we desire to see it undermine and root out a certain kind of literature too prevalent, which blunts the morals of its readers, vitiates their taste for sensible reading, and is already bad in its effects.—New London Advertiser

Wherever we go—in rail cars and steamboats—we find it eized with eagerness, because of its spirited sketches of passing events. We all like to look at the faces of men we have read of, and at ships and forts that have figured in the bloody scenes of war. Of all such men and places and events this paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers and painters and publishers are turned to dust.—N. Y. Evangelist.

TERMS.

One Copy for One Year,	$3 00
One Copy for Two Years,	5 00

An extra copy will be allowed for every club of ten subscribers, at $2 50 each, or 11 copies for $25.

Harper's Magazine and *Harper's Weekly* together, one year, $5 00. *Harper's Weekly* is electrotyped, and back numbers can be had at any time.

Vols. I., II., III., IV., V., and VI., for the years 1857 to 1862 inclusive, of *Harper's Weekly*, handsomely bound in cloth extra, price $4 38 each, are now ready. The postage upon *Harper's Weekly*, when paid in advance at the office where it is received, is twenty-six cents a year.

HARPER & BROTHERS,

48-tf Franklin Square, New York.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.—FOR the Farm, Garden, and Household. A thorough-going, reliable, and practical journal, devoted to the different departments of soil culture—such as growing field crops; orchard and garden fruits; garden vegetables and flowers; trees; plants, and flowers for the lawn or yard, care of domestic animals, etc., and to household labors. It has also an interesting and instructive department for children and youth, alone worth the cost of the paper. A full calendar of operations every month. Three to four hundred, or more, illustrative engravings appear in each volume. Over twelve hundred plain, practical, instructive articles and useful items, are given every year. The editors are all practical working men. The teachings of the Agriculturist are confined to no state or territory, but are adapted to the wants of all sections of the country—it is, as its name indicates, for the whole American Continent.

TERMS—INVARIBLY IN ADVANCE.

(For either the English or German Edition)

One copy, one year	$1 00
Six copies, one year	5 00

Ten or more copies one year 80 cents each.

Add to the above rates postage to Canada 6 cents; to England and France 24 cents; to Germany 36 cents. Postage anywhere in the United States and territories must be paid by the subscriber, and is only six cents a year, if paid in advance at the office where received. All business and other communications should be addressed to the editor and proprietor.

ORANGE JUDD,

41 Park-Row, New York City.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY.—The readers of the *Continental* are aware of the important position it has assumed, of the influence which it exerts, and of the brilliant array of political and literary talent of the highest order which supports it. No publication of the kind has, in this country, so successfully combined the energy and freedom of the daily newspaper with the higher literary tone of the first-class monthly; and it is very certain that the magazine has given wider range to its contributors, or preserved itself so completely from the narrow influences of party or faction. In times like the present, such a journal is either a power in the land or it is nothing. That the *Continental* is not the latter is abundantly evinced by what it has done—by the reflection of its counsels in many important public events, and in the character and power of those who are its staunchest supporters.

Though but little more than a year has elapsed since the *Continental* was first established, it has during that time acquired a strength and a political significance elevating it to a position far above that previously occupied by any publication of the kind in America. In proof of which assertion we call attention to the following facts:

1. Of its political articles republished in pamphlet form, a single one has had, thus far, a circulation of one hundred and six thousand copies.

2. From its literary department, a single serial novel, Among the Pines, has, within a very few months, sold nearly thirty-five thousand copies. Two other series of its literary articles have also been republished in book form while the first portion of a third is already in press.

No more conclusive facts need to be alleged to prove the excellence of the contributions to the *Continental*, or their extraordinary popularity; and its conductors are determined that it shall not fall behind. Preserving all "the boldness, vigor, and ability" which a thousand journals have attributed to it, it will greatly enlarge its circle of action, and discuss, fearlessly and frankly, every principle involved in the great questions of the day. The first minds of the country, embracing the men most familiar with its diplomacy and most distinguished for ability, are among its contributors; and it is no mere flattering promise of a prospectus to say that this magazine for the times will employ the first intellect in America, under auspices which no publication ever enjoyed before in this country.

While the *Continental* will express decided opinions on the great questions of the day, it will not be a mere political journal: much the larger portion of its columns will be enlivened, as heretofore, by tales, poetry, and humor. In a word, the *Continental* will be found, under its new staff of editors, occupying a position and presenting attractions never before found in a magazine.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

Two copies for one year,	$ 5 00
Three copies for one year,	6 00
Six copies for one year,	11 00
Eleven copies for one year,	20 00
Twenty copies for one year,	36 00

Paid in advance. Postage 36 cents a year, to be paid by the subscriber. Single copies $3 a year, in advance. Postage paid by the publisher. 12-tf

JOHN F. TROW, 50 Greene St., N.Y., Publisher for the Proprietors.

ONLY $1 25 A YEAR IN CLUBS OF 4

Arthur's Home Magazine,

For 1863. Vols. XXI. and XXII. Edited by T. S. Arthur and Virginia F. Townsend. Contains novelets, stories, poetry, fashions, steel and wood engravings, needlework patterns in great variety, a mother's department, children's department, housekeeper's and health departments, with literary reviews, and all the accessories of a first-class magazine.

The Lady's Book bears this flattering testimony to the character of Arthur's Home Magazine:

"As we have often before said, it is, without controversy, the best $2 magazine published in the country; and this is the strongly outspoken testimony everywhere given by the press. We know of no periodical that so well deserves the praise bestowed. The editors never tire in their endeavors to give each month a rich and varied literary repast to their readers. Their work is kept fully up to the standard of their promise, is never dull, yet always full of instruction. We have often said, and repeat it again, that it should make a part of the reading of every household. We know of no better educator of the people, young and old. Of the editors we need not speak; their names are household words all over the country. In their hands no periodical can fail to reach the highest point of excellence."

A new serial by T. S. Arthur will be commenced in the January number entitled Out in the World.

Rare and elegant premiums are sent to all who make up clubs: 1 A large photographic copy of that splendid engraving Shakspeare and his Cotemporaries. 2. A large photographic copy from an engraving of Huntington's celebrated picture Mercy's Dream. 3. A similar copy of Herring's Glimpse of an English Homestead.

TERMS.—$2 a year in advance and one premium plate. Two copies $3. Three for $4. Four for $5. Eight and one to getter up of club for $10. One of the premium plates is sent to every getter up of a club, small or large. Three red stamps must be sent to pay the postage on each premium. Address

T. S. ARTHUR & CO.,

323 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE INDEPENDENT, EDITED BY Henry Ward Beecher, is a religious newspaper, and a real newspaper. It affords its readers fair and thoughtful editorial discussions of the most important facts and occurrences and interests of this nation and of the world. A comprehensive record of facts, men and movements of the religious world. A full and careful weekly history of the progress of the rebellion. Ample chronicles of the important general news; home and foreign. Fair and careful accounts of new books; made on the express principle of serving as a safe guide to buyers. Interesting correspondence from Washington; from the West; from the army; from abroad. Six columns a week of carefully selected matter for family reading; being prose and poetry, suited to interest both the old people and the young people. A full chronicle of the progress of business and of the currant prices of merchandise, produce and live stock in New York City

ONE SERMON EVERY WEEK

By Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. The following eminent writers are special contributors to its columns:—

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe,
Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler,
Rev. Robert M. Hatfield,
Rev. George B. Cheever,
Horace Greely,
Bayard Taylor,
John G. Whittier.

TERMS.—$2 per annum, paid in advance. Specimen numbers sent gratis.

JOSEPH H. RICHARDS, Publisher,

No. 5 Beekman Street, New York.

For sale by news agents.

PATENT MEDICINES.

DR. ROBACK'S STOMACH BITTERS

ARE NOT

TO BE EXCELLED

AS A

STOMACHIC

AND

Regulator

OF THE

DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

These Bitters

are not offered to the public as a medicine which will cure all the "ills which flesh is heir to," but as a remedial agent —a great regulator of the system.

In the Bilious districts of the West and South there has, for a long time, been much needed an article of Stomach Bitters, which, if taken in proper quantities, and at the proper time, are a sure preventive of

Bilious Fever,
Fever and Ague,
Liver Complaint,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Jaundice,
Kidney Complaints,

and all diseases of a similar nature.

These Bitters

are composed of rare and powerful roots and herbs, which make them Highly Tonic.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the poor man's friend.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters save the poor man many Doctor's Bills.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the rich man's Solace and Comfort.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters invigorate the weak and debilitated.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters drive away melancholy and make Life enjoyable.

Dr. Roback's Stomach Bitters are the Soldier's Friend, by preventing Diarrhea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, etc.

These Bitters are put up in quart bottles, of which the above is a fac-simile. The label is finely engraved, and is provided with a safe-guard from counterfeiters. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5.

C. W. Roback, Proprietor, No. 5 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, to whom all orders should be addressed.

FOR SALE BY

A. M. Pett, Hastings, J. R. Tinkcom, Mankato, W. H McCollum, Mankato, and by druggists and merchants generally throughout the United States, Canadas and Brazil.

For Rats, Mice Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs Woolens, etc., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, etc. Put up in 25c, 50c, and $1 00 Boxes, Bottles, and Flasks. $3 and $5 sizes for Hotels, Public Institutions, etc.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.

☞Sold by all druggists and retailer. every where.

☞Beware! of all worthless imitations.

☞See that COSTAR'S name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask before you buy.

☞Address HENRY R. COSTAR.

☞Principal depot 482 Broadway, N. Y.

☞Sold by A. M PETT,

Wholesale and Retail Agent,

51-10m Hastings, Minn.

FRED. B. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES

CURTISS & COWLES,

DEALERS IN

Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc. Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 19, 1863. 45-tf

THE CONSERVER.

THE THREE CAMP DISEASES.—The soldiers in camp suffer from three diseases; diarrhea, rheumatism, and fever. The common cause of diarrhea is bad water; its cure, complete rest, and abstinence from every kind of food except plain boiled rice. All ordinary diseases will yield to this treatment in two and a half days or less. Rheumatism is usually brought on, not by getting wet, but by remaining in wet clothes. Hard drinkers are particularly liable to bad attacks. To avoid rheumatism, wear flannel and keep the digestion sound. Fevers are generally caught after dark in the open air. A man going out on night duty should never go hungry, and never stand still longer than necessary. Good food, active exercise will generally keep a man well unless the air is uncommonly deleterious.

To cure a case of not very severe fever, nothing seems so efficacious as a change of air. It is said that the removal of a patient only a few miles, often works an immediate improvement in his condition. In scouting along the edge of a swamp at night, there is no danger so long as the party keeps on the windward side of it. These doctrines are laid down in the writings of army surgeons and of physicians who have given much attention to the subjects discussed, and ought, therefore, to be trustworthy.

REVELATION OF A REBEL MAIL BAG.—Among the captures by our troops at Cumberland Gap was a large rebel mail bag, the contents of which have afforded both amusement and instruction to those who have who have examined them. Among other things, the letters confirmed beyond all question the fact that the Georgia troops are as dissatisfied as any in the Confederate service. Out of the large number of Georgia letters in the mail but two displayed any confidence whatever in the rebel cause. One gentleman wrote home to his wife not to sell his two pigs for confederate money, as it was entirely worthless. Another says; "If this war ain't closed soon there will be no men left. We can't fight a world of men; the South can't stand it much longer, our men are deserting." Another is more explicit: "I have seen men so out of heart. You had better set your houses in order, for by Christmas we sha'l be back in the Union. If peace don't come soon, we will all desert.' This is the spirit displayed in all or nearly all these letters, a spirit of utter disregard for the rebel cause and a willingness to take the Union on any terms so it brings peace.

HOW BRAVE MEN SUFFER AND DIE.—In his report of the Chickamauga battles, B. F. Taylor records the following solemn, yet creditable fact:

"If anybody thinks that when our men are stricken upon the field they fill the air with cries and groans, till it shivers with such evidence of agony, he greatly errs. An arm is shattered, a leg carried away, a bullet pierces the breast, and the soldier sinks down silently upon the ground, or creeps away, if he can, without a murmur or complain; falls as the sparrow falls, speechlessly, I earnestly believe, falls not without the Father. The dying horse gives out his fearful utterance of almost human suffering, but the mangled rider is dumb. The crash of musketry, the crack of rifles, the roar of guns, the shriek of shells, the rebel whoop, the Federal cheer, and that indescribable undertone of grinding, rumbling, splintering sound, make up the voices of the battle field."

HOW TO DETECT COUNTERFEITS.—Examine the vignette or picture in the middle of the top; see if the sky or background looks clear and transparent, or soft and even, and not scratchy. Examine well the faces; see if the expression is distinct and easy, natural and lifelike, particularly the eyes. See if the drapery or dress fits well—looks natural or easy, shows the folds distinctly. Examine the medallion, ruling, heads, and circular ornaments around the figures, etc., see if they are regular, smooth, and uniform—not scratchy. This work in the genuine looks as if raised on the paper, and is very seldom successfully imitated. Examine the principal line of letters of name of the bank; see if they are upright, perfectly true, and even; or, if sloping, of a uniform slope. Examine the shading or parallel lines on the face or outside of the letters, etc. See if it is clear, even, of equal size.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter*.

The Newark (N. J;) *Mercury* has manufactured a copperhead creed of such admirable flexibility and easy use that we expect to see it, in one or the other of its forms, "as the case may be," in every copperhead sheet in the state before the month is out:

Hurrah for	the Union
Secession	Is a curse
Death to	Jeff. Davis
The Federal Government	Forever
Down with	Mob rule
Law and order	Shall triumph.

At Viena a company was formed for the purpose of making a common journey around the world, which is to take place from the month of March to September, of 1864. It is intended to travel over 32,000 miles, and to visit thirty different principal ports in various parts of the world. An iron screw steamer is being fitted up for the company by the Lloyd Association of Trieste. All the apparatus and instruments that may be necessary for scientific investigations will be furnished by the manager.

An English engineer has invented a printing press which will print 23,000 sheets of newspaper on both sides in an hour. The paper from which it prints is in the web on the reel, and after passing under the type is cut in sheets. The machine does without feeding, and the reel of paper that it feeds from is unwound by its own action.

EDUCATIONAL.

BY PROF. T. F. THICKSTUN.

Examiners and Teachers.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF DAKOTA CO., }
Hastings, Minn., Sept. 19, 1863. }

Prof. T. F. Thickstun, Hastings, Minn.:

Dear Sir:—At the annual meeting of the board of commissioners for this county, held in Sept., 1863, you were appointed school examiner for Commissioner District No. 1 for the ensuing year. Respectfully yours, etc.,

L. SMITH, County Auditor.

As one of the examiners of the county, we desire to say a few words to those whom we shall serve. In the first place we desire the professional standard of the mental and moral qualifications of the teachers of the county greatly elevated. It has been too low—too low every way. Men could be anything, and know almost nothing, and yet be called to the responsible post of teacher of the young. It should not be thus. Only the best, the wisest, and the most experienced should be placed in such a position.

The county examiner must certify that the teacher is a person of good moral character. We suppose this to mean that he is not profane, he is not a Sabbath breaker, he is not intemperate, nor addicted to gambling. Intemperance and profanity are too revolting to meet with success in any community. We apprehend that few districts are sunk so low as to invite into their midst a teacher indulging in these beastly immoralities, or to retain him long after his character had developed itself as tending in this direction. We expect no district will ask us to examine a teacher indulging in these practices.

The Sabbath breaker is quite as dangerous a man in community as the profane or intemperate. We believe that it is the mind of every intelligent man, that he who disregards the Sabbath is not a good citizen, far less is he prepared to be a teacher. Even the infidel world has been compelled to acknowledge the benefits of the christian Sabbath. There is no discrepancy of virtue among well informed and well disposed men in reference to this subject. All equally agree that it is every man's solemn duty to remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. The man who does not so do, cannot be said to possess a good moral character. No examiner can certify that he has a good moral character. He would tell a lie, if he were to do so. We were once greatly mortified, upon going out a dozen miles into the country to preach one pleasant Sabbath morning, to find a man all harnessed for a prairie chicken hunt, whom we had examined the winter before, and sent out to teach as a man of good moral character. When we know the man to be an enemy to God's Sabbath, we cannot conscientiously vouch for his morality. We do not believe he has any worth certifying to. We hope none such will make application.

The gambler is also a man of so doubtful morality that we dare not recommend him to a community as a teacher for the young. The man who plays for the fun of it is quite as dangerous as he who plays for the money to be made out of it. The two are more closely allied than England and France ever were in the war of the Crimea. Indeed we doubt not that more young gamblers have been made by the amateur player than by the professional gamester. The whole system is adverse to the interests of the young minds to be taught. Teachers ought not to be sent out who will spread abroad so baneful a list of immoralities as those with which the gambler is surrounded.

There are other practices which make the man immoral than those mentioned above, but we have not time to mention them. We need pure minded teachers. We need honorable teachers. We need them with characters above suspicion. They need to occupy the highest possible position in morals. The tongue of slander must fall paralyzed when it would attempt to blacken the instructor's character. So pure should be his life that he need not chase a lie around the neighborhood. Left to itself, it will break its own neck.

Such men we need this winter. Each district should look for nothing less in its teacher. We entreat the trustees to send no man for examination who does not sustain a first class character for uprightness. We ask every citizen to help us raise the business of teaching to a higher level. Let us encourage only the best to enter the school room as instructors.

A musician, whose nose had become distinctly colored with the red wine he was wont to imbibe, said to his little son one day at table, "You must eat bread, boy; bread makes your cheeks red." The little fellow replied, "Father, what lots of bread you must have snuffed up."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

Dwelling Houses.

A two story house on Ramsey Street, between levee and Second, in the city of Hastings, 22 X 66, good saloon room and cellar. The other is a good two story stone house, 20 X 40, saloon room and cellar, with six acres of land fenced and under cultivation, on the levee, Nininger, which can be bought cheap. Enquire of

MRS. SABLOHNER.

Hastings, Oct. 27, 1863. 29-2m

NOTICE.

For Sale,

My stock of Goods, and Storehouse for rent or sale. THEODORE GARDNER.

Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863.

HASTINGS CIGAR STORE.

M. SIMON,

Manufacturer of all kinds of Cigars and Tobacco, and Dealer in smoking and chewing

Tobacco and Snuff.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. Store on Second Street, near Vermillion, Hastings, Minn. 27-tf

FRED. B. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES

CURTISS & COWLES,

DEALERS IN

Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc., Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 10, 1863. 45-tf

BECKER & STOLTZ,

Auction and Commission Merchants.

Second Street, - - Lowell's old stand.

Cash paid for second handed goods. Money advanced on consignments.

Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863. 27-tf

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feel confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.

CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.

Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

BRICK DRUG STORE,

R. J. MARVIN,

Dealer in

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ETC., ETC.

On hand a large stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
COLORS,
GLASS, AND
PAINTERS'
STOCK GENERALLY.

Also a large stock of

Kerosene Goods,

Lamps, Chimneys, Oil, Etc., of the best quality, and at low prices. A prime lot of

CIGARS,

Bought cheap and will be sold the same.

Please give me a call before purchasing. Try my goods and prices, which is a better test than *blowing*.

October 27, 1863. 29-tf

J. W. PRATT & CO.,

Dealers in

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
and Tailor's Trimmings.

Also, Hats, Caps, and Gents'

FURNISHING GOODS.

Hastings, Minn., May 14, 1863. 5-tf

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - $100,000
NETT SURPLUS, - - - - $138,000

Dividends on capital limited by its charter to seven per cent per annum—the entire profits go to the policy holders.

R. W. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street Gardner's new stone block. 42-1y

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Haine's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Scythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.

Hastings, May 14, 1863. 5-tf

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, MANUFACTURERS of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, New York.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces considerably over four thousand different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz:

72 Major-Generals,	525 Statesmen,
190 Brig.-Generals,	127 Divines,
259 Colonels,	116 Authors,
84 Lieut.-Colonels,	30 Artists,
207 Other Officers,	112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers,	46 Prominent Women,

147 Prominent Foreign Portraits.
2,500 COPIES OF WORKS OF ART,

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1 80, and sent by mail *free.*

Photographic Albums.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of **Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.** Our Catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
501 Broadway, New York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

Fine Albums made to order for congregations to present to their pastor, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions.

17-6mo

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, P. By order of the Directors.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Cerson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all family sewing machines yet offered to the public. No other family sewing machine has so many useful appliances for hemming, binding, felling, tucking, gathering, guaging, braiding, embroidering, cording, etc. No other family sewing machine has so much capacity for so great a variety of work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our family sewing machine most reliable and most durable and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our family sewing machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding case of the family machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substantial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superior manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the family machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality.

Send for a pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
458 Broadway, New York.

St. Paul Office, 250 Third Street.

Milwaukee Office, No 17 Newhall House.

J. N. Bill agent in Hastings. 20-tf

FINKLE & LYON'S

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread or loop-stitch machines do: will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, etc., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of Machine whatever!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident it is readily replaced.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

Please call and examine, or send for circular.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,

FINKLE & LYON S. M. Co.,
17-1y No. 538 Broadway,
New York.

MORTGAGE SALE.—DEFAULT HAS been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the twentieth day of Oct. A. D., 1859, executed and delivered by Edwin S. Doolittle and Philitta, his wife, of Northfield, in the county of Rice and state of Minnesota, to Edmund Wheeler, of Newport, in the state of New Hampshire, which said mortgage was filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1859, at six o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book H of mortgages, pages 538 and 539. Said mortgage was given to secure the payment of a note bearing even date therewith for the sum of one hundred and ninety-three dollars and interest at the rate of one per cent per month till paid, due one year from date.

There is claimed to be due at the date of this notice on said notice on said note and mortgage the sum of two hundred and fifty-six dollars and sixty-nine cents ($256 69). No proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted for the recovery of said mortgage debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage, to-wit: The east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-two (22), in township one hundred and twelve (112), north of range twenty (20) west, containing eighty (80) acres of land, lying and being in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota aforesaid.

Said sale will be made at public vendue to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the second day of December, A. D. 1863, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the post-office in the city of Hastings, in said Dakota County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the legal costs of sale, together with the sum of twenty-five dollars and ninety-two cents paid for taxes on said premises by said mortgagee and interest thereon to this date.

Dated Northfield, Oct. 20, 1863.

EDMUND WHEELER, Mortgagee.

D. H. Frost, Atty. for Mortgagee, Northfield, Minn. 28-7w

WINONA AND HASTINGS

MARBLE WORKS.

The subscriber would respectfully give notice to the people of Hastings and elsewhere that he has constantly on hand the largest stock of Foreign and American Marbles ever brought west of Lake Michigan, consisting of all kinds of

LARGE SPIRE MONUMENTS,
SKELETON MONUMENTS,
GRAVE STONES, MANTELS,
FURNITURE MARBLE, ETC.,

which he will finish to order in the most approved styles and for the lowest cash price. Parties wishing to purchase will do well to wait till my agent comes around or to write to me, before purchasing elsewhere. C. J. ALDRACH.

Shop opposite the court-house, Winona, and on Second Street, below Tyler, Hastings, Minn. 18-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1862, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App.val. pr acre.	App.val. of improve'ts.
DOUGLASS.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 10	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
MARSHAN.					
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	35	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	56	114	17	5 00	
RANDOLPH—HAMPTON.					
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
INVER GROVE.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
VERMILLION.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
WATERFORD.					
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
CASTLE ROCK.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	232 50
EMPIRE CITY.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 25	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 25	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	371 25
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	359 50
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ROSEMONT.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	50 00
sw qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	73 50
se qr of sw qr	38	115	19	5 00	
EUREKA.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	495 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	30	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	118 00
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	42 00
nw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	147 00
sw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	26	113	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
LEBANON.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
EAGAN.					
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
MENDOTA.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	35	28	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range	App.val. pr acre.	App.val. of improve'ts.
lot 6, 10.09a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lots 7 & 10,10a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4, 10 30a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.83a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15, 3.40a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10 80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1, 8.86a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16, .71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 20a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.20a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.84a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8, 9.30a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.13a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.66a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 15, 10a	15	114	16	[illegible]	
HASTINGS.					
lot 2, 10a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 3, 9.71a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 8, 5 25a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 13, 3.65a ne qr	36	115	17	9 00	
INVER GROVE.					
lot 7, 10.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 14.21a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 9, 19.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 10, 9.97a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 11, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 13, 9.98a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 14, 9.95a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 15, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 16, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10.21a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 15a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 19.58a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10 09a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10,03a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 9 79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 9.79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10 29a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 42a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 19.14a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10.33a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10 27a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 19.58a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lots 5,8,9 ne qr	16	27	22	6 50	
lots 6,7 ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 10,11,12 ne qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 1—12 inc se qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 13—16 inc ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 16 nw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lot 9 nw qr	16	27	22	5 00	
lot 10	16	27	22	5 50	
lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 15 sw qr	16	27	22	5 00	
lots 13,14,16 sw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
WEST ST. PAUL.					
lot 1 ne qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 2, 5 50a se qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 3, 11.15a se qr	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 5, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 7, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 8, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 9, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 10, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lot 12, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 13, 4 07a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 14, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lots 2—14 inc 10a sw qr	16	28	22	6 00	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser, if interest at seven per cent per annum is annually paid in advance.

Interest to the first day of June, 1864, must be paid at the time of purchase.

Persons purchasing land upon which other parties have made improvements will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of his improvements, one half to be paid at the time of the sale and the balance six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent per annum.

In case the person occupying or improving the land has damaged the same, the appraised amount of damage will be deducted from his improvements, and when the occupant is the purchaser the damage will be added to the price of the land.

No lands will be sold for less than the appraised value.

Purchase money payable in specie and legal tender notes. CHAS. McILRATH,
22-td Commissioner of State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, executed by Alexander Rey and Elizabeth Rey, his wife, both of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, to *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, both of Bennington, in the county of Bennington and state of Vermont, which said mortgage was acknowledged on the said 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, 1857, at 12 o'clock at noon, in Book D of mortgages, on pages 291 and 292, by which said mortgage the said Alexander Rey and Elizabeth, his wife, granted, bargained, sold, and conveyed unto the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, forever, all those certain tracts or pieces of land, lying and being in said county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot no. 4 in section no. twenty-two (22), and lot no. 4 in section no. twenty three (23), all in township no. twenty eight (28), range no. twenty two (22), together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining, which said mortgage was given to secure to the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, the payment of the sum of thirty-three hundred (3300) dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of a certain mortgage bond, given by said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley to said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, payable in one year from the date thereof, with interest thereon payable semi-annually at the rate of thirty per cent per annum, and five per cent a month after due upon both principal and interest, and bearing even date with said mortgage. And whereas there is now claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, on said bond and mortgage the sum of five thousand eight hundred and eighty (5880) dollars. And whereas a suit at law was commenced and a judgment recovered on said bond against the said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley, defendants, and in favor of the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, plaintiffs, in the district court for the second judicial district of the state of Minnesota, in the county of Ramsey, which judgment was docketed in said county of Ramsey on the 19th day of March, 1859, and whereas an execution was issued on said judgment to the sheriff of said county of Ramsey and by him returned wholly unsatisfied, and whereas nothing has ever been paid on said bond or on said judgment—

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court-house in Hastings, in said county of Dakota, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1863, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, by the sheriff of said county of Dakota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said bond and mortgage, together with the costs of such sale so far as the proceeds of said sale will satisfy the same.

Dated at St. Paul, Sept. 21, 1863.

HORACE SMITH.
SAMUEL F. HARRIS,
25-7w Mortgagees.

H. Hale, Atty. for Mortgagees.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M., and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The change from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,
9-tf Agents, on Levee.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CONSERVER.

THE THREE CAMP DISEASES.—The soldiers in camp suffer from three diseases; diarrhea, rheumatism, and fever. The common cause of diarrhea is bad water; its cure, complete rest, and abstinence from every kind of food except plain boiled rice. All ordinary diseases will yield to this treatment in two and a half days or less. Rheumatism is usually brought on, not by getting wet, but by remaining in wet clothes. Hard drinkers are particularly liable to bad attacks. To avoid rheumatism, wear flannel and keep the digestion sound. Fevers are generally caught after dark in the open air. A man going out on night duty should never go hungry, and never stand still longer than necessary. Good food, active exercise will generally keep a man well unless the air is uncommonly deleterious.

To cure a case of not very severe fever, nothing seems so efficacious as a change of air. It is said that the removal of a patient only a few miles, often works an immediate improvement in his condition. In scouting along the edge of a swamp at night, there is no danger so long as the party keeps on the windward side of it. These doctrines are laid down in the writings of army surgeons and of physicians who have given much attention to the subjects discussed, and ought, therefore, to be trustworthy.

REVELATION OF A REBEL MAIL BAG.—Among the captures by our troops at Cumberland Gap was a large rebel mail bag, the contents of which have afforded both amusement and instruction to those who have who have examined them. Among other things, the letters confirmed beyond all question the fact that the Georgia troops are as dissatisfied as any in the Confederate service. Out of the large number of Georgia letters in the mail but two displayed any confidence whatever in the rebel cause. One gentleman wrote home to his wife not to sell his two pigs for confederate money, as it was entirely worthless. Another says; "If this war ain't closed soon there will be no men left. We can't fight a world of men; the South can't stand it much longer, our men are deserting." Another is more explicit: "I have seen men so out of heart. You had better set your houses in order, for by Christmas we shall be back in the Union. If peace don't come soon, we will all desert.' This is the spirit displayed in all or nearly all these letters, a spirit of utter disregard for the rebel cause and a willingness to take the Union on any terms so it brings peace.

HOW BRAVE MEN SUFFER AND DIE.—In his report of the Chickamauga battles, B. F. Taylor records the following solemn, yet creditable fact:

"If anybody thinks that when our men are stricken upon the field they fill the air with cries and groans, till it shivers with such evidence of agony, he greatly errs. An arm is shattered, a leg carried away, a bullet pierces the breast, and the soldier sinks down silently upon the ground, or creeps away, if he can, without a murmur or complaint; falls as the sparrow falls, speechlessly, I earnestly believe, falls not without the Father. The dying horse gives out his fearful utterance of almost human suffering, but the mangled rider is dumb. The crash of musketry, the crack of rifles, the roar of guns, the shriek of shells, the rebel whoop, the Federal cheer, and that indescribable undertone of grinding, rumbling, splintering sound, make up the voices of the battle field."

HOW TO DETECT COUNTERFEITS.—Examine the vignette or picture in the middle of the top; see if the sky or background looks clear and transparent, or soft and even, and not scratchy. Examine well the faces; see if the expression is distinct and easy, natural and life-like, particularly the eyes. See if the drapery or dress fits well—looks natural or easy, shows the folds distinctly. Examine the medallion, ruling, heads, and circular ornaments around the figures, etc., see if they are regular, smooth, and uniform—not scratchy. This work in the genuine looks as if raised on the paper, and is very seldom successfully imitated. Examine the principal line of letters of name of the bank; see if they are upright, perfectly true, and even; or, if sloping, of a uniform slope. Examine the shading or parallel lines on the face or outside of the letters, etc. See if it is clear, even, of equal size.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.*

The Newark (N. J;) *Mercury* has manufactured a copperhead creed of such admirable flexibility and easy use that we expect to see it, in one or the other of its forms, "as the case may be," in every copperhead sheet in the state before the month is out:

Hurrah for	the Union
Secession	Is a curse
Death to	Jeff. Davis
The Federal Government	Forever
Down with	Mob rule
Law and order	Shalltriumph.

At Vienna a company was formed for the purpose of making a common journey around the world, which is to take place from the month of March to September, of 1864. It is intended to travel over 32,000 miles, and to visit thirty different principal ports in various parts of the world. An iron screw steamer is being fitted up for the company by the Lloyd Association of Trieste. All the apparatus and instruments that may be necessary for scientific investigations will be furnished by the manager.

An English engineer has invented a printing press which will print 23,000 sheets of newspaper on both sides in an hour. The paper from which it prints is in the web on the reel, and after passing under the type is cut in sheets. The machine does without feeding, and the reel of paper that it feeds from is unwound by its own action.

EDUCATIONAL.

BY PROF. T. F. THICKSTUN.

Examiners and Teachers.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF DAKOTA CO., Hastings, Minn., Sept. 19, 1863.

Prof. T. F. Thickstun, Hastings, Minn.:

Dear Sir:—At the annual meeting of the board of commissioners for this county, held in Sept., 1863, you were appointed school examiner for Commissioner District No. 1 for the ensuing year. Respectfully yours, etc.,

L. SMITH, County Auditor.

As one of the examiners of the county, we desire to say a few words to those whom we shall serve. In the first place we desire the professional standard of the mental and moral qualifications of the teachers of the county greatly elevated. It has been too low—too low every way. Men could be anything, and know almost nothing, and yet be called to the responsible post of teacher of the young. It should not be thus. Only the best, the wisest, and the most experienced should be placed in such a position.

The county examiner must certify that the teacher is a person of good moral character. We suppose this to mean that he is not profane, he is not a Sabbath breaker, he is not intemperate, nor addicted to gambling. Intemperance and profanity are too revolting to meet with success in any community. We apprehend that few districts are sunk so low as to invite into their midst a teacher indulging in these beastly immoralities, or to retain him long after his character had developed itself as tending in this direction. We expect no district will ask us to examine a teacher indulging in these practices.

The Sabbath breaker is quite as dangerous a man in community as the profane or intemperate. We believe that it is the mind of every intelligent man, that he who disregards the Sabbath is not a good citizen, far less is he prepared to be a teacher. Even the infidel world has been compelled to acknowledge the benefits of the christian Sabbath. There is no discrepancy of virtue among well informed and well disposed men in reference to this subject. All equally agree that it is every man's solemn duty to remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. The man who does not so do, cannot be said to possess a good moral character. No examiner can certify that he has a good moral character. He would tell a lie, if he were to do so. We were once greatly mortified, upon going out a dozen miles into the country to preach one pleasant Sabbath morning, to find a man all harnessed for a prairie chicken hunt, whom we had examined the winter before, and sent out to teach as a man of good moral character. When we know the man to be an enemy to God's Sabbath, we cannot conscientiously vouch for his morality. We do not believe he has any worth certifying to. We hope none such will make application.

The gambler is also a man of so doubtful morality that we dare not recommend him to a community as a teacher for the young. The man who plays for the fun of it is quite as dangerous as he who plays for the money to be made out of it. The two are more closely allied than England and France ever were in the war of the Crimea. Indeed we doubt not that more young gamblers have been made by the amateur player than by the professional gamester. The whole system is adverse to the interests of the young minds to be taught. Teachers ought not to be sent out who will spread abroad so baneful a list of immoralities as those with which the gambler is surrounded.

There are other practices which make the man immoral than those mentioned above, but we have not time to mention them. We need pure minded teachers. We need honorable teachers. We need them with characters above suspicion. They need to occupy the highest possible position in morals. The tongue of slander must fall paralyzed when it would attempt to blacken the instructor's character. So pure should be his life that he need not chase a lie around the neighborhood. Left to itself, it will break its own neck.

Such men we need this winter. Each district should look for nothing less in its teacher. We entreat the trustees to send no man for examination who does not sustain a first class character for uprightness. We ask every citizen to help us raise the business of teaching to a higher level. Let us encourage only the best to enter the school room as instructors.

A musician, whose nose had become distinctly colored with the red wine he was wont to imbibe, said to his little son one day at table, "You must eat bread, boy; bread makes your cheeks red." The little fellow replied, "Father, what lots of bread you must have snuffed up."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

Dwelling Houses.

A two story house on Ramsey Street, between levee and Second, in the city of Hastings, 22 X 66, good saloon room and cellar. The other is a good two story stone house, 20 X 40, saloon room and cellar, with six acres of land fenced and under cultivation, on the levee, Nininger, which can be bought cheap. Enquire of MRS. SABLOHNER.

Hastings, Oct. 27, 1863. 29-2m

NOTICE.

For Sale,

My stock of Goods, and Storehouse for rent or sale. THEODORE GARDNER.

Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863.

HASTINGS CIGAR STORE.

M. SIMON,

Manufacturer of all kinds of Cigars and Tobacco, and Dealer in smoking and chewing

Tobacco and Snuff.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. Store on Second Street, near Vermillion, Hastings, Minn. 27-tf

FRED. B. CURTISS. W. C. COWLES

CURTISS & COWLES, DEALERS IN

Shoe and Harness Leather,

saddlery hardware, shoe findings, etc., Ramsey Street, near Levee, and lumber of all descriptions at corner of Second and Eddy Streets.

Hastings, Feb. 10, 1868. 45-tf

BECKER & STOLTZ,

Auction and Commission Merchants,

Second Street, - - Lowell's old stand.

Cash paid for second handed goods. Money advanced on consignments.

Hastings, Oct. 12, 1863. 27-tf

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL RE-OPENED.

CHAS. DAMEREL,

Having leased the above property, has thoroughly cleaned and refurnished the above old established hotel at Hastings, and is ready to do all in his power to conduce to the comfort and satisfaction of the traveling community, and solicits a share of public patronage.

In connection with the hotel I keep a livery and sale stable and feel confident I can please the majority with pleasant driving horses and steady and obliging drivers.

Teaming done at fair prices. Please call and see me at New England House.

CHAS. DAMEREL, Proprietor.

Hastings, Aug. 10, 1863. 18-6m

BRICK DRUG STORE,

R. J. MARVIN,

Dealer in

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS,
ETC., ETC.

On hand a large stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
COLORS,
GLASS, AND
PAINTERS'
STOCK GENERALLY.

Also a large stock of

Kerosene Goods,

Lamps, Chimneys, Oil, Etc., of the best quality, and at low prices. A prime lot of

CIGARS.

Bought cheap and will be sold the same.

Please give me a call before purchasing. Try my goods and prices, which is a better test than *blowing.*

October 27, 1863. 29-tf

J. W. PRATT & CO.,

Dealers in

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Tailor's Trimmings.

Also, Hats, Caps, and Gents'

FURNISHING GOODS.

Hastings, Minn., May 14, 1863. 5-tf

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - $100,000
NETT SURPLUS, - - - - - $138,000

Dividends on capital limited by its charter to seven per cent per annum—the entire profits go to the policy holders.

R. W. MONTGOMERY, Agent.

Hastings, Minn. Office on First Street Gardner's new stone block. 42-1y

FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

DAKOTA WORKS.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT

MANUFACTORY.

MONTGOMERY & THOMPSON,

Hastings, - - Minnesota.

We are now manufacturing a number of the celebrated

Indiana Fanning Mills,

the very best mill of the age. All we ask is a fair trial to convince the most incredulous that it is the best mill for *all purposes ever invented.*

Farmers, call and see it tested.

We are now prepared to repair all kinds of agricultural implements in the best manner, and at short notice.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement we have received in the past we hope, by strict and prompt attention to business, to merit a continuation of it in the future.

Hastings, June 14, 1863. 10-tf.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned, having formed a partnership connection under the firm name of Gardner & Meloy as dealers in all kinds of agricultural implements and the latest valuable and useful patents, to-wit:

J. H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.

The Ohio Reaper and Mower.

Haine's Illinois Harvester or Header.

Burson's Celebrated Binder—Warranted.

Montgomery & Thompson's Fanning Mills.

Corn Shellers, of Latest Improvement.

Revolving and Wheel Horse Rakes.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

The Model Clothes Dryer.

Linen Grain Bags.

Garden Rakes and Hoes.

Scythe Snaths and Stones.

Two, Three, and Four Tine Forks.

Storage and Commission solicited.

A. W. GARDNER,
J. C. MELOY.

Office corner Sibley Street and Levee, Stone Block.

Hastings, May 14, 1863, 5-tf

E. & H. T. ANTHONY, MANUFACTURERS of Photographic Materials, 501 Broadway, New York.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces considerably over four thousand different subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz:

72 Major-Generals,	525 Statesmen,
190 Brig.-Generals,	127 Divines,
259 Colonels,	116 Authors,
84 Lieut.-Colonels,	30 Artists,
207 Other Officers,	112 Stage,
60 Navy Officers,	46 Prominent Women,

147 Prominent Foreign Portraits.
2,500 COPIES OF WORKS OF ART,

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statutes, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our catalogue will be filled on receipt of $1 80, and sent by mail *free.*

Photographic Albums.

Of these we manufacture a great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior to any others. The smaller kinds can be sent safely by mail at a postage of six cents per oz. The more expensive can be sent by express.

We also keep a large assortment of **Stereoscopes & Stereoscopic Views.** Our Catalogue of these will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
501 Broadway, New York.

Friends or relatives of prominent military men will confer a favor by sending us their likenesses to copy. They will be kept carefully and returned uninjured.

Fine Albums made to order for congregations to present to their pastor, or for other purposes, with suitable inscriptions.

17-6mo

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, P. By order of the Director

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!

I have just established myself in the above business on Second Street, above Herzog & Corson's Furniture Factory, and am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing.

Also, constantly on hand all kinds of plows of the most approved patterns and made of the best material. I shall be obliged for a share of public patronage, and shall always warrant my work to be of the best quality. JOHN BATEMAN.

Hastings, Nov. 20, 1862. 32-tf

SEWING MACHINES.

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINES.—Our Letter A Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all family sewing machines yet offered to the public. No other family sewing machine has so many useful appliances for hemming, binding, felling, tucking, gathering, guaging, braiding, embroidering, cording, etc. No other family sewing machine has so much capacity for so great a varietyof work. It will sew all kinds of cloth, and with all kinds of thread. Great and recent improvements make our family sewing machine most reliable and most durable and most certain in action at allrates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the best stitch known. Any one, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see, at a glance, how to use the Letter A Family Sewing Machine. Our family sewing machines are finished in chaste and exquisite style.

The folding case of the family machine is a piece of cunning workmanship of the most useful kind. It protects the machine when not in use, and when about to be operated may be opened as a spacious and substanstial table to sustain the work. While some of the cases, made out of the choicest woods, are finished in the simplest and chastest manner possible, others are adorned and embellished in the most costly and superior manner.

It is absolutely necessary to see the family machine in operation, so as to judge of its great capacity and beauty. It is fast becoming as popular for family sewing as our manufacturing machines are for manufacturing purposes.

The branch offices are well supplied with silk, twist, thread, needles, oil, etc., of the very best quality

Send for a pamphlet.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
458 Broadway, New York.

St. Paul Office, 250 Third Street.

Milwaukee Office, No 17 Newhall House.

J. N. Bill agent in Hastings. 20-tf

FINKLE & LYON'S

Sewing Machines.

These Machines make the lock stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silk that the single or double thread or loop-stitch machines do; will Hem, Fell, Gather, Cord, Braid, Bind, etc., and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family, for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, or even the stoutest harness leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of Machine whatever!

They are simple in construction, and easily understood, and if any part is broken by accident it is readily replaced.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of any intelligent buyer.

Please call and examine, or send for circular.

N. B. Local Agents wanted in sections not yet occupied. Address,

FINKLE & LYON S. M. Co.,
17-1y No. 538 Broadway, New York.

MORTGAGE SALE.—DEFAULT HAS been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the twentieth day of Oct, A. D., 1859, executed and delivered by Edwin S. Doolittle and Philitta, his wife, of Northfield, in the county of Rice and state of Minnesota, to Edmund Wheeler, of Newport, in the state of New Hampshire, which said mortgage was filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1859, at six o'clock P. M., and was duly recorded in Book H of mortgages, pages 538 and 539. Said mortgage was given to secure the payment of a note bearing even date therewith for the sum of one hundred and ninety-three dollars and interest at the rate of one per cent per month till paid, due one year from date.

There is claimed to be due at the date of this notice on said notice on said note and mortgage the sum of two hundred and fifty-six dollars and sixty-nine cents ($256 69). No proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted for the recovery of said mortgage debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises conveyed by and described in said mortgage, to-wit: The east half of the south-west quarter of section twenty-two (22), in township one hundred and twelve (112), north of range twenty (20) west, containing eighty (80) acres of land, lying and being in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota aforesaid.

Said sale will be made at public vendue to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the second day of December, A. D. 1863, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the post-office in the city of Hastings, in said Dakota County, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the legal costs of sale, together with the sum of twenty-five dollars and ninety-two cents paid for taxes on said premises by said mortgagee and interest thereon to this date.

Dated Northfield, Oct. 20, 1863.

EDMUND WHEELER, Mortgagee.

D. H. Frost, Atty. for Mortgagee, Northfield, Minn. 28-7w

WINONA AND HASTINGS

MARBLE WORKS.

The subscriber would respectfully give notice to the people of Hastings and elsewhere that he has constantly on hand the largest stock of Foreign and American Marbles ever brought west of Lake Michigan, consisting of all kinds of

LARGE SPIRE MONUMENTS,
SKELETON MONUMENTS,
GRAVE STONES, MANTELS,
FURNITURE MARBLE, ETC.,

which he will finish to order in the most approved styles and for the lowest cash price. Parties wishing to purchase will do well to wait till my agent comes around or to write to me, before purchasing elsewhere. C. J. ALDRACH.

Shop opposite the court-house, Winona, and on Second Street, below Tyler, Hastings, Minn. 18-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Sale of School Lands.

In accordance with an act entitled "an act to establish the State Land Office and for other purposes," approved March 10th, 1862, the following parcels or tracts of land will be sold at public auction, at the office of County Treasurer, in the town of Hastings, on Wednesday, the fourth day of November, 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M.:

Lands on which Fifteen per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App. val. pr acre.	App. val. of improve'ts.
DOUGLASS.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	113	17	$5 00	$35 00
nw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	17	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	17	5 00	
MARSHAN.					
ne qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	114	17	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	114	17	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	17	5 00	
RANDOLPH—HAMPTON.					
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	18	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	18	6 50	
INVER GROVE.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	115	18	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	18	5 00	
VERMILLION.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	18	5 00	
WATERFORD.					
ne qr of se qr	16	112	19	5 00	
CASTLE ROCK.					
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	87 00
nw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	19	5 50	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	19	5 00	232 50
EMPIRE CITY.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	9 50
nw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	89 50
sw qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 25	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 25	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	371 25
sw qr of ne qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	359 50
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	19	5 00	
ROSEMONT.					
ne qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	50 00
se qr of sw qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	115	19	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	50 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	115	19	5 00	73 50
se qr of sw qr	36	115	19	5 00	
EUREKA.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	48 00
nw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of ne qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	405 00
sw qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	118 00
nw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	113	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	42 00
nw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	147 00
sw qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	113	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	114	20	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	114	20	5 00	
LEBANON.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	115	20	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	115	20	5 00	
LAKEVILLE.					
ne qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	6 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	114	21	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	114	21	5 00	
se qr of se qr	35	114	21	5 00	
EAGAN.					
nw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of ne qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	16	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	27	23	5 00	
ne qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
nw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
sw qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
se qr of se qr	36	27	23	5 00	
MENDOTA.					
sw qr of ne qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of nw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
ne qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
nw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
sw qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	
se qr of sw qr	36	28	23	5 00	

Lands on which Seventy-Five per cent of the Purchase Money must be paid down.

Part of Sec.	Sec.	Town.	Range.	App. val. pr acre.	App. val. of improve'ts.
lot 6, 10.09a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lots 7 & 10,10a ne qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 10 80a	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 1, 11 28a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 4, 10 30a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 13, 9.83a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 15, 3.40a nw qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 16, 10 80a nw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 1, 8.86a sw qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 16, .71a sw qr	16	114	16	10 00	
lot 5, 9 20a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 6, 9.20a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 7, 4.84a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 8, 9.30a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 9, 8.13a se qr	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 10, 10.25a se qr	16	114	16	8 00	
lot 11, 8.66a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 12, 10a	16	114	16	9 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	114	16	8 00	
HASTINGS.					
lot 2, 10a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 3, 9.71a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 8, 5.25a ne qr	36	115	17	8 00	
lot 13, 3.65a ne qr	36	115	17	9 00	
INVER GROVE.					
lot 7, 10.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 14.21a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 9, 19.92a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 10, 9.97a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 11, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 13, 9.98a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 14, 9.95a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 15, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 16, 10a nw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10.21a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 15a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 19.58a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10.09a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10,03a sw qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 9 79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 8, 9.79a	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 1, 10 29a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 2, 10 42a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 3, 19.14a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 5, 10.33a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 6, 10 27a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lot 7, 19.58a se qr	16	115	18	7 00	
lots 5,8,9 ne qr	16	27	22	6 50	
lots 6,7 ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 10,11,12 ne qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 1—12 inc se qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lots 13—16 inc ne qr	16	27	22	7 00	
lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 16 nw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lot 9 nw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
lot 10	16	27	22	6 50	
lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 15 sw qr	16	27	22	5 00	
lots 13,14,16 sw qr	16	27	22	6 00	
WEST ST. PAUL.					
lot 1 ne qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 2, 5 50a se qr	16	28	22	5 00	
lot 3, 11.15a se qr	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 5, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 7. 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 8, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 9, 10a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 10, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lot 12, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 13, 4.07a	16	28	22	6 00	
lot 14, 10a	16	28	22	7 00	
lot 15, 10a	16	28	22	6 50	
lots 2—14 inc 10a sw qr	16	28	22	6 00	

The balance of the purchase money is payable any time within twenty years, at the option of the purchaser, if interest at seven per cent per annum is annually paid in advance.

Interest to the first day of June, 1864, must be paid at the time of purchase.

Persons purchasing land upon which other parties have made improvements will be required to pay the owner of the same the appraised value of his improvements, one half to be paid at the time of the sale and the balance six months thereafter, with interest at seven per cent per annum.

In case the person occupying or improving the land has damaged the same, the appraised amount of damage will be deducted from his improvements, and when the occupant is the purchaser the damage will be added to the price of the land.

No lands will be sold for less than the appraised value.

Purchase money payable in specie and legal tender notes. CHAS. McILRATH,

22-td Commissioner of State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, executed by Alexander Rey and Elizabeth Rey, his wife, both of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, to *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, both of Bennington, in the county of Bennington and state of Vermont, which said mortgage was acknowledged on the said 29th day of May, A. D. 1857, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, 1857, at 12 o'clock at noon, in Book D of mortgages, on pages 291 and 292, by which said mortgage the said Alexander Rey and Elizabeth, his wife, granted, bargained, sold, and conveyed unto the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, forever, all those certain tracts or pieces of land, lying and being in said county of Dakota and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot no. 4 in section no. twenty-two (22), and lot no. 4 in section no. twenty three (23), all in township no. twenty eight (28), range no. twenty two (22), together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining, which said mortgage was given to secure to the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, their heirs and assigns, the payment of the sum of thirty-three hundred (3300) dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of a certain mortgage bond, given by said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley to said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, payable in one year from the date thereof, with interest thereon payable semi annually at the rate of thirty per cent per annum, and five per cent a month after due upon both principal and interest, and bearing even date with said mortgage. And whereas there is now claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, on said bond and mortgage the sum of five thousand eight hundred and eighty (5880) dollars. And whereas a suit at law was commenced and a judgment recovered on said bond against the said Alexander Rey, George W. Thompson, and Isaac Markley, defendants, and in favor of the said *Horace* Smith and Samuel F. *Harris*, plaintiffs, in the district court for the second judicial district of the state of Minnesota, in the county of Ramsey, which judgment was docketed in said county of Ramsey on the 19th day of March, 1859, and whereas an execution was issued on said judgment to the sheriff of said county of Ramsey and by him returned wholly unsatisfied, and whereas nothing has ever been paid on said bond or on said judgment—

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described at public auction for cash, at the front door of the court-house in Hastings, in said county of Dakota, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1863, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, by the sheriff of said county of Dakota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said bond and mortgage, together with the costs of such sale so far as the proceeds of said sale will satisfy the same.

Dated at St. Paul, Sept. 21, 1863.

HORACE SMITH.
SAMUEL F. HARRIS.
25-7w Mortgagees.

H. Hale, Atty. for Mortgagees.

1863. PRAIRIE DU CHIEN ROUTE 1863.

For Milwaukee, Chicago, and all points East. The only direct route making sure connections, ample time being allowed on the river to insure the connection beyond any probable contingency.

The splendid first-class steamers

MILWAUKEE, KEY CITY,
WAR EAGLE, ITASCA,
AND NORTHERN LIGHT

unequalled in elegance, speed, and comfort by any other line, leave Hastings daily about 10 P. M., making direct connection with express train leaving Prairie du Chien at 7.45 A. M., arriving at Milwaukee at 3.50 P. M., and Chicago 5.50 P. M., making direct connections at both points with trains for the East.

The change from steamers to cars being made at 7.45 A. M., passengers get a full night's rest and breakfast on board; advantages that cannot be secured by any other route. Magnificent palace cars with patent ventilators and dusters, rendering cars free from dust, and keeping the air pure and cool.

Through from Prairie du Chien to Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Passengers by this route arrive at Chicago and all points East at the same time as via La Crosse, and twelve hours than via Dunleith. Fare as low as by any other route. VAN AUKEN & LANGLEY,

9-tf Agents, on Levee.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE